中原大學97學年度碩士班入學考試

4月13日14:00~15:30企業管理學系甲組

誠實是我們珍視的美德, 我們喜愛「拒絕作弊,堅守正直」的你!

| | | 我们县 | 一发'招吧作弈'至寸止。 | |
|----|---|-------------------|---------------|--|
| 科目 | 3: <u>管理學</u> | (共) | 2 頁 第 1 頁) | |
| □可 | 使用計算機,惟僅限不具可程式及多重記憶者 | ☑不可使用言 | 十算機 | |
| | | | | |
| | 、複選題(共10題,每題5分,總計50分) | | <u> </u> | |
| 說E | 明:各題須全部答對才給分,但答錯不倒扣,請於答 | \$題紙上按順序 | ·標示題號及答案。 | |
| (複 | [選題答案也可能只有單一選項) | | | |
| 1. | When a manager makes a choice under perfect rati | onality, she cho | oses a | |
| | decision, whereas under bounded rationality she cho | oses a | decision. | |
| | A) minimizing; satisficing | | | |
| | B) satisficing; maximizing | | | |
| | C) maximizing; satisficing | | | |
| | D) maximizing; minimizing | | | |
| 2. | In Michael Porter's five forces model of competition | n, | is determined | |
| | by the height of barriers to entry, such as economies | of scale and bra | and loyalty. | |
| | A) threat of substitutes | | | |
| | B) threat of new entrants | | | |
| | C) bargaining power of buyers | | | |
| | D) bargaining power of suppliers | | | |
| 3. | According to Kurt Lewin, which is(are) not a stage(| stages) in the ch | ange process? | |
| | A) refreezing | | | |
| | B) unfreezing | | | |
| | C) motivating | | | |
| | D) restraining | | | |

- 4. Which conditions favor more decentralization in decision-making?
 - A) Decisions are significant.
 - B) Environment is complex, uncertain.
 - C) Company is geographically dispersed.
 - D) Organization is facing a crisis.
- 5. Which is the probable sequence of creative process?
 - A) preparation, incubation, insight, verification
 - B) insight, preparation, incubation, verification
 - C) incubation, insight, preparation, verification
 - D) insight, incubation, preparation, verification

| 6. | In attribution theory, which factors influence our perception? |
|----|---|
| | A) distinctiveness |
| | B) dissonance |
| | C) consensus |
| | D) consistency |
| 7. | Under clan control, employee behaviors are regulated by |
| | A) market share |
| | B) shared values and norms |
| | C) administrative rules and regulations |
| | D) managerial autonomy |
| 8. | Mintzberg's 10 management roles can be grouped into |
| | A) information transfer, decision making, and resource allocation |
| | B) interpersonal relationships, information transfer, and decision making |
| | C) leadership, decision making, and planning |
| | D) interpersonal relationships, leadership, and decision making |
| 9. | Which is(are) the correct pair(s) between the scholar and his(her) proposed theory? |
| | |

- A) Douglas McGregor Theory X and Theory Y
 - B) Paul Hersey LPC theory
 - C) Fred Fiedler- expectancy theory
 - D) Henri Fayol bureaucracy
- 10. Which statement(s) about communication is(are) incorrect?
 - A) Filtering is the deliberate manipulation of information to make it appear more favorable to the receiver.
 - B) Wheel type of network is that communications flow freely among all members of the work team.
 - C) Information overload occurs when the information we've been given is too detailed.
 - D) Grapevine is an informal organizational communication network that is active in almost every organization.

二、問答題(共2題,總計50分)

說明:請避免長篇大論,儘量以條列方式清楚地說明與論述。

- 1. 請說明個人決策與群體決策所可能產生的偏差(biases)有哪些(15 分)?有哪些方法 可以改善偏差以提升決策品質(10分)?
- 2. 請問一位稱職的經理人應具備哪些管理技能(skills)(10 分)?這些管理技能如何影 響管理功能 (規劃、組織、領導、控制)的執行?(15分)?