

一、解釋名詞：（25%，任選五題，解釋概念並舉重要的相關事件略加說明其含意，每題回答不超過200字。）

1. 2018板門店宣言
2. 「全球化」(globalization)
3. 新自由制度主義 (neo-liberal institutionalism)
4. 美蘇中程飛彈條約 (Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces Treaty)
5. 想像的共同體 (imagined community)
6. 雙層賽局 (two-level games)
7. 「第三世界」(The Third World)

二、最近有一本著名的國際關係刊物，刊出重要學者的一段評論摘錄如下。請先仔細閱讀後，再回答以下問題：(1) 作者這段評論的背景情勢是什麼？(2) 何謂liberal international order？(3) 作者是否認為當前美國外交政策的問題來自個人因素？並請說明原因。（共25%）

The president has outlined a deeply misguided foreign policy vision that is distrustful of U.S. allies, scornful of international institutions, and indifferent, if not downright hostile, to the liberal international order that the United States has sustained for nearly eight decades. The real tragedy, however, is not that the president has brought this flawed vision to the fore; it is that his is merely one mangled interpretation of what is rapidly emerging as a new consensus on the left and the right: that the United States should accept a more modest role in world affairs.

Although Trump has made nearly every aspect of U.S. foreign policy worse, he is not the sole cause of the United States' increasingly erratic, shortsighted, and selfish behavior. He has merely accelerated a trend—that of Washington's retreat from its global responsibilities—that was already developing by the time he took office and that will outlast him. Indeed, this trend is only likely to continue, since its roots lie not in passing political events but in the extinction of the living memory of World War II, a world-historical event that revolutionized U.S. foreign policy and shaped its course for most of the twentieth century.

見背面

三、美國總統川普於2018年起，對中國大陸發動所謂的「貿易戰」。請依照時間順序，寫出華府在2018年針對北京採取的主要貿易保護措施，以及後者的回應（15%），並用一個國際關係理論來描述並解釋華府與北京就此所展開的互動（10%）。

四、聯合王國（俗稱英國）於2016年舉行公民投票，做成脫離歐洲聯盟的決定，並預計於2019年完成相關法律程序。請問聯合王國包括哪四個組成部分（4%）？該國脫離歐洲聯盟後，歐盟內還有哪些國家屬於七大工業國（6%）（G7）？其中經濟規模最大的兩個歐陸國家，為什麼能在二次世界大戰結束後不久開始推進歐洲整合（6%）？自2017年以降，哪個重要國家的元首公開支持英國脫歐並反對歐洲聯軍的主張（2%）？請用一個國際關係理論來解釋該國為什麼支持英國脫歐並反對歐洲聯軍（7%）。

試題隨卷繳回