

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機

回答下列問題，所有考題務必在答案卷上作答。

1. Briefly describe the following terms. (25%)
  - a. Peptide mass fingerprinting
  - b. Heterochromatin
  - c. Matrix metalloproteinases
  - d. Reporter gene
  - e. Amino acid act as a buffer
2. Describe and compare the following terms: (40%)
  - a. Transcriptome vs. Functional genomics
  - b. Glycoproteins vs. Proteoglycans
  - c. Small interfering RNAs (siRNAs) vs. MicroRNAs (miRNAs)
  - d. DNA polymerase vs. RNA polymerase
  - e. DNA microarray vs. Protein microarray
3. Two polypeptides, A and B, have similar tertiary structures, but A normally exists as a monomer, whereas B exists as a tetramer, B<sub>4</sub>. What differences might be expected in the amino acid composition of A versus B? (10%)
4. Breakdown of glycerophospholipids produce some substances that act as powerful chemical signals to initiate a cascade of reactions. Please describe the signaling cascades induced by the hydrolysis of inositol phospholipids catalyzed by phospholipase C. (10%)
5. Describe three techniques can be used to detect the expression level of genes in cells and tissues. Compare their sensitivity and resolution. (15%)