

# 國立中山大學 102 學年度碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：統計學【經濟所碩士班】

題號：403002

※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機

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請依序橫寫，在答案卷作答。5 題共 100 分。

1. (20%)

The amount of gasolines sold daily at a service station is uniformly distributed with a minimum of 2,000 gallons and a maximum of 5,000 gallons.

- (a). Find the probability that daily sales will fall between 2,500 and 3,000 gallons.  
 (b). What is the probability that the service station will sell at least 4,000 gallons?

2. (20%)

Given the independent random variables  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  and  $X_3$  with the probability density

$$f_1(x_1) = \begin{cases} e^{-x_1} & \text{for } x_1 > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$f_2(x_2) = \begin{cases} 2e^{-2x_2} & \text{for } x_2 > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

$$f_3(x_3) = \begin{cases} 3e^{-3x_3} & \text{for } x_3 > 0 \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the probability  $P(X_1 + X_2 \leq 1, X_3 > 1)$ .

3. (20%)

Given a random sample of size  $N$  from a population having the density

$$f(x; \theta) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x-\theta)} & \text{for } x > \theta \\ 0 & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

Find the maximum likelihood estimator for the parameter  $\theta$ .

4. (20%)

Suppose the weight  $X_1$ , height  $X_2$ , and age  $X_3$  of a randomly chosen male have a multivariate normal distribution with means 170, 68, and 40 and variances 400, 16, and 256, and with covariance  $Cov(X_1, X_2) = 64$ ,  $Cov(X_1, X_3) = 128$ , and  $Cov(X_2, X_3) = 0$ . Find the conditional expectation of  $X_1$  given  $X_2 = 72$  and  $X_3 = 24$ , i.e.,  $E(X_1 | X_2 = 72, X_3 = 24) = ?$

5. (20%)

A paint manufacturer wants to determine the average drying time of a new interior wall paint. If for 12 test areas of equal size he obtained an average drying time of 66.3 minutes and a standard deviation of 8.4 minutes. Construct a 95% confidence interval for the true mean  $\mu$ .

(Note that if  $Z$  is a standard normal,  $\text{Prob}(Z \leq z) = 0.95$  when  $z = 1.64$ , and  $\text{Prob}(Z \leq z) = 0.975$  when  $z = 1.96$ . If  $U$  has a student  $t$  distribution with  $k$  degree of freedom, then  $\text{Prob}(U \leq t) = 0.975$  when  $t = 2.201$  and  $k = 11$ .  $\text{Prob}(U \leq t) = 0.975$  when  $t = 2.179$  and  $k = 12$ .)

