

國立中山大學102學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：數理統計【應數系碩士班甲組】
※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機

題號：424005
共2頁 第1頁

共十題，每題 10 分。答題時，每題都必須寫下題號與詳細步驟。
請依題號順序作答，不會作答題目請寫下題號並留空白。

1. If the moment-generating function of X is $M(t) = \exp(166t + 200t^2)$, find
 - (a) (5 分) The variance of X .
 - (b) (5 分) $P(148 \leq X \leq 172)$.
2. Let X and Y have a bivariate normal distribution with parameters $\mu_X = 2.8$, $\mu_Y = 110$, $\sigma_X^2 = 0.16$, $\sigma_Y^2 = 100$, and $\rho = 0.6$. Compute
 - (a) (5 分) $P(106 < Y < 124)$.
 - (b) (5 分) $P(106 < Y < 124 | X = 3.2)$.
3. Let Z_1 , Z_2 , and Z_3 have independent standard normal distributions, $N(0, 1)$. Find the distribution of
$$W = \frac{Z_1}{\sqrt{(Z_2^2 + Z_3^2)/2}}.$$
4. Approximate $P(39.75 \leq \bar{X} \leq 41.25)$, where \bar{X} is the mean of a random sample of size 32 from a distribution with mean $\mu = 40$ and variance $\sigma^2 = 8$.
5. Suppose that we have a random sample X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n from a population that is $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$. We plan to use to estimate $\hat{\Theta} = \sum_{i=1}^n (X_i - \bar{X})^2/c$. Compute the bias in $\hat{\Theta}$ as an estimator of σ^2 as a function of the constant c .
6. Let $f(x) = (1/\theta)x^{(1-\theta)/\theta}$, $0 < \theta < \infty$, and $0 < x < 1$. Find the maximum likelihood estimator for θ . Is it an unbiased estimator for θ ?
7. Let X be a random variable with mean μ and variance σ^2 . Given two independent random samples of sizes n_1 , and n_2 , with sample means \bar{X}_1 and \bar{X}_2 , show that $\bar{X} = a\bar{X}_1 + (1-a)\bar{X}_2$, $0 < a < 1$ is an unbiased estimator for μ . If \bar{X}_1 and \bar{X}_2 are independent, find the value of a that minimizes the standard error of \bar{X} .
8. Consider the probability density function

$$f(x) = c(1 + \theta x), \quad -1 \leq x \leq 1$$

- (a) (5 分) Find the value of the constant c .
- (b) (5 分) What is the moment estimator for θ ?
9. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be iid $\text{Poisson}(\lambda)$. Find a uniformly most powerful (UMP) test of $H_0 : \lambda \leq \lambda_0$ versus $H_1 : \lambda > \lambda_0$.
10. The fraction of defective integrated circuits produced in a photolithography process is being studied. A random sample of 300 circuits is tested, revealing 13 defectives. Calculate a 95% two-sided confidence interval on the fraction of defective circuits produced by this particular tool.

$$\text{Cumulative Standard Normal Distribution } \Phi(z) = \int_{-\infty}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-x^2/2} dx$$

z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	z
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359	0.0
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753	0.1
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141	0.2
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517	0.3
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879	0.4
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224	0.5
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549	0.6
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852	0.7
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133	0.8
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389	0.9
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621	1.0
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830	1.1
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015	1.2
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177	1.3
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319	1.4
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441	1.5
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545	1.6
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633	1.7
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706	1.8
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767	1.9
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817	2.0
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857	2.1
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890	2.2
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916	2.3
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936	2.4
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952	2.5
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964	2.6
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974	2.7
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981	2.8
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986	2.9
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990	3.0
3.1	0.9990	0.9991	0.9991	0.9991	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9992	0.9993	0.9993	3.1
3.2	0.9993	0.9993	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9994	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995	3.2
3.3	0.9995	0.9995	0.9995	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9996	0.9997	3.3
3.4	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9997	0.9998	3.4
3.5	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	0.9998	3.5
3.6	0.9998	0.9998	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	3.6
3.7	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	3.7
3.8	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	0.9999	3.8
3.9	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	3.9
z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09	z