

科目：普通物理

系所組：物理學系碩士班

1. Assume that a 70-kg skater, on level ice, has built up her speed to 36 km/h. (a) How far will she coast before the sliding friction dissipates her energy? (the coefficient of kinetic friction between steel and ice is 0.01) (10 %) (b) How does the distance of coasting depend on the mass of the skater? (5 %) (Use  $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )
2. An athlete throws a javelin a distance of 80.0 m at the Olympics held at the equator, where  $g = 9.78 \text{ m/s}^2$ . Four years later, the Olympics are held at the North Pole, where  $g = 9.83 \text{ m/s}^2$ . Assuming that the thrower provides the javelin with exactly the same initial velocity as she did at the equator, how far does the javelin travel at the North Pole? (10 %)
3. If you squeeze the handle of a spray bottle, you cause air to flow horizontally across the opening of a tube that extends down into the liquid almost to the bottom of the bottle. If the air is moving at 50 m/s, what is the pressure difference between the top of the tube and the atmosphere? Assume that the density of air is  $1.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$ . (10 %)
4. An ideal diatomic gas enters an adiabatic nozzle at 1.30 atm and  $25^\circ\text{C}$  with a velocity of 2.5 m/s. The nozzle entrance diameter is 120 mm. The gas exits the nozzle at 1.24 atm with a velocity of 90 m/s. Determine (a) the temperature of the exiting gas (10 %) and (b) the nozzle exit diameter. (10 %)
5. Light of wavelength  $\lambda = 532 \text{ nm}$  is incident perpendicular on two glass plates spaced at one end by a thin piece of kapton film, as illustrated in Fig.1. Due to the wedge of air created by this film, 25 bright interference fringes are observed across the top place, with a dark fringe at the end by the film. How thick is the film? (10 %)

※ 注意：1. 考生須在「彌封答案卷」上作答。

2. 本試題紙空白部份可當稿紙使用。

3. 考生於作答時可否使用計算機、法典、字典或其他資料或工具，以簡章之規定為準。

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6. Consider a RL circuit in Fig.2. (a) Find the time constant of the circuit. (10 %) (b) The switch in Fig.2 is closed at  $t = 0$ . Calculate the current in the circuit at  $t = 2.00$  ms. (10 %)

7. An electric dipole consists of two charges of equal magnitude and opposite sign separated by a distance  $2a$  as shown in Fig.3. The dipole is along the  $x$  axis and is centered at the origin. (a) Calculate the electric potential at point  $P$  along the  $y$  axis. (5 %) (b) Calculate the electric potential at point  $R$  on the positive  $x$  axis. (5 %) (c) Calculate the electric field at a point on the  $x$  axis far from the dipole. (5 %) (Use  $k_e$  as the Coulomb constant)

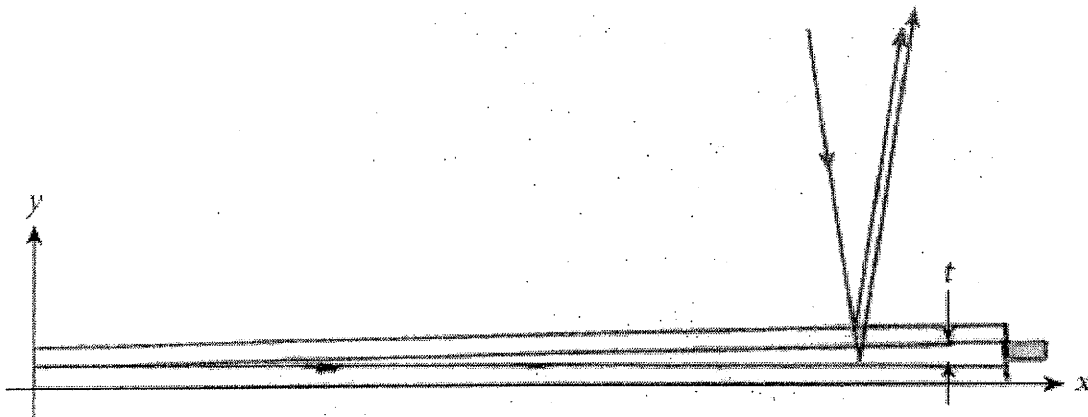


Fig.1.

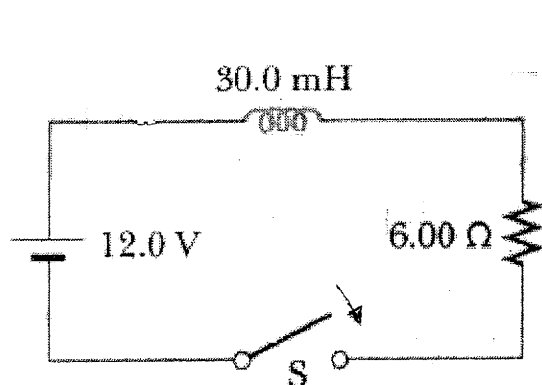


Fig.2.

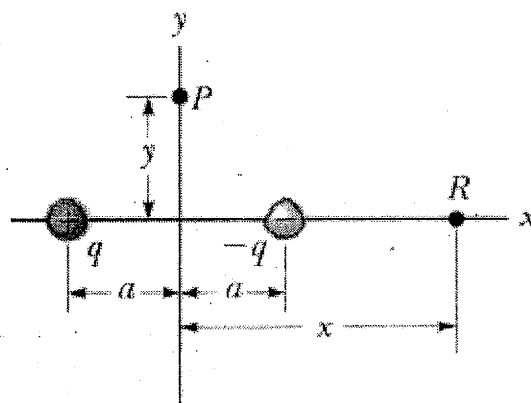


Fig.3.

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