題號: 116

國立臺灣大學 112 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 政治學(B)

題號:116

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共1頁之第1頁

- 一、為何有些國家能夠快速地推動淨零轉型,但有些國家的淨零轉型卻較為緩慢?
- (1) 請從政治學角度提出三種不同的解釋。(15分)
- (2) 在這三種解釋中,你認爲哪一種解釋最為重要且可信?請說明理由並舉實際例子佐證。(10分)
- 二、為何非國家行為者(non-state actor)開始成為全球治理中相當活躍的角色?非國家行為者如何在全球治理中發揮影響力?請說明理由並舉實際例子佐證。(25分)
- 三、什麼是制度(institution)? 什麼是規則(rules)? 請以實際案例說明,兩者之間的關係為何? 以及兩者如何影響個人的決策與行為呢?(25分)
- McClendon (2018): "Democratic citizens across the economic spectrum often support redistribution policies that are contrary to their self- and class interest. Many poor people in highly inequal democracies do not support high levels of redistribution, even though they would benefits from such a policy. Likewise, many rich citizens of democracies are content to pay disproportionate levels of income tax, even though such polcies leave less money in their pockets."
- (1) 請說明什麼是重分配政策,並具體舉出至少一個政策個案。(10分)
- (2) 就你/妳所知,請解釋為什麼會有上述現象的發生?(15 分)

試題隨卷繳回