

國立高雄應用科技大學  
104 學年度研究所碩士班招生考試  
模具工程系碩士班  
靜力學

試題 共 3 頁，第 1 頁

注意：a. 本試題共 5 題，第 1 題為選擇題(含兩小題)，第 2 題為填充題(含兩小格)，選擇題及填充題僅需列出正確答案即可，無需詳述作答過程。第 3、4 及 5 題為計算題，必須詳列計算過程或敘明理由。第 1 題為 20 分(每小題 10 分)，第 2 題為 20 分(每小格 10 分)，第 3 題為 25 分，第 4 題為 20 分，第 5 題為 15 分，總共 100 分，每題各部份的配分標示於題目中。

b. 作答時不必抄題，可以用中文或英文方式作答。

c. 考生作答前請詳閱答案卷之考生注意事項。

1. Three forces  $F_1=8N$ ,  $F_2=32N$  and  $F_3=40N$ , and a couple of magnitude  $M=500N\text{-mm}$  as shown in **Fig.1** are applied to a right-angle bracket  $AOB$ . Reduce the force system to an equivalent force-couple system.

(a) Find the resultant force ( $\mathbf{R}$ ) of this force system (10%):

(A)  $\mathbf{R} = -14.627 \mathbf{i} + 17.373 \mathbf{j}$  (N); (B)  $\mathbf{R} = 17.373 \mathbf{i} - 14.627 \mathbf{j}$  (N);

(C)  $\mathbf{R} = -17.373 \mathbf{i} - 14.627 \mathbf{j}$  (N); (D)  $\mathbf{R} = 17.373 \mathbf{i} + 14.627 \mathbf{j}$  (N);

(E)  $\mathbf{R} = 14.627 \mathbf{i} + 17.373 \mathbf{j}$  (N).

(b) Find the locations  $(x_{OA}, 0)$  and  $(0, y_{OB})$  of points where the line of action of the resultant intersects line  $OA$  and line  $OB$  (10%) :

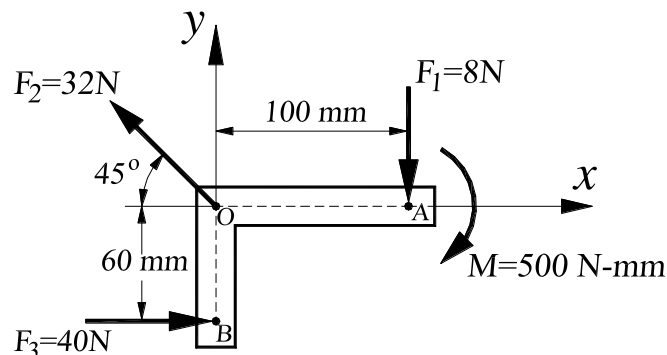
(A)  $(x_{OA}, 0) = (-63.32 \text{ mm}, 0 \text{ mm})$ ,  $(0, y_{OB}) = (0 \text{ mm}, 75.20 \text{ mm})$ ;

(B)  $(x_{OA}, 0) = (75.20 \text{ mm}, 0 \text{ mm})$ ,  $(0, y_{OB}) = (0 \text{ mm}, -63.32 \text{ mm})$ ;

(C)  $(x_{OA}, 0) = (-75.20 \text{ mm}, 0 \text{ mm})$ ,  $(0, y_{OB}) = (0 \text{ mm}, 63.32 \text{ mm})$ ;

(D)  $(x_{AB}, 0) = (-75.20 \text{ mm}, 0 \text{ mm})$ ,  $(0, y_{OB}) = (0 \text{ mm}, -63.32 \text{ mm})$ ;

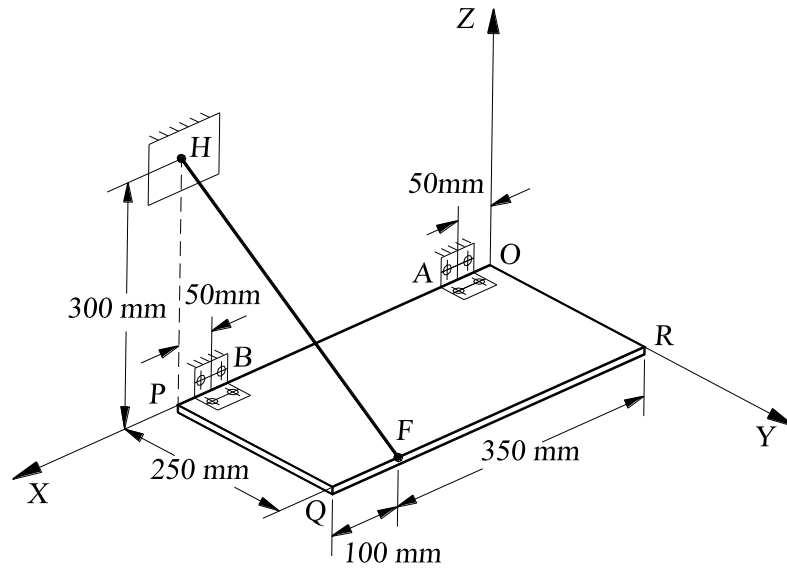
(E)  $(x_{OA}, 0) = (63.32 \text{ mm}, 0 \text{ mm})$ ,  $(0, y_{OB}) = (0 \text{ mm}, -75.20 \text{ mm})$ .



**Fig.1**

2. **Figure 2** shows a rectangular plate  $OPQR$  which weighs  $100\text{ N}$  and is held by two revolute hinges at  $A$  and  $B$  and supported by cable  $FH$ . Assuming the hinge at  $B$  does not exert any axial thrust force. Determine:

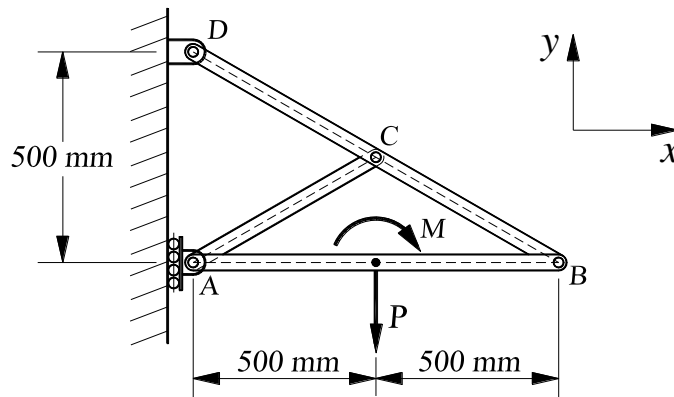
- (a) Tension force in the cable  $FH = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{ N}$ ; (10%)
- (b) The magnitude of the reaction force at  $B = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}\text{ N}$ . (10%)



**Fig.2**

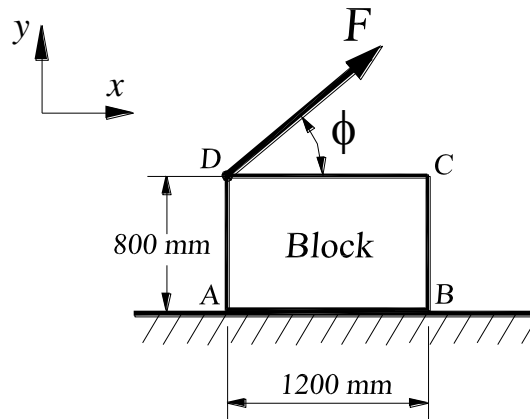
3. **Figure 3** shows the frame and its loadings  $P=10\text{ kN}$  and  $M=10\text{ kN-m}$ . Bar  $AC$  is a two-force member and there is a roller support at  $A$ .

- (a) Find the reaction forces at  $A$  and  $D$ . (10%)
- (b) Determine the components of all forces acting on the member  $BCD$ . (10%)
- (c) Determine the force acting on the two-force member  $AC$ , and state whether it is in tension or compression. (5%)



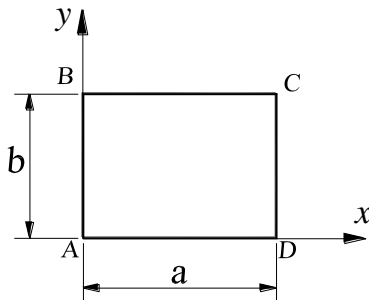
**Fig.3**

4. A 500N block is pulled by using a force  $F$  as shown in **Fig.4**. The coefficient of static friction between the block and the ground is 0.30. If  $\phi=45$  degrees, determine:
- The magnitude of the force  $F$  required to move the block. (10%)
  - Whether the block will tip or slide under the force of *Part (a)*. (5 %)
- If  $\phi=60$  degrees, determine:
- Is it possible to tip under the force of *Part (a)*? (5%)

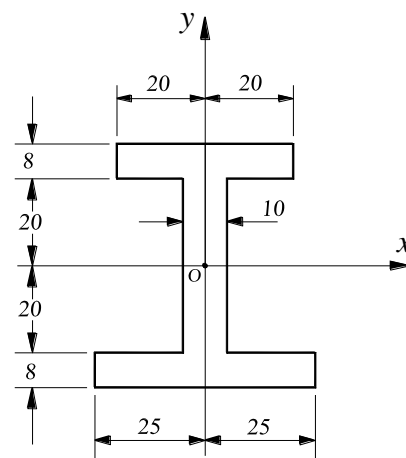


**Fig.4**

5. A rectangular area  $ABCD$  has a size of  $a \times b$  as shown in **Fig.5a**.
- Determine the moment of inertia ( $I_x$ ) of a rectangular area with respect to its base by the direct integration (*Hint:  $I_x = \int y^2 dA$* ) (5%);
  - Using the result of part (a), determine the moment of inertia ( $I_x$ ) of an  $I$ -shaped area as shown in **Fig.5b** with the help of the parallel-axis theorem. (10%)



**Fig.5a**



Unit: minimeter(mm)

**Fig.5b**