

系所組別： 電腦與通信工程研究所丙組

考試科目： 電磁數學

考試日期： 0226，節次： 3

1. (20%) (a) Find a particular solution to the equation $\dot{x} + 3x = e^{2t}$.
 (b) Find a particular solution to the equation $\dot{x} + 3x = \cos(2t)$.
2. (15%) Consider the 1D wave equation for the waves on the rope:

$$u_{tt} = u_{xx}, \quad 0 < x < 1, \quad t > 0 \quad (\text{i})$$

subjected to the following conditions:

$$u(0, t) = 0 \quad (\text{ii}) \quad \text{and} \quad u(1, t) = \sin \omega t, \quad \text{for } t > 0 \quad (\text{iii})$$

$$u(x, 0) = u_t(x, 0) = 0, \quad \text{for } 0 < x < 1 \quad (\text{iv})$$

- (a) Find a solution of the wave form

$$U(x, t) = X(x) \sin \omega t$$

that satisfies the PDE (i) and the BCs (ii), (iii), and (iv).

- (b) Also find where is the rope stationary (i.e. $U(x, t) = 0$)? And (c) for what values of ω is your solution invalid?

3. (15%) Evaluate

$$\int_{\gamma} \frac{|z|e^z}{z^2} dz$$

where γ is the circle with radius 2 and center 0.

4. (20%) Mark each of the following statements True (T) or False (F). (Need not to give reasons.)
- (a) Suppose A and B are square matrices and $AB = O$, where O is the zero matrix. Then either $A = O$ or $B = O$.
- (b) Suppose V is a vector space, and W and U are two subspaces of V . Then the intersection $W \cap U$ is also a subspace of V .
- (c) If all eigenvalues of a matrix A are zero, then $\text{rank}(A) = 0$.
- (d) It is possible that we can define two or more inner products in a vector space.
5. (15%) Let A and B be two square matrices of size n . Which of the following statements are true in general? (Need not to give reasons.) (a) $\text{rank}(AB) = \text{rank}(BA)$. (b) $AB = BA$. (c) $\det(AB) = \det(BA)$. (d) $\text{tr}(AB) = \text{tr}(BA)$. ($\det(M)$ and $\text{tr}(M)$ denote the determinant and the trace of a square matrix M , respectively.)
6. (15%) Denoted by \mathcal{M}_n the vector space of all $n \times n$ matrices, where n is an integer. Suppose that S is a subset of \mathcal{M}_n and S is composed of all non-invertible matrices. Determine if S is a subspace of \mathcal{M}_n . (You need to verify or prove your answer.)