逢甲大學100學年度碩士班招生考試試題編號:073 科目代碼:236

科目	工程數學(微分方程、拉氏轉換、線	適	用	電子工程學系固態電子	時	100
	性代數)	系	所	組、電路與系統組	闁	分鐘

※請務必在答案卷作答區內作答。

$$-\cdot A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 1 \\ -3 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} (20\%)$$

Find a matrix
$$P$$
 and D , such that $A = PDP^{-1}$, $D = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \lambda_3 \end{bmatrix}$ $\lambda_1 < \lambda_2 < \lambda_3$

- Γ Find the standard matrix for the linear Transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ defined by T(x,y,z) = (2x+y,x-3y) (10%)
- \equiv 1. Find the inverse Laplace transform of $\frac{s \cdot e^{-s}}{s^2 + 9}$ (10%)
 - 2. Solve the following by Laplace transform for (10%) $y''(t) 4y'(t) + 3y(t) = e^{2t}$, y(0) = 0, y'(0) = 0
- 四、Consider the following wave-equation: (40%)

$$\frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial t^2} = 25 \frac{\partial^2 u(x,t)}{\partial x^2}$$

- 1. Solve the equation by separation of variable method (變數分離法) (10%) With boundary conditions: $u_x(0,t) = 0, u_x(5,t) = 0$ Initial conditions: $u(x,0) = 2 + 3\cos 2\pi x, u_x(x,0) = 4 + 5\cos 5\pi x$
- 2. Solve the equation by separation of variable method (變數分離法) (15%) With boundary conditions: $u_x(0,t) = 0$, $0 < x < \infty$ Initial conditions: $u(x,0) = e^{-2x}$, x > 0, $u_t(x,0) = e^{-5x}$, x > 0
- 3. Solve the equation by using the Laplace transform with respect to t (15%) With initial conditions: $u(x,0) = u_t(x,0) = 0$, $0 < x < \infty, t > 0$ Boundary conditions: $u(0,t) = 1 + t 4 \int_0^t (t-\tau)u(0,\tau)d\tau, t \ge 0$, as $x \to \infty$ u(x,t) is bounded

 π If $y_1(x) = x$ is a solution of the following differential equation (10%)

$$x^2y'' - xy' + y = 0$$

Please determine the second solution $y_2(x)$ by variation of parameters method (參數 變易法) such that the solution of the equation is $y(x) = c_1 y_1(x) + c_2 y_2(x)$