第一單元: 離散數學 (本單元共計 60 分)

- (10 %) Let A_n (n ≥ 2) be the number of strictly increasing sequence of positive integers that have 1 as the first term and n as the last term. That is, sequences x₁,x₂,...,x_k where x_i = 1 and x_k = n and x_j < x_{j+1} for 1 ≤ j < k.
 - (a) What are A2, A3 and A4? [3%]
 - (b) Find a recurrence relation for A_n (n > 1). [5 %]
 - (c) Solve the correct recurrence relation you obtained at (b) with A₂ as the initial condition for A₂ (n ≥ 2). [2%]
- 2. (15%) The rooted Fibonacci trees T_n are defined recursively as follows:
 - (Basis:) T₁ and T₂ are both rooted trees consisting of a single vertex.
 - (Recursion:) T_n ($n \ge 2$) is constructed from a root with T_{n-1} as its left subtree and T_{n-2} as its right subtree.
 - (a) What is the number of leaves of T_n for n > 1? [5%]
 - (b) What is the number of internal vertices of T_n for n > 1? [5%]
 - (c) What is the height of T, for n > 1? [5%]
- (10 %) Let A be a set with 10 elements. Then
 - (a) How many ternary relations are there on A? [3%]
 - (b) How many asymmetric relation are there on A? [3%]
 - (c) What is the number of all simple graphs which have A as the vertex set?
 [4 %]
- (10 %) Show that in a connected simple graph with n > 0 vertices, there must exist a
 path of length < n between every two distinct vertices.
- 5. (15 %) Two sets A and B are said to be equipotent (, written A ~ B,) if there is a 1-1 and onto mapping between them. Let N be the set of positive integers and K = {x | x is a real number and 0 ≤ x ≤ 1}. Show that
 - (a) ~ is an equivalence relation on the class of all sets, [5%]
 - (b) $K \sim K^2$ where $K^2 =_{def} \{(x,y) \mid x, y \in K\}, [5\%]$
 - (c) K and N are not equipotent. [5%]
 - Hint for (b) and (c): Each number in K can be represented *uniquely* as an infinite sequence of digits: 0, x_1 , x_2 , x_3 , For example, 1/3 = 0.33333333... and 1/2 = 0.500000.... This means K and the set $\{f \mid f \text{ is a function from N to } \{0,...,9\}\}$ are equipotent.

一段階級變數 X4~的結合財政股股為一門(16分) 小求及值.

(6分)(3) 大文Y) 本(1)(3)

照幅機變數 又与丫的结合对皮的敷充 1 × × × R > 0

(6分)()本Y的强熙宏度强毅 (marginal density function). (6分)()社Y的强熙宏度强毅 (marginal density function).

(6分) (3) 经定下之, 本义的条件餐果敷 (conditional variance).

三頭腦擬緩緩 X 在區門 (0,1) 上具有均匀分配(10分) (uniform distribution). 本 Y=-主编(1-X)的饱度35 爱久 (density function).