

考 試 科 目	統計學	系 所 別	風險管理與保險學系 精算科學組	考 試 時 間	2 月 12 日 (三) 第 四 節
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1. (30 pts) Please explain the following items.

- (a) (10 pts) Likelihood Ratio Tests
- (b) (10 pts) Exponential memoryless
- (c) (10 pts) Convergence in distribution

2. (10 pts) An insurance company models the number of claims it receives in a year using the following distribution. Let  $X$  represent the number of claims filed for natural disasters (e.g., earthquakes, hurricanes) in a given year, where:

$$f_X(x) = \frac{\lambda^x e^{-\lambda}}{x!}, \quad x = 0, 1, 2, \dots,$$

with  $\lambda = 2$ . For each claim received, there is a 50% chance that the claim is for damages caused by flooding. Let  $Y$  represent the number of flood-related claims in a year. What is the distribution of  $Y$ ?

- (a)  $f_Y(y) = \frac{e^{-1.2y}}{y!}$
- (b)  $f_Y(y) = \frac{e^{-2}}{y!}$
- (c)  $f_Y(y) = \frac{e^{-0.5} 0.5^y}{y!}$
- (d)  $f_Y(y) = \frac{e^{-1} 0.5^y}{2y!}$
- (e) None of the above.

3. (10pts) Which of the following statements about the Central Limit Theorem (CLT) is incorrect?

- (a) The CLT describes the sampling distribution of population mean.
- (b) When using the CLT, the population from which the data is drawn does not need to follow a normal distribution.
- (c) When using the CLT, the population from which the data is drawn does not need to consist of continuous data.
- (d) When using the CLT, the sample size must be sufficiently large.
- (e) None of the above.

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4. (10pts) Let  $X$  have a Poisson distribution with mean  $\lambda$ . Find a transformation  $u(X)$  so that  $\text{Var}[u(X)]$  is free of  $\lambda$ , for large values of  $\lambda$ .

**Hint:** Use Tylor Expansion  $u(X) \approx u(\lambda) + [u'(\lambda)](X - \lambda) + \frac{u''(\lambda)}{2}(X - \lambda)^2$ , and higher terms can be neglected when  $\lambda$  is large.

5. (20pts) Let  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. random variables with cumulative distribution function  $F(\cdot)$ , and consider the statistic

$$F_n(x) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i \leq x),$$

where  $I(\cdot)$  is the indicator function.

- (a) (5 points) Prove that  $\mathbb{E}[F_n(x)] = F(x)$ .  
 (b) (10 points) Derive the variance of  $F_n(x)$ .  
 (b) (5 points) Determine whether  $F_n(x)$  is the UMVUE (Uniformly Minimum Variance Unbiased Estimator) of  $F(x)$ . Justify your answer.
6. (20 pts) If  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  is a random sample from a geometric distribution

$$P(X = x) = \theta(1 - \theta)^{x-1} I_{\{1, 2, \dots\}}(x),$$

and assume  $\theta$  follows a uniform prior on  $(0, 1)$ .

- (a) (10 pts) Find the posterior distribution of  $\theta$ .  
 (b) (10 pts) Determine the Bayes estimator of  $\theta$  under squared error loss, where the loss function is defined as

$$L(\theta, \delta(X_1, \dots, X_n)) = (\delta(X_1, \dots, X_n) - \theta)^2.$$

備

註

- 一、作答於試題上者，不予計分。  
 二、試題請隨卷繳交。