

東吳大學 100 學年度碩士班研究生招生考試試題

第 1 頁，共 1 頁

系級	政治學系碩士班	考試時間	100 分鐘
科目	國際政治	本科總分	100 分

一、什麼是國際干預 International intervention? 干預有幾種? 國際上對於「國際干預」，在理論上和實踐上，各是什麼態度? 如何把你剛才的討論，用在分析當前國際對利比亞的態度上?

另外，聯合國安理會在二月二十六日，還通過決議案對利比亞進行制裁。美國紐約時報在報導這則新聞時指出：

With Colonel Qaddafi killing more of his people every day in a desperate bid to remain in power, it was not clear that these actions (指經濟制裁) would do much to mitigate the worsening crisis. Sanctions, for instance, take time to put in place, and every other option comes with its own set of complications. Colonel Qaddafi, increasingly erratic, has seemed to shrug off outside pressure, becoming even more bizarre — with charges that protesters are on drugs — in the face of the world's scorn. And unlike with Egypt and Bahrain, close American allies that also erupted into crisis, the United States has few contacts deep inside the Libyan government, and little personal sway with its leadership.

但是土耳其總理對經濟制裁的方法卻表示顧慮。紐約時報報導說：

But Turkey Prime Minister [Recep Tayyip Erdogan](#) on Saturday (2011.2.26) warned that sanctions would do more harm to Libya's people than to Colonel Qaddafi, the Associated Press reported. He added: "We call on the international community to act with conscience, justice, laws and universal humane values — not out of oil concerns."

在討論完國際干預後，請再就這兩段報導，就經濟制裁作為外交政策工具，其目的、實行方法、成敗關鍵作一分析。(30%)

二、什麼是國際建制 (international regime)? 有哪些理論，可以幫助我們分析並瞭解國際建制? (20%)

三、解釋名詞：(50%)

1. 茉莉花革命。
2. Democratic Peace.
3. Maastricht Treaty.
4. Sustainable Development.
5. Security Dilemma.
6. Tragedy of the commons.
7. Warsaw Pact.
8. Burden Sharing.
9. Amnesty International.
10. Millennium Development Goals.