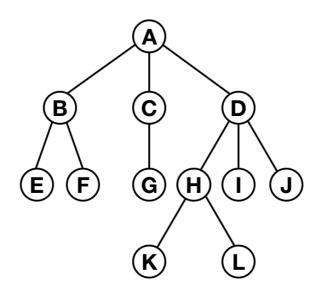
## 

- 1、各考科一律可使用本校提供之電子計算器,考生不得使用自備計算器,違者該科不 予計分。
  2、請於答案卷上規定之範圍作答,違者該題不予計分。
- 1. (10%) For each of the following algorithm, what is the tightest asymptotic upper bound for the worst-case running time? No need to justify your answers.
  - (i) Bubble sort for *n* numbers
  - (ii) Quick sort for *n* numbers
  - (iii) Heap sort for *n* numbers
  - (iv) Kruskal's algorithm for a graph of V vertices and E edges
  - (v) Binary tree search for a tree of *n* vertices
- 2. (10%) Draw the binary tree whose in-order sequence is D B H E A I F C G J and whose postorder sequence is D H E B I F J G C A.
- 3. (10%)
  - (i) Please create a min heap tree according to the input order of data: 3, 5, 1, 9, 6, 4, 8, 7, 2.
  - (ii) What is the result after delete 1 from the above min heap tree?
- 4. (10%) Assume a three-dimension array A[-3..3, 0..4, 2..6], what is the address for A[0, 1, 3] if the starting address is 278, the size of each element is 1 and it is stored as row-major?

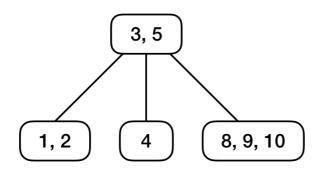
- 5. (10%) A hash table has 10 buckets. Draw the hash table after inserting the following numbers in order: 49, 9, 29, 7, 19, 89 and a hash function  $h(k) = k \mod 10$ .
  - (i) Use linear probing to handle the overflow.
  - (ii) Use quadratic probing to handle the overflow.
- 6. (10%) Draw the binary tree that corresponds to the left child-right sibling representation of the following tree.



7. (10%) Write a **recursive** pseudocode for Tower of Hanoi problem. How many movements are needed to move 5 disks?

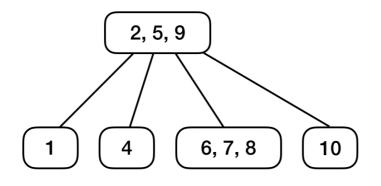
8. (10%)

(i) Insert 7 into the following 2-3-4 tree.

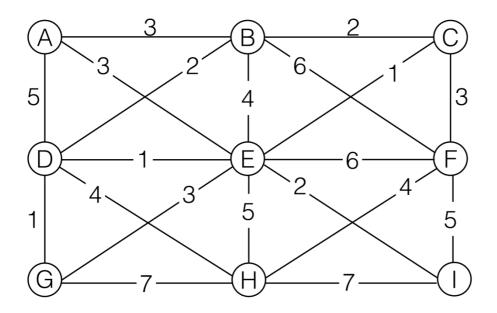


第2頁,合計 頁【尚有試題】

(ii) Delete 1 from the following 2-3-4 tree.



**9**. (10%) Use **Kruskal's** and **Prim's** algorithms to find the minimum-cost spanning tree from the following graph.



10. (10%) Use **merge sort** to perform sorting (in ascending order) on data: 24, 8, 2, 90, 7, 33, 56, 18, 83, 67 (detail needed).