科目:普通化學 系所:應用化學系

是否使用計算機:是 考試時間:100分鐘 本科原始成績:100分

一、選擇題 (每題三分, 共六十分)

- 1. () What is the weakest intermolecular force?
 - (A) ionic bonding
- (B) polar covalent bonds
- (C) London dispersion forces

- (D) hydrogen bonding
- (E) dipole-dipole interactions
- 2. () Which of the following electromagnetic wave has the shortest wavelength?
 - (A) infrared
- (B) visible
- (C) ultraviolet

- (D) microwave
- (E) X-ray
- 3. () Which of the following statement is <u>true</u> for a neutral solution?
 - (A) $[H^+] = [OH]$
 - (B) $[H_2O] = 1 \times 10^{-14}$
 - (C) $K_w = 1 \times 10^{-14} \text{ at } 50 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
 - (D) $[OH^{-}] = 0 M$
 - (E) $pH = 7 \text{ at } 100 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 4. () Which of the following statements regarding oxidation and reduction is *correct*?
 - (A) accompany all chemical changes
 - (B) occur independently of each other
 - (C) It cannot predict the direction of the reaction using Le Châtelier's principle.
 - (D) describe the loss and gain of electron(s), respectively.
- 5. () Arrange the following compounds according to decreasing solubility in water.
 - a. CH₃OH
 - b. CH₃CH₂OH
 - c. CH₃CH₂OCH₂CH₃
 - d. CH₃CH₂CH₂CH₃
 - (A) b>a>c>d
- (B) c > a > b > d
- (C) a > b > c > d

- (D) d > c > a > b
- (E) none of these
- 6. () Arrange the elements Ba, Be, Ca, and Mg in order of decreasing atomic radius.
 - (A) Be > Mg > Ca > Ba
- (B) Ba > Ca > Mg > Be
- (C) Be > Ca > Mg > Ba

- (D) Ba > Mg > Ca > Be
- (E) none of these

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7. () When the following equation is balanced, what are the coefficients?

$$w$$
C5H₁₂ + x O₂ \rightarrow y CO₂ + z H₂O

- (A) w = 1, x = 8, y = 5, z = 6
- (B) w = 2, x = 10, y = 10, z = 12
- (C) w = 1, x = 5, y = 5, z = 0
- (D) w = 1, x = 5, y = 5, z = 6
- (E) none of these
- 8. () Which of the following molecule has the *largest* bond angle?
 - (A) CO
- (B) O₃
- (C) H_2O
- (D) PCl₅
- (E) NH_3

- 9. () What is the electron configuration for the 28Ni atom?
 - (A) $[Kr] 4s^2 3d^8$
- (B) $[Ar] 3d^{10}$
- (C) $[Kr] 3d^{10}$

- (D) $[Ar] 4s^2 3d^8$
- (E) none of these
- 10. () An <u>sp</u> hybridized atom forms ____ pi bond(s).
 - (A)
- 1
- (B)

2

- (C) 3
- (D) 4
- (E) 0
- 11. () Which of the following sets of quantum numbers is <u>not</u> allowed? (Combinations are listed as follows: principal quantum number (n), momentum quantum number (l), magnetic quantum number(m_l), electron spin quantum number (m_s).)
 - (A) n = 4, l = 0, $m_l = 0$, $m_s = +1/2$
 - (B) n = 6, l = 4, $m_l = 4$, $m_s = -1/2$
 - (C) n = 5, l = 3, $m_l = 1$, $m_s = +1/2$
 - (D) n = 2, l = 2, $m_l = 0$, $m_s = -1/2$
 - (E) n = 3, l = 1, $m_l = 0$, $m_s = +1/2$
- 12. () Given the following reaction, $A_2(g) + B_2(s) \rightleftharpoons 2AB(g)$ $\Delta H = -90.0 \text{ kJ/mol}$ Which of the following statements about the equilibrium is *false*?
 - (A) This is a heterogeneous reaction.
 - (B) Adding more A to the system increases the equilibrium constant.
 - (C) Removing AB forces the system shift to the right.
 - (D) If the system is heated, the left side is favored.

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- (E) If the pressure on the system is increased by changing the volume, the left side is favored.
-) Consider the following structure of the maleic acid.

$$C_1 = C_3$$

Which carbon in this molecule has tetrahedral bonding?

- (A)4
- (B) 3
- (C) 2
- (D) 1
- (E) none of these
-) What is the hybridization of the S atom in SF_6 ?
 - $(A) sp^3$
- (B) sp
- (C) sp^2 (D) d^2sp^3 (E)
- dsp^3
- 15. () Which of the following is *not* a conjugated acidic-base pair?
- (A) HSO_3^- and SO_4^{2-} (B) HPO_4^{2-} and PO_4^{3-} (C) CH_3COOH and CH_3COO^-
- (D) NH_4^+ and NH_3
- (E) none of these
-) Which of the following is the equilibrium constant expression for the dissociation of the weak acid HNO₂?

(A)
$$K_{a} = \frac{[HNO_{2}]}{[H^{+}][NO_{2}^{-}]}$$
 (B) $K_{a} = [H^{+}][NO_{2}^{-}]$ (C) $K_{a} = \frac{[H^{+}][NO_{2}^{-}]}{[HNO_{2}]}$

$$(B) K_a = [H^+][NO_2^-]$$

$$K_{\rm a} = \frac{[{\rm H}^+][{\rm NO}_2^-]}{[{\rm HNO}_2]}$$

- (D) $K_a = [HNO_2]$ (E) none of these
- 17. () Which of the following is the best oxidizing agent?

$$Ag^+ + e^- \rightarrow Ag$$

$$E^{\circ} = 0.80 \text{ V}$$

$$Cu^{2+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$$

$$E^{\circ} = 0.34 \text{ V}$$

$$Ag^{+} + e^{-} \rightarrow Ag$$
 $E^{\circ} = 0.80 \text{ V}$
 $Cu^{2+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Cu$ $E^{\circ} = 0.34 \text{ V}$
 $Mg^{2+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow Mg$ $E^{\circ} = -2.37 \text{ V}$
 $2H^{+} + 2e^{-} \rightarrow H_{2}$ $E^{\circ} = 0.00 \text{ V}$

$$E^{\circ} = -2.37 \text{ V}$$

$$2H^+ + 2e^- \rightarrow H_2$$

$$F^{\circ} - 0.00 \text{ V}$$

- (A) H_2 (B) Ag^+ (C) Cu^{2+} (D) Mg^{2+}
- $(E) H^{+}$
- 18. () One mole of an ideal gas is expanded from a volume of 2.00 L to a volume of 10.00 L against a constant external pressure of 0.80 atm. Calculate the work.

 $(1 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm} = 101.32 \text{ Joules})$

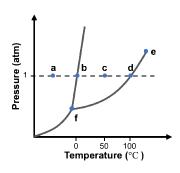
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- (A) $6.20 \times 10^2 \text{ J}$
- (B) $-6.48 \times 10^2 \,\mathrm{J}$
- (C) 6.48 J

- (D) -0.066 J
- (E) none of these

19. () Based on the phase diagram of water below, At 0 °C and 1 atm, what will be the state of water?



- (A) liquid/solid at equilibrium
- (B) solid
- (C) liquid

- (D) gas/solid at equilibrium
- (E) gas

20. () A general reaction written as $A + B \rightarrow C + D$ is studied and yields the following results.

initial	initial	Initial rate
concentration of A	concentration of B	
0.100 M	0.0050 M	$1.35 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol/L} \cdot \text{s}$
0.100 M	0.010 M	$2.70 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol/L} \cdot \text{s}$
0.200 M	0.010 M	$5.40 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol/L} \cdot \text{s}$

Which of the following is the correct rate law?

- (A) Rate = $k[A]^2$
- (B) Rate = $k[A]^2[B]^2$
- (C) Rate = $k[A][B]^2$
- (D) Rate = $k[A]^2[B]$
- (E) Rate = k[A][B]
- 二、問答與計算題 (共四十分)
- 21. Name the following compounds. (10 points)
 - (a) K_2SO_4
- (b) $Fe(NO_3)_2$
- (c) NaHCO₃
- (d) $Mg(OH)_2$
- (e) CuI₂

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22. Draw Lewis structures for the each molecule or ion. (6 points)

(a) NO_3^-

- (b) XeO₃
- (c) BeCl₂
- 23. The ion $^{206}_{82}Pb^{2+}$ has (a) protons, (b) neutrons, and (c) electrons. (6 points)
- 24. (a) Balance the following equation using oxidation states. (4 points)

$$MnO_4^-(aq) + Fe^{2+}(aq) \xrightarrow{\text{acidic}} Mn^{2+}(aq) + Fe^{3+}(aq)$$

- (b) A 25.00 mL sample solution containing Fe²⁺ ions is titrated with a 0.0200 M KMO₄. It required 16.51 mL of KMnO₄ solution to oxidize all the Fe²⁺ to Fe³⁺ ions. Calculate the concentration of Fe²⁺ ions in the sample solution. (**4 points**)
- 25. Consider the following reaction:

$$2NH_3(g) + 3CuO(s) \rightarrow N_2(g) + 3Cu(s) + 3H_2O(g)$$

(a) Indicate the limiting reactant when 20.1 g of NH₃ is reacted with 88.5 g of CuO.

(5 points)

- (b) Calculate the number of moles of N_2 gas formed in (a). (atomic mass for Cu = 63.5, H= 1.0, O=16.0, N=14.0)
- 26. Describe <u>in detail</u> how to prepare 50 mL of 0.150 M NaCl aqueous solution from the solid. (molar mass for Na = 22.99 g/mol, Cl = 35.45 g/mol) (**5 points**)