國立臺灣大學100學年度碩士班招生考試試題

科目: 臨床牙周病學

題號: 180

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第一大題 1-20,單選,每一小題 2 分,請將答案填寫於答案卷第一頁【選擇題作答區】內。

- 1. Xenografts for periodontal surgery use are defined as from:
- A. human donors.
- B. animals.
- C. synthetic source.
- D. intraoral donor site.
- 2. Which of the following tissue is not involved in periodontal regeneration
- A. new bone.
- B. new cementum.
- C. long junctional epithelium.
- D. a previously diseased root surface
- 3. Which of the following is not the indication of osseous resective surgery:
- A. shallow interdental craters.
- B. deep intrabony defects.
- C. thickened osseous margins.
- D. irregular marginal bone levels.
- 4. Which furcation on the maxillary first molar is usually closest to the cementum-enamel junction?
- A. Mesial
- B. Facial
- C. Distal
- D. Palatal
- 5. Which tooth type has the lowest successful rate after periodontal therapy?
- A. Mandibular molars
- B. Mandibular incisors
- C. Maxillary molars
- D. Mandibular premolars
- 6. Which symptom was the most significant risk factor for loss of teeth with a poor prognosis
- A. tooth mobility
- B. the presence of single-rooted teeth
- C. initial probing depth
- D. the presence of bleeding on probing

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D. increased cross-linking collagen.

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7. You may suspect the presence of trauma from occlusion when you found:
A. Narrowed periodontal ligament space
B. Horizontal bone loss
C. Decreased tooth mobility
D. Angular bone loss
8. A site with marginal tissue recession beyond the mucogingival junction but without interproximal attachment loss
would be classified as a Miller Class defect.
A. I
B. II
C. III
D. IV
9. Which of the following is not the features of aggressive periodontitis?
A. rapid attachment loss.
B. familial aggregation.
C. poor antibody response to microorganisms.
D. non-contributory med <mark>ical</mark> history.
10. Which are the predominant cells presented in GCF of gingival inflammation?
A. Lymphocytes
B. Monocytes
C. Neutrophils
D. Fibroblasts
11. Which cell type is a major producer of IL-1β in inflammatory gingival tissue?
A. PMNs
B. Macrophages
C. Keratinocytes
D. Plasma cells
12. Where is the favored sites for drug-induced gingival enlargement?
A. palatal surfaces of anterior teeth.
B. labial surfaces of anterior teeth.
C. lingual surfaces of posterior teeth.
D. buccal surfaces of posterior teeth.
13. Which of the following phenomena may not be found in the cementum of periodontally diseased root surfaces
A. endotoxin adherence.
B. increased mineralization.
D. mercased minorantaseon

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14. According to Socransky (2005) microrganisms classification, which group would be the last to coloniz	ze on to	oth
surface during the development of gingival inflammation?		

- A. Purple
- B. Green
- C. Yellow
- D. Orange
- 15. Which is a motile periodontal pathogen?
- A. T. denticola
- B. P. intermedia
- C. T. forsythia
- D. P. gingivalis
- 16. How much is the average dimension of the combination of epithelial and connective attachment to the root surface?
- A. 1.07 mm
- B. 2.04 mm
- C. 3.42 mm
- D. 4.12 mm
- 17. Which pathogen has the virulence factors including proteases, collagenase, and hemolysin?
- A. A. actinomycetemcomitans
- B. T. forsythia
- C. P. gingivalis
- D. T. denticola
- 18. What is the major immunoglobulin found in GCF?
- A. IgA
- B. IgE
- C. IgG
- D. IgM
- 19. What organism has leukotoxin that plays a significant role in the pathogenesis of periodontal disease?
- A. A. actinomycetemcomitans
- B. T. forsythia
- C. P. gingivalis
- D. T. denticola

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20. When examine the tooth with gingival inflammation, the probe tip usually penetrates to

- A. Apical portion of the junctional epithelium.
- B. Coronal portion of the junctional epithelium.
- C. Alveolar crest.
- D. Connective tissue.

第二大題 問答題:

- 1. In what situation will you give systemic antibiotics to patient during the phase I therapy? (10%) What kind of antibiotics will you give first? and why? (10%)
- 2. Please list side effects of the following drugs (20%)
- (1) Alendronate (Fosamax®)
- (2) Aspirin (Bokey)
- (3) Warfarin (Coumadin®)
- (4) Amlodipine besylate (norvasc®)
- 3. 請舉出兩例全身性的疾病. 該疾病會受牙周感染的影響(5%), 並說明其關聯性(15%)。