米湖本田 纪宫子 医四 20 河河2×1 米湖南區 4 四19四十年一日

- 1. 解釋名詞:(25分)
 - i、 社會學的想像(sociological imagination)
 - ii、 印象整飾 (impression management)
 - iii、 社會事實 (social fact)
 - iv、 馬爾薩斯主義 (Malthusianism)
 - v、 後殖民民族主義(postcolonial nationalism)
- 2. 請你就全球化(globalization)的瞭解,回答下列問題:(25分)
 - i、 何謂全球化?其重要之發展面向爲何?
 - ii、請分別從支持全球化與反對全球化的觀點,分析政治、經濟及文化全球 化的發展趨勢。

考试科目社会的学 所到社会体 考试時間本月19日上午第一届

- 3. Randall Collins 在其 Conflict Sociology (1979) 一書中開宗明義的提出了社會學如何成爲一門科學的看法,請在閱讀以下的引文後,回答下列的問題:
 - (1) 請用中文說明 Collins 的觀點爲何(不用逐字翻譯,只要說明重要的文義)?(5分)
 - (2) 就 Collins 的觀點來看,他會主張量化研究比質化研究更符合科學研究的要求嗎?請說明您認爲他會或不會如此主張的理由。(5分)
 - (3) 社會學家對於社會學是否是一門科學,或者社會學是否和自然科學有同樣的性質,有不同的看法。請您舉出一個會反對 Collins 之觀點的學派或學者名稱,並說明其與 Collins 觀點相異之處。(10分)
 - (4) 就 Collins 之觀點和您所舉出會反對 Collins 之學派或學者的觀點而言,您自己比較贊成哪種觀點?爲什麼?(5分)

"My contention is that sociology can be a successful science and that it is well on the way to becoming so."

"There are a number of different goals that have been set for sociology (and for the social sciences generally); ... As things stand now, we have badly confused the explanatory, practical, ideological, and aesthetic aspects of the social sciences."

"The scientific ideal is to explain everything, and to do it by making causal statements which are ultimately based upon experience. The most powerful scientific theory is the one that can get the most explanatory mileage out of the most concise body of principles. Science is a way of extrapolating from things we know to things we do not, a way of seeing the novel as another arrangement of the familiar. ... This aim is no different when applied to sociology than to physics, however different the empirical materials may be."

"The basic method of explanatory science is that of controlled comparison. The essence of methodological empiricism - and that is what science is - is to explain a phenomenon not by looking at it in isolation but by comparison and contrast to other things. To understand a thing, we must compare where it occurs with where it does not occur, and note the difference of in the accompanying conditions."

- 4. 根據我國政府所公布有關原住民一些現況的統計資料顯示,原住民人口不論在教育(如國初中及以下程度:男51.6%,女59.1%;大學程度:男4.0%,女4.1%)、收入(如個人每月無經常收入或2萬元以下者:男52.2%,女爲77.4%)、失業率(男14.8%,女15.0%)、職業(男性以技術工23.7%,農林漁牧17.8%,機械設備操作工17.3%,現役軍人12.5%爲主;女性以服務工作人員24.2%,農林漁牧22.0%,非技術工10.9%爲主),或平均餘命(如山地鄉之男性58.6歲,女性70.7歲)等方面均比全國一般情況相差很多。就這個情況,請您回答下列問題:
- (1)「文化」與「社會結構」是社會學的重要概念,請定義這兩個概念。(10分)
- (2) 就您對文化和社會結構的定義,並以前面統計資料所顯示之族群間與性別間在重要社會資源分配上的差異爲例,說明文化和社會結構之間有什麼樣的關係,以及爲何這樣的關係會使得這些差異或不平等得以形成並延續。 (15分)

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試題隨卷繳交