編號: 247

國立成功大學 104 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別:會計學系乙組

考試科目:資料結構

考試日期:0212,節次:3

第1頁,共3頁

*	考生請注意:本試題不可使用計算機。 請於答案卷(卡)作答,於本試題紙上作答者,不予計分。								
_	選擇題 (40%)								
1)	If a queue contained the entries w , x , y , z (from head to tail), which of the following would be the contents after								
	three entries were removed and the entries a and b were inserted?								
	A. z, b, a B. a, z, b C. z, a, b D. a, b, z								
2)	Which of the following is often connected with "dictionary" in data structures?								
	A. associative array B. set C. priority queue D. none of the above								
3)	Self-balancing binary search tree is often implemented by the following data structures except								
	A. 2-3 tree B. AVL tree C. Red-Black tree D. R-tree								
4)	The time complexity for fastest possible comparison sort is								
	A. $O(\log n)$ B. $O(n^2)$ C. $O(n \log n)$ D. none of the above								
5)) is the ability in computer programming to present the same interface for differing underlying forms								
	(data types).								
	A. Polymorphism B. Inheritance C. Strong coupling D. Abstract data type								
6)	A pointer points to a location in memory, and obtaining the value stored at that location is known as the								
	pointer.								
	A. disengage B. dereferencing C. disembarking D. none of the above								
7)	Which of the following sorting algorithms gives best time and space complexity?								
	A. merge sort B. quick sort C. selection sort D. heap sort								
8)	8) Which of the following sorting algorithms gives optimal data movement?								
	A. merge sort B. quick sort C. selection sort D. heap sort								
9)	9) Suppose that a social networking website FRIENDS needs to support two operations: (i) declare A and B to be								
	friends (thus making all of As friends and all of Bs friends friends of each other); and (ii) determine whether A and								
	B are friends.								
	Which APIs should FRIENDS use to support these operations?								
	A. Queue.								
	B. Union-find.								
C. Stack.									
	D. Priority queue.								
10	10) Continue the above problem, give the worst case order of growth of the running time that FRIENDS can guarantee								
	for M operations, where N is the number of people listed on the website.								
	A. N log M. B. M log N. C. N log N. D. M.								

編號: 247

國立成功大學 104 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別:會計學系乙組

考試科目:資料結構

考試日期:0212,節次:3

第2頁,共3頁

_	88	答題
	Joi	今班

1. (5%) How many bits are in the Huffman encoding of the following message?

(Do not count the bits to encode the table.)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,																
a b a a b a c a b a a b a c d a b a a b a c a	abaal	bacd	е													
For reference, the frequency of each sy	mbol is	given	in the t	able be	elow.											
	a	b	С	d	e											
	16	8	4	2	1	•										
- 4																
2. (30%) Match up each application with a	ın algoi	rithm o	r data :	structu	re that	one can use to solve it. Use each answer										
exactly once. Daniel D																
2) 2D range search 3) Document similarity 4) Traveling salesperson problem 5) Sudoku solver																
								Arbitrage detection in currency exchange rates And the sweep garbage collector								
7) Mark-sweep garbage collector 8) Web crawler																
9) Google maps																
(o) Longest repeated substring																
<u></u>																
A. Hashing																
B. 3-way radix quicksort																
C. Binary search tree																
D. Kd tree																
E. Depth-first search																
F. Breadth-first search																

- G. Dijkstra's algorithm
- H. Bellman-Ford
- I. Enumerate permutations
- J. Enumerate base-R integers

編號: 247

D. heapsort

國立成功大學 104 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系所組別:會計學系乙組

考試科目:資料結構

考試日期:0212,節次:3

```
第3頁,共3頁
 3. (20%) Consider the following code fragment.
 MaxPQ<Integer> pq = new MaxPQ<Integer>();
 int N = a.length;
 for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
   pq.insert(a[i]);
   if (pq.size() > k) pq.delMax(); /* MARK */
 for (int i = 0; i < k; i++)
   System.out.println(pq.delMax());
 Assume that a[] is an array of integers, MaxPQ is implemented using a binary heap, and N \ge k \ge 1.
 (a) What does it output?
 (b) What is the order of growth of its worst-case running time. Choose the best answer below.
    A. k log k
    B. k log N
    C. N log k
    D. N log N
    E. N<sup>2</sup>
 Now suppose the marked line was deleted. Repeat the previous two questions.
 (c) What does it output?
 (d) What is the order of growth of its worst-case running time. Choose the best answer below.
    A. k log k
     B. k log N
    C. N log k
     D. N log N
     E. N<sup>2</sup>
 4. (5%) Modern computers have memory caches, which speed up reads and writes if they are to locations near
 recently-accessed memory. This makes sequential access to memory faster, in general, than random access. Which of
 the sorting algorithms below you would expect to benefit least from caching?
 A. insertion sort
 B. mergesort
 C. quicksort
```