考試科目數理統計學所別統計學系考試時間2月27日(六)第三節

- 1. A recent study reports that the average time spent online is 7 hours per day.
- (a) What is the probability that time spent online tomorrow will exceed 12 hours?

(4%)

- (b) If the variance of time spent on line per day is 16, what is the probability that time spent online tomorrow will be between 2 to 12 hours? (6%)
- 2. The joint distribution of pollutant standards index (PSI) collected under without using an air filter  $(X_1)$  and with using air filter  $(X_2)$  is

$$f(x_1, x_2) = \begin{cases} 1/4, & 0 \le x_1 \le 4, 0 \le x_2 \le 2, 2x_2 \le x_1 \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

(a) Find  $E(X_2 \mid x_1)$  and  $V(X_2 \mid x_1)$ .

(10%)

- (b) Let  $W = X_1 X_2$  be the reduction in PSI due to using an air filter. Find the probability density function of W, and E(W). (10%)
- 3. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from  $f(x) = \frac{(\ln \beta)^x}{x!\beta}$ ,  $x = 0,1,\dots, \beta > 1$ .
- (a) Find the complete sufficient statistic for  $\beta$ , and the MLE of  $\beta$ .

(10%)

(b) Find the UMVUEs of  $\ln \beta$  and  $(\ln \beta)^2$ , respectively.

(6%, 8%)

- 4. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from a continuous distribution function F(x), and F'(x) = f(x). Let  $X_{(k)}$  denote the  $k^{th}$  order statistic.
- (a) For some  $\alpha$ , where  $0 < \alpha < 1$ , let  $x_{\alpha}$  satisfy  $F(x_{\alpha}) = \alpha$  and  $f(x_{\alpha}) > 0$ . Moreover,  $m/n \to \alpha$ .
- (a1) Show that  $F(X_{(m)})$  converges in probability to a constant and find that constant.

(6%)

(a2) Find the limiting distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(F(X_{(m)}) - \alpha)$ .

(6%)

(Hint: The limiting distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(X_{(m)}-x_{\alpha})$  is  $N(0,\alpha(1-\alpha)/[f(x_{\alpha})]^2)$ .)

(b) Find the limiting distribution of  $Y_n = n[1 - F(X_{(n)})]$ .

(10%)

- 5. Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be a random sample from  $f(x) = \frac{\beta x^{\beta-1}}{\lambda} \exp(-\frac{x^{\beta}}{\lambda})$ , x > 0,  $\lambda > 0$ , and  $\beta$  is known.
- (a) Find the likelihood ratio size  $\alpha$  test of  $H_0: \lambda = \lambda_0$  vs.  $H_1: \lambda \neq \lambda_0$ .

(10%)

(b) Find an equal tailed  $100(1-\alpha)\%$  confidence interval for  $\lambda$ .

(6%)

(c) Let the prior of  $\lambda$  be  $\pi(\lambda) = \frac{b^a}{\Gamma(a)\lambda^{a+1}} \exp(-\frac{b}{\lambda}), \quad \lambda > 0, \quad a, b > 0.$ 

Find the posterior distribution and the posterior mean of  $\lambda$ .

(8%)

主 一、作答於試題上者,不予計分。

二、試題請隨卷繳交。