國立成功大學 113學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號: 185

系 所:電腦與通信工程研究所

科 目:機率與線性代數

日期:0201

節 次:第3節

備 註:不可使用計算機

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請於答案卷(卡)作答,於本試題紙上作答者,不予計分。

- 1. (30%) Two coins are simultaneously tossed until one of them comes up a head and the other a tail. The first coin comes up a head with probability p, and the second coin comes up a head
 - (a) Find the probability mass function (PMF) of the number of tosses. (10%)
 - (b) Find the expected value of the number of tosses. (10%)

with probability q. All tosses are assumed independent.

- (c) What is the probability that the last toss of the first coin is a head? (10%)
- 2. (20%) A dart is equally likely to land at any point inside a circular target of radius 4. Let R be the distance of the landing point from the origin.
 - (a) Find and plot the probability density function (pdf) of R. (10%)
 - (b) The 'bull eye' is the central disk in the target of radius 1.

Find the probability that the dart is outside of the bull eye. (10%)

Hint: Let S be a subset of the plane with area A(S) [which means "area of S"]. A point is said to be randomly selected from S if, for any subset T of S with area A(T), the probability that the point selected falls in T is $\frac{A(T)}{A(S)}$, i.e., the ratio of "area of T" to "area of S".

- 3. (20%) Mark each of the following statements True (T) or False (F). (Need not to give reasons.)
 - (a) If the column vectors of a matrix A are linearly independent, then the row vectors of A are also linearly independent.
 - (b) Let S be a linearly independent set in a vector space V. If \mathbf{u} is a vector in V and $\mathbf{u} \notin S$, then $S \cup \mathbf{u}$ is also a linearly independent set.
 - (c) Let T and S be two linear transformations (operations) on a vector space V, then $T^2 + 2S$ is also a linear transformation on V.
 - (d) Let M be a square matrix. We have that M and M^2 must be linearly independent.
- 4. (30%) Consider a linear transformation T on \mathbb{R}^3 , define by $T(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}) = \begin{bmatrix} x+y \\ y+z \\ z+x \end{bmatrix}$.

Find the standard matrix of T. Also, find the inverse of T. (Express your answer as

$$T^{-1}(\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{bmatrix}) = \cdots$$
). What is the rank of T ?