

科目：語文能力—英文(選擇題號為 01 至 50，每題 2 分共 100 分)

※請使用 2B 鉛筆將正確答案依提號順序劃記於答案卡上。

Please choose the correct and most appropriate answer to each question from the choices provided and mark your answer on the answer sheet.

I. Vocabulary and Written Expressions 50%

1. The police accused the tourist ____ theft.
(A) at (B) in (C) of (D) to
2. The teacher ordered _____ the classroom immediately.
(A) he could leave (B) he leave (C) him to leave (D) him leaving
3. My family and ____ are more than happy to accept your invitation.
(A) I (B) me (C) mine (D) myself
4. Since David skipped a grade two years ago, he is junior ____ all his classmates.
(A) from (B) to (C) than (D) since
5. It was the brother of Mary _____ I had recognized.
(A) the voice of who (B) his voice (C) voice whose (D) whose voice
6. As I came out of the building, my car was _____.
(A) nowhere (B) nowhere seen (C) nowhere to be seen (D) no where to see
7. The door bell rang while he _____ lunch.
(A) prepares (B) is preparing (C) was preparing (D) has prepared
8. Had you worked hard a month ago, you _____ this final exam.
(A) will pass (B) will never pass (C) will have passed (D) would have passed
9. The president had _____ discussions on the current economic situation.
(A) wide-range (B) wide-ranging (C) widely-ranged (D) wildly-ranged
10. _____ more angry and frustrated, the lady walked away without saying a word.
(A) Grow (B) To Grow (C) Growing (D) Have grown
11. When you travel solo, keep your wallet in a(n) _____ pocket – better safe than sorry.
(A) undistinguishable (B) external (C) inside (D) transparent
12. Diabetes, a serious disorder of carbohydrate metabolism, currently _____ more than 180 million people worldwide.
(A) affect (B) affects (C) effect (D) effects
13. It might be surprising to find that sugar and salt are the most dangerous _____ in food.
(A) accompaniments (B) additives (C) contaminants (D) products
14. _____ the bear, than he ran away.
(A) As soon as he saw (B) No sooner did he see (C) Ever since he saw (D) No sooner he had seen
15. I'm not satisfied with what the government is doing to _____ the epidemic.
(A) overrule (B) prohibit (C) spread (D) prevent
16. They are _____ on weekends during the high season, so they must all work overtime.
(A) far-reaching (B) long-handed (C) light-headed (D) short-handed
17. As soon as you find yourself _____ at someone's joke, or even better, you're the one making jokes in another language, you are fluent in that foreign language.
(A) to laugh (B) laugh (C) laughing (D) have laughed
18. Experts worry that the social media and text messages that have become _____ integral to teenage life are promoting anxiety and lowering self-esteem.
(A) actually (B) because (C) so (D) typically
19. We really need to _____ our lease, or it will become null and void in a month.
(A) duplicate (B) replace (C) renew (D) reappearance

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20. Huge _____ of birds numbering in thousands arrive from the north each year.
 (A) bands (B) flocks (C) herds (D) mobs
21. Measles made a comeback in part because of a movement against _____ in the U.S.
 (A) contamination (B) inspection (C) diagnosis (D) vaccination
22. Seaganism is viewed as a form of plant-based diet, with added _____ seafood for extra meal variety.
 (A) complimentary (B) gratuitous (C) productive (D) sustainable
23. Voters are _____ about the election, because they do not find a party they could connect with enough to go out and support.
 (A) apathetic (B) companionable (C) sympathetic (D) passionate
24. The tip to write effective meeting _____ is to keep the agenda in mind, instead of capturing all the details.
 (A) invoices (B) invitations (C) minutes (D) templates
25. "I once made a million dollars a year with my career," the rock star _____ to the reporter in the interview last week.
 (A) reminisces (B) reminisced (C) has reminisced (D) had reminisced

II. Cloze 30%

Passage A

Since December, 2019, Scientists and health authorities around the world are racing to _____ (26) the spread of a deadly virus that emerged in the Chinese city of Wuhan, a city in Eastern China with a population of over 11 million. On December 31, 2019, the World Health Organization's (WHO) China office heard the first reports of a _____ (27) -unknown virus behind a number of _____ (28) cases in Wuhan. Thousands of people already _____ (29) this coronavirus. The death toll is at 213, and is rising daily. On 30 January, the World Health Organization (WHO) _____ (30) the outbreak a "public-health emergency of international concern" — an alarm it reserves for events that pose a risk to _____ (31) countries and which requires a _____ (32) international response.

Although symptoms of coronaviruses are often mild — _____ (33) runny noses, headaches, coughs and fevers — in some cases they lead to more serious _____ (34) tract illness including pneumonia and bronchitis. These can be particularly dangerous in older patients, or those who have existing health conditions, and this appears to be the case with this novel coronavirus. Of five early deaths _____ (35) researchers had analyzed the available medical history, four of them had underlying medical conditions that may have made them more vulnerable to the virus.

(Adapted from "Coronavirus Outbreaks: What's Next?", *WIRED*, 2020/01)

- | | | | |
|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 26. (A) accelerate | (B) halt | (C) improve | (D) progress |
| 27. (A) famous | (B) notoriously | (C) previously | (D) well |
| 28. (A) eruption | (B) gastritis | (C) malaria | (D) pneumonia |
| 29. (A) contracted | (B) was contracting | (C) have contracted | (D) had contracted |
| 30. (A) concealed | (B) declared | (C) disclaimed | (D) insisted |
| 31. (A) abundant | (B) multiple | (C) individual | (D) single |
| 32. (A) coordinated | (B) harmonized | (C) separate | (D) unified |
| 33. (A) apart from | (B) including | (C) excluding | (D) on top of |
| 34. (A) cardiovascular | (B) eupepsia | (C) digesting | (D) respiratory |
| 35. (A) who | (B) where | (C) when | (D) why |

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Passage B

This is the year a major European city will ban cars from its center. Dijon is one of the many examples of European cities starting to embrace the Dutch way of designing (36) spaces, focusing on the humans living in them (37) the vehicles driving through them. In dense city centers, where space is rare and expensive, it simply makes no sense to be using two tonnes of (38) to move a 70kg human body. The benefits are clear: a dramatic reduction (39) pollution and a positive uptick in public health, happiness and efficiency. For example, the cycling superhighway along The Embankment in London could carry five times more people at full (40) than it would if they were travelling by car. The same is true for parking: one parking spot for a car can store 12 bikes.

(Adapted from "E-scooters and e-bikes are making traffic-free cities a reality", *Nature*, 2020/01)

- | | | | | |
|-----|---------------|---------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 36. | (A) ancient | (B) private | (C) rural | (D) urban |
| 37. | (A) less than | (B) more than | (C) other than | (D) rather than |
| 38. | (A) gold | (B) metal | (C) plastic | (D) wood |
| 39. | (A) at | (B) by | (C) in | (D) on |
| 40. | (A) capacity | (B) blast | (C) speed | (D) tilt |

III. Reading Comprehension 20%

Please read the following passages and choose the most appropriate answer for each question.

Passage A

Fashion and sustainability have historically had an uncomfortable relationship. The 2013 Rana Plaza disaster in Bangladesh, along with growing concerns over sweatshop labor, have seen fashion companies **overhaul** their social and environmental impacts. Consumers, meanwhile, have grown increasingly concerned about where and how garments are made. But while fashion takes strides to become ethical, there are still serious concerns over its environmental impact and contribution to climate change.

Fashion is deemed to be one of the world's most polluting industries – from toxic chemical use to water pollution and waste. Some 35% of the global total of microfibres in the oceans comes from clothes and textiles, meaning fashion is a major contributor to this pollution. By 2050, it is anticipated, the fashion industry will use up 25% of the world's carbon budget.

So what's the solution? A circular economy seeks to move beyond fashion's linear model of take, make and waste, to close the loop, designing out waste and minimizing environmental impacts. While fashion brands work to limit their polluting practices through the creation of organic, environmentally conscious collections, there is still a need to limit the sheer volume of waste that fashion creates. Recycling has become an important initiative to address this. H&M, for example, has a successful garment collection scheme, repurposing their consumers' unwanted clothing. Other brands, meanwhile, are using recycled materials to create clothing. Outdoor clothing brand Patagonia has made polyester fleece out of recycled plastic bottles.

While recycling could achieve circulatory by designing out waste, it is problematic environmentally. Recycling is energy intensive and may require use of further virgin materials. Additionally, while it resolves some of fashion's sustainability issues, it does not adequately address the problem that consumers buy too much, and that the average number of times a garment is worn has declined by 36% since 2000. We must reconsider how fashion is sold, encouraging consumers to waste less, and ensure that garments have a longer life span.

(Adapted from A Report from *World Economic Forum*, 2018/08)

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41. What is the main idea of this passage?
(A) The noticeable problems in the current fast fashion industry
(B) The potential of clothing rental and underlying problems
(C) The benefits of the Make Fashion Circular business model
(D) Why clothing rentals should not be the future of the fashion industry
42. Which word could replace **overhaul** in the first paragraph?
(A) abolish (B) ignore (C) improve (D) re-examine
43. According to the passage, which of the following statements is the best solution to lower fashion's environmental impacts?
(A) Develop methods to eliminate toxic chemical use and water pollution during the manufacturing process.
(B) Change the original linear model of the manufacturing process to reduce waste and lower environmental impacts.
(C) Develop a circular model to improve the way customers make, use and throwaway their clothes.
(D) Use more natural fibers to make clothes instead of synthetic fibers in the initial sampling and production stage.
44. What can other companies learn from H&M?
(A) Recycle unwanted clothing from their customers.
(B) Build better factories to avoid forced labor and sweat shops.
(C) Offer professional opinions when their customers shop to avoid overconsumption.
(D) Involve designers to make innovative and sustainable clothing that limits the volume of waste.
45. According to the passage, which one of the following reasons is **NOT** why recycling clothes can also be problematic environmentally?
(A) Even recycling itself consumes quite a lot of energy.
(B) There are still other materials being consumed during the process.
(C) Recycling doesn't solve the root of overconsumption.
(D) Recycling makes it easier to throw away unwanted clothes, instead of repairing them.

Passage B

The estimated deaths of more than 25,000 koalas have left Australians fearful that the fate of the country's native animals may end in functional extinction. Sam Mitchell, co-owner of the Kangaroo Island Wildlife Park, told *The Guardian* that koala numbers had been around 50,000, but "probably more than half" would have died in the fires. He noted it was "a guessing game."

Fire seasons regularly take place in Australia, but this year has been particularly devastating. The country experienced one of its hottest and driest years, in part, because of the Indian Ocean dipole (IOD), which is a variation in sea surface temperature on the Indian Ocean that drives the weather patterns. The IOD was in its strongest positive phase in more than 20 years, resulting in conditions that led to cooler sea surface temperatures near Australia and, in turn, less storm action and less rain action for the country.

With the fire season expected to rage on for the next few months, Australians are doubtful that wildlife will fully recover, and many have expressed concern for the slower moving koala population. As a cultural symbol and international attraction, koalas have found homes in the hearts of many who travel from across the globe to see forests and natural parks where they reside.

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In fact, Koalas has been depicted in a number of myths and legends of Australian aboriginal culture, dating back 60,000 years ago when the first indigenous people arrived. “Koalas have been around for the same length of time as the first Australians—possibly longer,” Dr. Roslyn Irwin, President of *Friends of the Koala*, told ABC News. “They’ve been a strong feature in our landscape for a while now, and people really value that.” The marsupial became symbolic to individual Clans and Nation groups who adopted it as a totem. Koalas continue to be *totems* for people like the Ngarbal in the Glen Innes area of northern New South Wales, and for non-Indigenous Australians, the native animal is seen as a powerful symbol.

(Adapted from “A Look at Koalas in Australian Culture”, ABC News, 2020/01)

46. What is the main idea in the first paragraph?
- (A) It is unclear whether the total death of wild koalas will rise or not.
 - (B) The bushfires have been threatening koalas living in the wild and in national parks.
 - (C) It is highly possible that koalas may become extinct due to the high death rate in bush fires.
 - (D) The biggest challenge is to estimate the actual number of Koalas that rescued in this tragedy.
47. According to this passage, why is this year’s fire seasons so devastating in Australia?
- (A) Australia is facing the hottest and driest year now because of the Green House Effect.
 - (B) Due to the strong IOD, there was less storm action and thus insufficient rain which led to the drought.
 - (C) IOD was in the strongest phase in the past two decades, so the fires may still rage on for the next few months.
 - (D) Since the ocean currents move more slowly than the winds, the hotter Indian Ocean sea surface temperature would cause more storms in Australia.
48. Which word could replace the word *totem* in this passage?
- (A) emblem (B) gift (C) omen (D) proof
49. Why is Dr. Roslyn Irwin mentioned in this news report?
- (A) To explain the importance of koalas
 - (B) To unveil the process of koala evolution
 - (C) To address the importance of biodiversity
 - (D) To discuss the difficulties of euthanizing surviving koalas
50. Why are koalas considered as a cultural symbol of Australia?
- (A) Because thousands of tourists travel across the globe to see them.
 - (B) Because koalas have cultural significance in the aboriginal culture.
 - (C) Because koalas represent the cultural symbol in the colonial history of Australia.
 - (D) Because koalas are closely associated with the aboriginal ancestral beliefs about bears.

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