

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

97 學年度 統計學研究所 碩士班入學考試

科目 基礎數學 科目代碼 0101 共 2 頁第 1 頁 *請在【答案卷】內作答

請從答案卷第一頁開始作答。不要計算過程。

一. 選擇題，共 7 題 (每題五分，共三十五分)

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x - \frac{1}{x}) \sin x = ?$ (A) -1 (B) 0 (C) 1 (D) not exist.

2. How many zeros does the function $f(x) = 2^x - x^2 - 1$ have on the real line?
 (A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 4 (D) 5.

3. Evaluate $\int_0^2 (x-1)^{-2} dx$. (A) 0.5 (B) 1 (C) 2 (D) diverges.

4. If $f(x)$ is continuous and $\int_0^9 f(x)dx = 4$, then $\int_0^3 xf(x^2)dx = ?$
 (A) 2 (B) 4 (C) 8 (D) none of the above.

5. 求 $y = x^2$ 與 $y = x + 1$ 所圍成之面積為

(A) $\frac{5}{6\sqrt{5}}$ (B) $\frac{6}{5\sqrt{5}}$ (C) $\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{5}$ (D) $\frac{5\sqrt{5}}{6}$

6. Find the values of x such that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{3^n \sqrt{n}} (x-1)^n$ converges.
 (A) $-3 < x \leq 3$ (B) $-3 \leq x \leq 3$ (C) $-2 < x \leq 4$ (D) $-2 \leq x \leq 4$.

7. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & a & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$, where a is a real number. For which values of a , the matrix A is positive definite. (A) $a > 2$ (B) $a < -2$ (C) $a < -1$ or $a > 2$ (D) $a > 0$.

二. 填充題，共 11 題 (第 1-10 題每題六分，第 11 題五分，共六十五分)

1. Let $\{a_n\}$ be a sequence of real numbers satisfying $a_{n+1} = \sqrt{a_n + 6}$. If the initial value is $a_1 = -2$,
 then $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

國 立 清 華 大 學 命 題 紙

97 學年度 統計學研究所 碩士班入學考試

科目 基礎數學 科目代碼 0101 共 2 頁第 2 頁 *請在【答案卷】內作答

2. Let $f(x) = \begin{cases} cx e^{-4x^2}, & \text{if } x \geq 0, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise,} \end{cases}$

where c is some constant such that $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$. Find $c = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

3. Find the maximum of xy under the condition that $x^2 + 2y^2 = 1$. The maximum is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

4. Find the solution of the differential equation: $\frac{f'(x)}{1-f(x)} = e^{2x}$, $f(0) = 0$. $f(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

5. Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 6 \\ a & b \end{pmatrix}$. Find a and b such that A has eigenvectors $x_1 = (3, 1)'$ and $x_2 = (2, 1)'$.

$a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}, b = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

6. Following the previous problem (5), assume B is a different matrix with these same eigenvectors x_1 and x_2 but with eigenvalues $\lambda_1 = 1$ and $\lambda_2 = 0$. Find $B^{10} - 2B^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

7. Assume U is the space spanned by $\{(1, -2, 0, 3), (0, 1, 0, -1)\}$ and V is the space spanned by $\{(1, 0, 0, 0), (0, 1, 0, 0), (0, 0, 1, 0)\}$. Find the basis for the space of the intersection of U and V . The basis is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

8. Assume that $A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $y = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Find the least squares solution for $Ax = y$. $x = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

9. 對任意 $a > 1$, $\lim_{k \rightarrow 0} \{k(a^{1/k} - 1)\} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

10. 對任意 $a > 0$, $\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \{k(a^{1/k} - 1)\} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

11. 如何用數值方法求 $\ln(3)$? (答案請少於 50 字)