

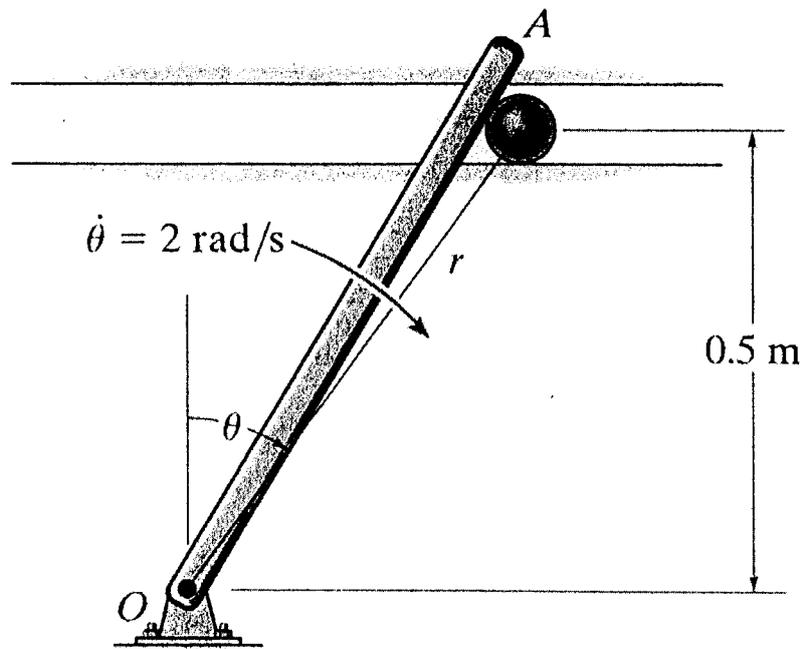
※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機

P1. (a) Consider a particle moves in one-dimension. If its acceleration-displacement relation is known and can be plotted as a graph, please tell us how to calculate the velocity of the particle. (5%)

(b) Please derive the principle of angular impulse and momentum for a particle. Please explain the angular momentum would remain constant under what kind of conditions. (10%)

(c) Please derive the principle of work and energy. Please explain the conservation of energy will apply under what kind of conditions. (10%)

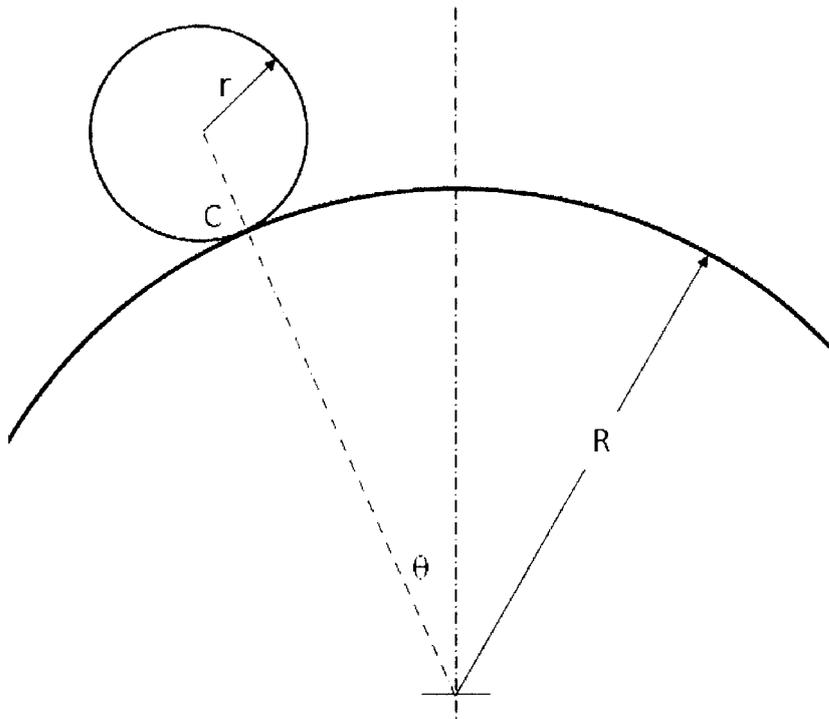
P2. The particle has a mass of 1 kg and is confined to move along the smooth horizontal slot due to the rotation of the arm OA . Determine the force of the rod on the particle and the normal force of the slot on the particle when $\theta = 30^\circ$. The rod is rotating with a constant angular velocity $\dot{\theta} = 2 \text{ rad/s}$. Assume the particle contacts only one side of the slot at any instant. (25%)



(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

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P3. The disk of mass m and radius r is released from rest with θ close to zero and rolls without slipping on the circular guide of radius R . (a) (5%) Derive expression for the angular velocity of the disk (b) (10%) Derive expression for the acceleration of contact point C (c) (10%) Derive the normal force N between the disk and the guide in terms of θ and its time derivatives.



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P4. Within the 87th and 91st floor of Taipei 101 there is a tuned mass damper for reducing vibration of the skyscraper due to typhoon and earthquakes. A picture of the damper and a mechanical model of the building and the tuned mass damper are shown below. The first flexural mode of vibration of the building can be modeled as a mass of M and a spring with stiffness K . The tuned mass damper can be modeled as a simple pendulum with length r and mass m . The wind force is $F_0 \cos(\Omega t)$. Assume that the angular displacement of the pendulum is very small. (a) (15%) Derive the equations of motion for the horizontal displacement, x_1 , of the building and the tune mass damper, x_2 . (b) (10%) Show that by proper design of the tuned mass damper the vibration of the building can be reduced.

