(102)輔仁大學碩士班招生考試試題

考試日期:102年3月8日第→節本試題共 1 頁(本頁為第1頁)

科目: 通訊系統

系所組: 電機工程學系甲組

1. Consider an impulse train function $x(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} \delta(t-0.5n)$. y(t) is a function of the impulse train as

given by y(t) = -x(0.5t + 0.05) + 1. An ideal bandpass filter h(t) with frequency response in Hz is given by $H(f) = \begin{cases} 1, & 4.5 < |f| < 5.5 \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases}$.

- (1) Find the exponential Fourier series of y(t). (10%)
- (2) Find the Fourier transform of y(t). (10%)
- (3) Pass y(t) through the ideal bandpass filter h(t). The filter output is assumed to be z(t). Find the Hilbert transform of z(t). (10%)
- 2. A frequency modulation (FM) signal is expressed as $x(t) = \cos(2000\pi t + 20\pi \sin(20\pi t))$.
 - (1) Find the peak frequency deviation in Hz. (5%)
 - (2) Determine the Carson's bandwidth in Hz. (5%)
 - (3) Find the average power of x(t). (5%)
 - (4) Can we regard x(t) as a narrowband FM signal? Please explain your answer. (5%)
- 3. Let a random process be given as z(t) = x(t)y(t) where x(t) is a stationary random process with autocorrelation function $R_x(\tau) = e^{-|\tau|}$ and $y(t) = 10\cos(200\pi t + \theta)$ with θ uniformly distributed over the interval $[0, 2\pi]$. x(t) and y(t) are statistically independent.
 - (1) Find the autocorrelation function of z(t). (5%)
 - (2) Find the power spectral density of z(t). (5%)
 - (3) Find the DC power in z(t). (5%)
 - (4) Find the AC power in z(t). (5%)
- 4. For a 2-level transmission system, the value of the transmitted data x is randomly picked from the set $\{1,-1\}$. The received data y is corrupted by an additive noise n with probability density function

$$f(n) = \begin{cases} (n+a)/a^2, -a \le n < 0 \\ (a-n)/a^2, \ 0 \le n < a \end{cases}$$
. Thus, we can have the form of $y = x + n$. Assume a maximum a posteriori 0 , otherwise

detector is employed. Find the probability of error. (10%)

- 5. For a 2-level transmission system, the value of the transmitted data x is either 1 or 4. The probability for x = 1 is p while for x = 4 is 1 p. The data x is sent over a channel with an additive white Gausian noise n with zero mean and unit variance. Then, the received data can be expressed as y = x + n. Assume a maximum a posteriori (MAP) detector is employed. When y < 2, the MAP detector output is 1. While y > 2, the MAP detector output is 4.
 - (1) Determine p. (10%)
 - (2) Find the probability of error in terms of Q function. (10%)

[PS:
$$Q(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \int_{x}^{\infty} e^{-\frac{u^2}{2}} du$$
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- ※ 注意:1.考生須在「彌封答案券」上作答。
 - 2. 本試題紙空白部分可當稿紙使用。
 - 3. 考生於作答時可否使用計算機、法典、字典或其他資料或工具,以簡章之規定為準。