題號: 304

國立臺灣大學 109 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 植物營養學

炮號:304

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共1頁之第1頁

- 1. Describe the N assimilation procedures from nitrate to the first amino acid produced in plants, including the related enzymes and the organs or organelles where the reactions take place. (10 points)
- 2. Why graminaceous and dicotyledonous species differ in the requirements of calcium, boron and silicon? (10 points)
- 3. How does Cu deficiency affect pollen formation and development? (10 points)
- 4. Explain the following terms:
 - (a) Secondary metabolites (2 points). (b) Beneficial elements (2 points). (c) Nodulins (2 points). (d) Plant hemoglobins (2 points)
 - (e) Phytohormones (2 points). (f) Facilitated diffusion (2 points). (g) Molybdenosis (2 points). (h) Hill reaction (2 points)
 - (i) Natrophobic vs. Natrophilic (2 points). (j) Calcicole vs. Calcifuge (2 points)
- 5. What mineral elements will be limited when plants grow in calcareous soil and acidic soil? (10 points)
- 6. Auxin can be functioned as a plant growth regulator. Describe the beneficial roles of auxin in crop production. (10 points)
- 7. (a) Describe chemical formula of Gypsum and Lime (5 points); (b) Why Gypsum and Lime are important for crop growth and soil improvement? (5 points)
- 8. TTC test is widely used for analyzing root vitality. (a) What is the chemical name of TTC (5 points)? (b) What is the principle of TTC test (5 points)?
- 9. Explain the following terms: (a) Rubisco (5 points). (b) Phosphate degradation (5 points)

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