國立虎尾科技大學九十七學年度研究所(碩士班)入學試題

所別:光電與材料技研究所(戊組)

科目:考試科目2(普通化學)

注意事項:

- (1) 本試題共有十題,每題配分如題目說明,總分共一百分。
- (2)請依序作答在答案卷上並註明題號。
- 1. The isotope of an unknown element, X, has a mass number of 79. The most stable ion of the isotope has 36 electrons and forms a binary compound with sodium having a formula of Na₂X. Which of the following statements is(are) true? For the false statements corrects them.

(10%)

- (1) The isotope of X contains 38 protons.
- (2) The isotope of X contains 45 neutrons.
- (3) The isotope of X contains 35 electrons
- (4) The identity of X is Br.
- 2. Determine the empirical and molecular formulas for a compound that gives the following percentages: 71.65%Cl, 24.27%C and 4.07%H upon analysis (in mass percents). The molar mass is known to be 98.96 g/mol. (10%)
- 3. Methanol can be manufactured by CO and H₂. If 68.5 kg of CO(g) is reacted with 8.60 kg of H₂(g). Calculate the CH₃OH actually produced (in kg) if the theoretical yield is 52%. (10%)

 The balanced equation is 2H₂(g) + CO(g) → CH₃OH(l).
- 4. What volume of a 0.100 M HCl solution is needed to neutralize 25.0 mL 0f 0.200 M KOH solution? (10%)
- 5. Assign oxidation states to all atoms in the following compounds.
 - (1) CO_2 , (2) SF_6 , (3) NO^3 and (4) CH_4

(10%)

- 6. Write the electron configuration for the following atoms: (10%)Si, Cl, Al, S, and Ca.
- 7. Write Lewis structures that obey the octet rule for the following species. Assign the formal charge for each central atom.
- (b) SO_2Cl_2 (c) XeO_4
- (d) PO_4^{3-}

(10%)

- 8. A certain reaction has an activation energy of 54.0 KJ/mol. As the temperature is increased from 22°C to a higher temperature, the rate constant increases by a factor of 7.00. Calculate the higher temperature. (10%)
- 9. Commercial brass, an alloy of Zn and Cu, reacts with hydrochloric acid as follows:

 $Zn(s) + 2 HCl(aq) \rightarrow ZnCl_2(aq) + H_2(g)$

(Cu does not react with HCl.) When 0.5065 g of a certain brass alloy is reacted with excess HCl, 0.0985 g ZnCl₂ is eventually isolated.

- (a) What is the composition of the brass by mass?
- (b) How could this result be checked without changing the above procedure?
- 10. Given the following data

Fe₂O₃ (s) + 3CO (g)
$$\star$$
 2Fe (s) + 3CO₂ (g) $\Delta H^{o} = -23 \text{ kJ}$
3Fe₂O₃ (s) + CO (g) \star 2Fe₃O₄ (s) + CO₂ (g) $\Delta H^{o} = -39 \text{ kJ}$
Fe₃O₄ (s) + CO (g) \star 3FeO (s) + CO₂ (g) $\Delta H^{o} = +18 \text{ kJ}$

Calculate ΔH^{o} for the reaction:

FeO (s) + CO (g)
$$\star$$
 Fe (s) + CO₂ (g)

(10%)