

# 國立中山大學 113 學年度 碩士班暨碩士在職專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：機率與統計【應數系碩士班甲組】

## — 作答注意事項 —

考試時間：100 分鐘

- 考試開始鈴響前不得翻閱試題，並不得書寫、劃記、作答。請先檢查答案卷（卡）之應考證號碼、桌角號碼、應試科目是否正確，如有不同立即請監試人員處理。
- 答案卷限用藍、黑色筆(含鉛筆)書寫、繪圖或標示，可攜帶橡皮擦、無色透明無文字墊板、尺規、修正液（帶）、手錶(未附計算器者)。每人每節限使用一份答案卷，請衡酌作答。
- 答案卡請以 2B 鉛筆劃記，不可使用修正液（帶）塗改，未使用 2B 鉛筆、劃記太輕或污損致光學閱讀機無法辨識答案者，後果由考生自負。
- 答案卷（卡）應保持清潔完整，不得折疊、破壞或塗改應考證號碼及條碼，亦不得書寫考生姓名、應考證號碼或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
- 可否使用計算機請依試題資訊內標註為準，如「可以」使用，廠牌、功能不拘，唯不得攜帶書籍、紙張（應考證不得做計算紙書寫）、具有通訊、記憶、傳輸或收發等功能之相關電子產品或其他有礙試場安寧、考試公平之各類器材入場。
- 試題及答案卷（卡）請務必繳回，未繳回者該科成績以零分計算。
- 試題採雙面列印，考生應注意試題頁數確實作答。
- 違規者依本校招生考試試場規則及違規處理辦法處理。

# 國立中山大學 113 學年度碩士班暨碩士在職專班招生考試試題

科目名稱：機率與統計【應數系碩士班甲組】

題號：424006

※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(問答申論題)

共 1 頁第 1 頁

- Please answer the questions in order and write down the question number for each question. If you are not able to answer the question, leave it blank.
  - Notations: i.i.d., independent and identically distributed; cdf, cumulative distribution function; pdf, probability density function;  $Z$  is a standard normal random variable.
1. (15%) Let  $X$  and  $Y$  be two nondegenerate random variables with finite variances. It is readily seen that  $\hat{\theta} = X$  is an unbiased estimator for  $\theta = E(X)$ . Instead of using  $\hat{\theta}$ , we consider an alternative estimator  $\hat{\theta}_{\alpha,\beta} = X - \beta(Y - \alpha)$ , where  $-\infty < \alpha < \infty$  and  $\beta \neq 0$  are parameters. In the subsequent questions, please express your answers in terms of  $E$ ,  $\text{Var}$ , and  $\text{Cov}$ .
    - (a) (5%) Find  $\alpha$  such that  $\hat{\theta}_{\alpha,\beta}$  is an unbiased estimator.
    - (b) (5%) Find  $\beta$  such that  $\text{Var}(\hat{\theta}_{\alpha,\beta})$  is minimized.
    - (c) (5%) Find the percentage of variance reduction obtained by using  $\hat{\theta}_{\alpha,\beta}$  instead of  $\hat{\theta}$ , that is,  $\{\text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) - \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}_{\alpha,\beta})\} / \text{Var}(\hat{\theta}) \times 100\%$  based on  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  you found in (a) and (b).
  2. (30%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. uniform random variables on the unit interval  $[0,1]$ .
    - (a) (5%) Find the joint cdf of the random vector  $(X_1, X_1)$ .
    - (b) (5%) Find the joint cdf of the random vector  $(X_1, 1 - X_1)$ .
    - (c) (10%) Find the pdf of  $Y = \prod_{i=1}^n X_i$ .
    - (d) (10%) Find the pdf of  $Y = \max(X_1, \dots, X_n) - \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$ .
  3. (15%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. continuous random samples from the cdf  $F(x)$ . Define the empirical cdf  $F_n(x) = n^{-1} \sum_{i=1}^n I(X_i \leq x)$ , where  $I(\cdot)$  is the indicator function. Let  $s$  be a constant.
    - (a) (5%) Find the asymptotic distribution of  $n^{1/2}\{F_n(s) - F(s)\}$ .
    - (b) (5%) Find an asymptotic 95% confidence interval for  $F(s)$  based on the result in (a). Please express your answer by using  $z_\alpha$  that satisfies  $P(Z > z_\alpha) = \alpha$ .
    - (c) (5%) Find the covariance  $\text{Cov}\{F_n(s), F_n(t)\}$ , where  $t$  is another constant and  $s \neq t$ .
  4. (10%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. random samples from the inverse Gaussian pdf
 
$$f_{\mu,\lambda}(x) = \left(\frac{\lambda}{2\pi x^3}\right)^{1/2} \exp\left\{-\frac{\lambda(x-\mu)^2}{2\mu^2 x}\right\}, \quad x > 0, \mu > 0, \lambda > 0.$$

Find the maximum likelihood estimators for  $\mu$  and  $\lambda$ .
  5. (10%) Let  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  be i.i.d. normal random variables with mean  $\mu_X$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Also, let  $Y_1, \dots, Y_m$  be i.i.d. normal random variables with mean  $\mu_Y$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Suppose that  $X_i$ 's and  $Y_i$ 's are independent and the parameters  $\mu_X$ ,  $\mu_Y$ , and  $\sigma^2$  are unknown. Find the two-tailed  $t$ -test for testing the null hypothesis  $H_0: \mu_X = \mu_Y$  against the alternative hypothesis  $H_1: \mu_X \neq \mu_Y$  with the significance level  $\alpha$ . Please express your answer by using  $t_{\alpha,\nu}$  that satisfies  $P(T_\nu > t_{\alpha,\nu}) = \alpha$ , where  $T_\nu$  is a Student  $t$  random variable with  $\nu$  degrees of freedom.
  6. (10%) Suppose that there are two people. Each of them tosses a fair coin  $n$  times. Find the probability that they will toss the same number of heads. You must simplify your answer.
  7. (10%) Prove that  $P(Z > z) < \frac{1}{z} \phi(z)$  if  $z > 0$ , where  $\phi(z)$  is the pdf of  $Z$ .

- End -