

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機

1. (25%)

It is important to ensure the passenger comfort on ships by stabilizing the ship's oscillations due to waves. Most ship stabilization systems use fins to generate a stabilization torque on the ship, see figure below. The output signal is the angle $y(t)$ and the control signal $u(t)$ is the torque generated by the fins. The block diagram is given below.

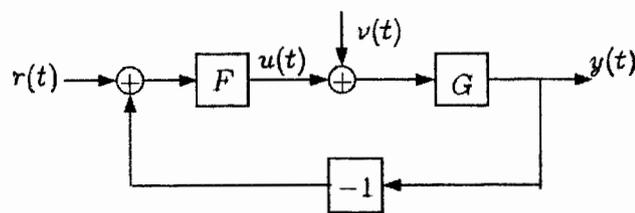
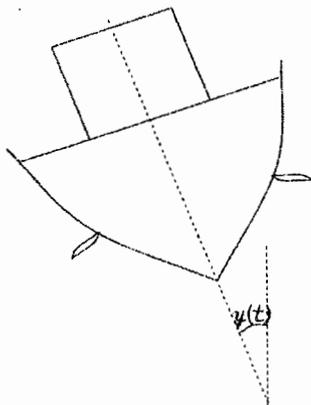
The transfer function for a given ship is $G(s) = \frac{9}{s^2 + 1.2s + 9}$

(1) (10%) Suppose that the oscillations are to be controlled using a P-controller

$u(t) = K(r(t) - y(t))$ where $r(t)$ is the desired angle. How do the poles of the closed loop system depend on $K > 0$? Draw a root locus! Describe qualitatively how the step response for the closed-loop system depends on $K > 0$ (stability? speed? oscillations?).

(2) (10%) Suppose that the reference signal $r(t) = 0$, that is, the desired angle for the ship is zero. What is the transfer function from the wave effect $v(t)$ to the angle $y(t)$? Suppose that the wave disturbance can be described as a step disturbance with amplitude a . What is the angle y in stationarity?

(3) (5%) State a control structure so that the angle y will be zero in stationarity even if there is a step disturbance.



(背面仍有題目,請繼續作答)

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2. (25%)

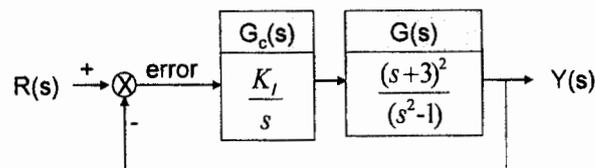
Assume the open-loop transfer function of a unit-feedback is,

$$G(s) = \frac{K(s+2)}{s(s-1)}$$

- (1) (10%) Sketch the corresponding complete Nyquist plot.
- (2) (5%) Determine the angular frequency and the point that the Nyquist plot intersects the real axis.
- (3) (10%) Based on the Nyquist plot obtained above, determine the range of K such that the closed-loop system is stable.

3. (25%)

Given a plant $G(s)$ and its closed-loop block diagram with controller $G_c(s)$ shown below,

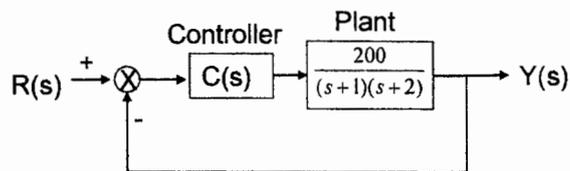


- (1) (10%) Draw the Nyquist diagram and use Nyquist stability criterion to determine the range of K_I such that the closed-loop system is stable.
- (2) (10%) Assume that you design a controller with $K_I = 2$, please draw the Bode diagram of the open loop $G_c(s)G(s)$ in the frequency interval 0.1~100 (rad/s).
- (3) (5%) Continue (2); now, you are asked to implement your controller with hardware which will result in a pure time delay "T". Please find the range of T such that the closed-loop system is still stable.
(note: the gain cross over frequency in (b) is 3.3 (rad/s))

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4. (25%)

Consider the closed-loop control system shown below



- (1) (5%) For $C(s) = 1$, verify that the system is stable and find the steady-state error for the following inputs. (i) unit step (ii) unit ramp
- (2) (5%) Repeat (1) when $C(s)$ is a PI controller, with $C(s) = 1 + 0.1/s$
- (3) (5%) Compare (1) and (2) to show that how the PI affect the steady-state error.
- (4) (5%) Compare the damping ratio, ξ , of the closed-loop system when $C(s) = 1$ (P controller) and $C(s) = 1 + 0.1s$ (PD controller)
- (5) (5%) What is the effect of the derivative term in the PD controller on the settling time, t_s , of the system? Justify your answer by comparing the settling time in (d). Use $t_s = \frac{4}{\xi\omega_n}$. (ω_n is the natural undamped frequency)