### 國立臺灣師範大學 109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目:經濟學 適用系所:全球經營與策略研究所

注意:1.本試題共 5 頁,請依序在答案卡上作答,否則不予計分。

#### 選擇題 (每題5分,共100分)

- 1. If the formula C = 750 + 0.4Y describes a consumption function, what is the multiplier in that economy?
  - A. 8.8
  - B. 1.35
  - C. 2.25
  - D. 2.5
- 2. A deflationary gap occurs when:
  - A. Aggregate demand is insufficient to buy up all the goods and services the company is capable of producing.
  - B. A government is cutting its level of expenditure.
  - C. Aggregate demand is more than sufficient to buy up all the goods and services produced by an economy.
  - D. A government attempts to spend its way out of recession.
- 3. Which of the following is an example of an external economy of scale?
  - A. Increased wage costs due to falling unemployment in the region.
  - B. The extension of low-cost telecommunication links to an area of the country not previously served by such links.
  - C. The employment of specialist managers by a firm to cope with higher output levels.
  - D. Cheaper finance in recognition of the firm's increased share of the market and therefore its stability.
- 4. The tendency for unit costs to fall as output increases in the short run is due to the operation of:
  - A. Economies of scale
  - B. The experience of diminishing marginal returns
  - C. Falling marginal revenue
  - D. Increasing marginal returns

## 國立臺灣師範大學109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

- 5. Which of the following is NOT true?
  - A. A firm will carry on producing in the short run provided that price at least equals average variable cost
  - B. A firm will carry on producing in the short run provided that price at least equals average fixed cost
  - C. A firm will carry on producing in the short run provided that total revenue at least equals total variable cost
  - D. A firm will stop producing in the long run if total revenue is less than total cost.
- 6. A price ceiling set above the equilibrium market price will result in:
  - A. Market failure
  - B. Excess supply over demand
  - C. Market equilibrium
  - D. Excess demand over supply
- 7. What is an inferior good?
  - A. A good of such poor quality that demand for it is very weak
  - B. A good of lesser quality than a substitute good, so that the price of the substitute is higher
  - C. A good for which the cross elasticity of demand with a substitute product is greater than 1
  - D. A good for which demand will fall as household income rises
- 8. If the absolute value of the price elasticity of demand for dry white wine is greater than one, a decrease in the price of all wine would result in:
  - A. A more than proportional decrease in the quantity of dry white wine purchased
  - B. A less than proportional decrease in the quantity of dry white wine purchased
    - C. A less than proportional increase in the quantity of dry white wine purchased
  - D. A more than proportional increase in the quantity of dry white wine purchased
- 9. Fish and chips are considered complementary products. If the price of fish rises, what will the impact be in demand for chips?
  - A. Rises
  - B. Stays the same
  - C. Falls
  - D. Doubles

# 國立臺灣師範大學 109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

#### 10. Which of the following statements is true?

- (a) If the price elasticity of demand is more than 1, a fall in price will result in a fall in total expenditure on the good;
- (b) The income elasticity of demand will only be zero in the case of inferior goods;
- (c) The cross-elasticity of demand for complementary goods will always be positive.
- A. None of them is true
- B. Statement (a) only is true
- C. Statement (b) only is true
- D. Statement (c) only is true

#### 11. An oligopolist is least likely to compete through:

- A. Advertising
- B. Improving product quality
- C. Cutting price
- D. Providing incidental services as an 'add-on' to the basic good

#### 12. Which of the following are imperfections in a market?

- (a) Consumer brand loyalty to a firm's branded goods, regardless of price;
- (b) The lack of completely accurate information for consumers about all goods and services available;
- (c) The slow response of firms to price changes and the relatively inelastic supply of a good in the short run.
- A. Items (a) and (b) only
- B. Items (b) and (c) only
- C. Items (a) and (c) only
- D. Items (a), (b) and (c)

### 13. A money market financial intermediary is best defined as:

- A. An institution which matches surplus funds holders to deficit funds units.
- B. An institution which operates on the Stock Exchange, matching buyers and sellers of stocks and shares.
- C. An institution which allows firms to obtain equipment from suppliers by providing leasing or hire purchase finance.
- D. An institution which acts as a buffer between the Bank of England and the rest of the UK banking system.

### 國立臺灣師範大學109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

- 14. A \$100 bond which pays 4% currently has a market price of \$90. What is the current yield on the bond?
  - A. 3.6%
  - B. 4%
  - C. 4.44%
  - D. 5%
- 15. Which of the following define GNP at factor cost?
  - (a) Consumers' total expenditure on domestically produced goods and services
  - (b) The value of total output produced domestically plus net property income from abroad, minus capital consumption
  - (c) The total income received by residents in a country in return for factor services provided domestically and abroad
  - A. (a) and (c)
  - B. (b) and (c)
  - C. (c) only
  - D. (a) and (b)
- 16. Which one of the following is NOT an effect of inflation in an economy?
  - A. Prices convey less information so rational decision making becomes harder
  - B. The purchasing power of people on fixed incomes is reduced
  - C. The balance of trade weakens as imports become more expensive
  - D. Consumer behavior will be distorted as consumers attempt to anticipate price changes
- 17. What is the balance of trade?
  - A. The balance of payments on current account
  - B. Net visible trade
  - C. Net visible and invisible trade
  - D. The theory of gains from trade
- 18. From a given base year, a country's export prices rise by 8% and import prices rise by 20%. During this period, the terms of trade will have:
  - A. Risen from 100 to 111.1
  - B. Risen from 100 to 112
  - C. Fallen from 100 to 90

## 國立臺灣師範大學 109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

- D. Fallen from 100 to 88
- 19. Which one of the following best describes the theory of comparative advantage in relation to the production of cars?
  - A. A country can produce cars at a lower opportunity cost than any of its trading partners
  - B. A country can produce cars more cheaply than any other country can
  - C. A country can produce more cars than any other country can
  - D. A country has a higher opportunity cost of producing cars than any of its trading partners
- 20. The balance of payments current account will include which of the following items?
  - (a) Expenditure in a country by overseas visitors
  - (b) The inflow of capital investment by multinational companies
  - (c) Exports of manufactured goods
  - A. (c) only
  - B. (a) and (c)
  - C. (b) and (c)
  - D. (a), (b) and (c)

