國立臺灣科技大學 114學年度碩士班招生

試題

系所組別:0350機械工程系碩士班戊組

科 目:材料原理

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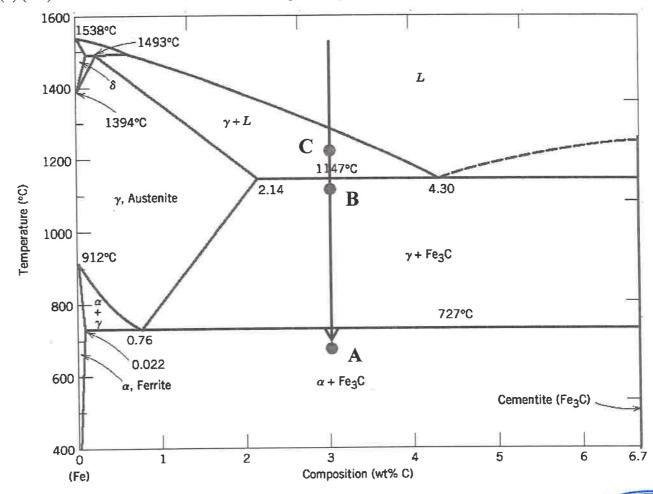
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(總分為100分;所有試題務必於答案卷內頁依序作答)

- 1. (25%) A free aluminium (Al) atom has a radius of 1.43 x 10⁻⁸ cm and atomic mass of 26.98 g/mol. With the three outermost electrons removed, the radius shrinks to 39 pm for a 4-coordinated atom or 53.5 pm for a 6-coordinated atom. At standard temperature and pressure, aluminium atoms (when not affected by atoms of other elements) form a face-centered cubic (FCC) crystal system bound by metallic bonding provided by atoms' outermost electrons; hence aluminium (at these conditions) is a metal.
 - (a) (5%) Please draw a FCC for a Al metal.
 - (b) (5%) What is the coordination number of Al in a FCC structure?
 - (c) (5%) What is the atomic packing factor of FCC-Al? A calculation process is needed.
 - (d) (10%) What is the density (g/cm³) of FCC-Al? A calculation process is needed.
- 2. (10%) 請說明下列反應式中,哪個物質中的哪個元素(或離子)發生氧化(oxidation)反應?哪個物質中的哪個元素(或離子)發生還原(reduction)反應?
 - (a) (5%) $2MgCl_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2MgO + 2Cl_2$
 - (b) (5%) $Pb + PbO_2 + 2H_2SO_4 \rightarrow 2PbSO_4 + 2H_2O$
- 3. (5%) 請描述單晶、多晶和非晶固體之間的微結構差異。
- 4. (10%) A phase diagram of Fe-C alloy with the composition of 3 wt.% C is shown below.
 - (a) (5%) What compositions are all the phases present for the point A marked in the Fe-C diagram?
 - (b) (5%) Calculate the relative fractions of the present phases for the same point A marked.



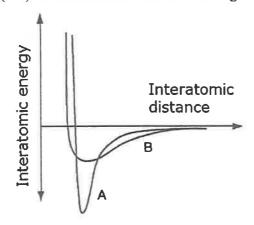
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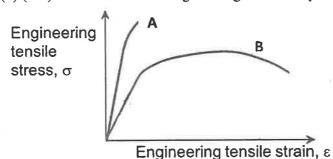
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(總分為100分;所有試題務必於答案卷內頁依序作答)

- 5. (10%) Magnesium (Mg) and Zirconium dioxide (ZrO₂) are common engineering materials. Their interatomic energy curves are shown in the following Figure. Please answer the following questions:
 - (a) (5%) Which curve in the Figure does ZrO₂ belong to? Please explain briefly.
 - (b) (5%) Which material will have the higher thermal expansion coefficient? Please explain briefly.



- 6. (10%) When Al₂O₃ (as an impurity) is added into MgO, Al³⁺ ion will substitute Mg²⁺ ion.
 - (a) (5%) What kind of point defects are possibly formed in order to maintain charge neutrality?
 - (b) (5%) How many Al³⁺ ions must be added to form each of these defects?
- 7. (10%) The stress-strain curves are shown below for metal A and B. The specimens used in the tensile test have the same diameter and length. Please answer the following questions.
 - (a) (5%) Which one has the higher modulus of elasticity? Why?
 - (b) (5%) Which one shows higher toughness? Why?



- 8. (20%) If you are an engineer responsible for 12-inch silicon single crystal growing,
 - (a) (10 points) how do you grow a P-type Si single crystal and a n-type Si single crystal? You have elements
 - (B, Ge, P) to choose as the dopant. Can you explain which element is a donor and which is an acceptor? Please explain why the crystal is P-type or n-type?
 - (b) If you fabricate a p-n junction, and you apply a forward-bias and/or a reverse bias, What is the voltage-current curve for this device? Please explain schematically. (5 points)
 - (c) Can you use an energy band structure to describe the energy level of a p-type and/or n-type semiconductor? (5 points)