

國防大學政治作戰學院 100 學年度博碩士班入學測驗命題紙

身分：全時進修軍、自費生

所別：政治學系政治碩士班

科目：英文



I. Multiple-Choice (Grammar and Structure): >0% (2 points each)

1. Hans Morgenthau _____ a famous political scientist in the 1960s and 1970s.
(a) is (b) was (c) were (d) are
2. Professor Wang is _____ in the field of International Relations.
(a) interested (b) interesting (c) interest (d) interests
3. David _____ his paper for two days.
(a) have finished (b) have finishing (c) has finishing (d) has finished
4. Tom has to put off his work until tomorrow.
(a) cancel (b) finish (c) postpone (d) do
5. Offense-defense theory _____ several important theoretical contributions to structural realism.
(a) offer (b) offering (c) offers (d) has offering
6. After World War II, the role of international organizations in global politics _____ to catch up with economic and technological influences.
(a) beginning (b) is begun (c) has began (d) began
7. The North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) _____ 28 member countries.
(a) consists of (b) consist of (c) is consisted of (d) consists
8. President Obama _____ his plans to help Japan.
(a) lay (b) lies to (c) give up (d) lays out
9. During Libya's civil war, Qaddafi's forces often place their _____ personnel carriers close to civilian populations.
(a) arming (b) armed (c) army (d) armament
10. The president _____ reform the armed forces.
(a) is (b) is able (c) is able to (d) able to

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II. Conversation: 30% (2.5 points each)

1. A: How often do you visit your adviser?

B: _____.

(a) One day (b) One week (c) Once a week (d) In January

2. A: What happened to your book?

B: _____.

(a) It was stolen (b) I stole it (c) It is steal (d) It stolen

3. A: You should have studied for the examination.

B: I really wish I _____.

(a) have (b) has (c) had (d) having

4. A: Who is the person standing over there?

B: The person _____ is Professor Chiang.

(a) who standing there (b) who stand there (c) stands there (d) who is standing there

5. A: I don't feel good.

B: You should _____ a doctor.

(a) watch (b) see (c) glance at (d) look at

6. A: Lieutenant Wang is able to complete the mission on time.

B: Yes, he is _____ the mission on time.

(a) capable of completing (b) able of completing (c) able to completing (d) completing

7. A: The major differences between realism and liberalism lie in their assumptions.

B: You are right. One of _____ is with regard to the assumption of anarchy.

(a) they (b) them (c) theirs (d) themselves

8. A: Neither Major Chen nor Lieutenant Chiang is in the office now.

B: _____ is in the office?

(a) Who else (b) Whom (c) What else (d) Who

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9. A: When do we have to _____ our term papers?
B: They are due next Monday.
(a) turn off (b) turn out (c) turn in (d) turn on
10. A: Look ____! A car is coming.
B: Wow! What a close call! Thanks.
(a) at (b) out (c) in (d) on
11. A: Tony is a nice person. He helped me _____ the paper.
B: I told you he is a nice guy.
(a) rewrite (b) rewrote (c) rewritten (d) is rewriting
12. A: If _____, I would tell her the truth.
B: I know.
(a) I was you (b) I am you (c) I were you (d) I had been you

III 專業英文(30%) (每題 3 分)

1. David Easton defined *politics* as “_____ allocation of values for a society”.
- ① authoritative ② free ③ agreeable ④ rational
2. *Nationalism* involves strong _____ of a group of individuals with a political entity defined in national terms, such as a nation.
- ① rejection ② challenge ③ identification ④ management
3. The basic contention of _____ is that every human organization is controlled by a minority and power is distributed quite unevenly.
- ① individualism ② institutionalism ③ functionalism ④ elitism

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4. In *systems theory*, any decision of a political system can be seen as an

_____.

① input ② output ③ ideal process ④ intervening factor

5. The _____ has developed itself as the fourth power in democracy nowadays.

① lobbyists ② press ③ pressure groups ④ legislatures

6. The classic system of statecraft that came into existence with _____ in 1648 has provided the basis for us to understand international politics.

① *Leviathan* ② *Nonalignment* ③ *Anarchy* ④ *Westphalia*

7. The terms _____ can be understood as one state's gain in security often inadvertently threatens others. ① *decision making* ② *security dilemma* ③ *deterrence* ④ *crisis*

8. The dark side of _____ is that it causes public concern over job security and it threatens distribution of economic gains.

① *globalization* ② *confidence building measures* ③ *arms races* ④ *party election*

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9. _____ describes an approach toward conducting *foreign policy* in which a country does not subordinate its actions to the constraints of international agreements.

① *unilateralism* ② *bilateralism* ③ *multilateralism* ④ *hegemony*

10. *Civilian control* in the objective sense is to maximize military

① dictatorship ② professionalism ③ *regimes* ④ *governance*

IV、短文申論 (約 40 字，20%)

Do you think the rise of China a threat or an opportunity to people in Taiwan?

Why?