國立臺南大學 106 學年度 資訊工程學系碩士班 招生考試 離散數學與線性代數 試題卷

一、離散數學(共50分)

- 1. (a) How many arrangements are there for all the letters in "ALALABAMA"? (5%)
 (b) How many of arrangements in part (a) have no adjacent A? (5%)
- 2. Let p(x) be the following open statement.

p(x, y): x + y = 20

Determine the truth or falsity of the following statements, where *x* and *y* are integers.

- (a) $\exists y \forall x \ p(x, y)$ (4%)
- (b) $\forall x \exists y \ p(x, y)$ (4%)
- 3. Dertermine |A∪B∪C| when |A|=30, |B|=300, and |C| = 3000, if
 (a) A ⊆ B ⊆ C (4%)
 (b) A∩B = A∩C = B∩C = Ø (4%)
 (c) |A∩B| = |A∩C| = |B∩C| = 3, and |A∩B∩C| = 1 (4%)
- 4. For positive integer n > 4, prove that $2^n > n^2$ by mathematical induction. (10%)
- 5. Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Define the relation \mathcal{R} on A by $x \mathcal{R} y$, if x + y = 6
 - (a) List the set of \mathcal{R} . (5%)
 - (b) Does the relation \mathcal{R} satisfy the properties of reflexive, symmetric, anti-symmetric, and transitive? (5%)

二、線性代數(共50分)

- 1. State (with a brief explanation) whether the following statements are true or false. No grade is given if there is no explanation provided for your answer. (20%)
 - (a) The set {(1, 0), (2, 0)} is a basis for R^2 .
 - (b) The vectors (0, 1, 0), (2, 0, 0), (0, 0, 3) span R^3 .
 - (c) The set $U = \{(a, b, c) | a + b + c = 1, a, b, c \in R\}$ is a subspace of R^3 .

(d) Let
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 4 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
, and A is a singular matrix.
(e) Let $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 5 & 1 & 2 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$, and A is invertible.

2. Prove that the following transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ is not linear. (10%)

$$T(x, y, z) = (x + y, z + 1)$$

3. Solve the following system using LU decomposition, where L is a lower triangular matrix and U is an upper triangular matrix. Show L, U and solutions for

$$x_1, x_2, x_3.$$
 (10%)

$$\begin{array}{rcrr} x_1 - 2x_2 + & 3x_3 &= 1 \\ 2x_1 - 5x_2 + & 12x_3 &= 3 \\ & 2x_2 - & 10x_3 &= 0 \end{array}$$

4. Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -6 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$. (10%)