

# 國立成功大學

## 113學年度碩士班招生考試試題

編 號：232

系 所：資訊管理研究所

科 目：資料結構

日 期：0202

節 次：第 3 節

備 註：不可使用計算機

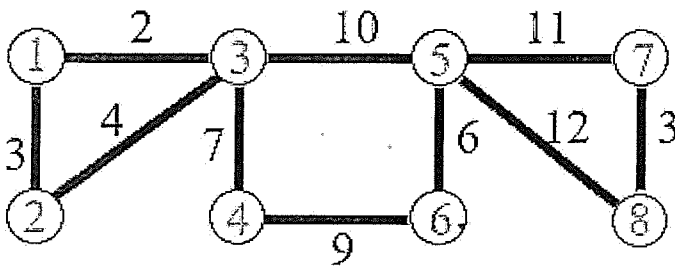
※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

A1. (13%) The one-dimensional array `int LinearProbingHash[19]` is configured for hashing using the function  $f(\text{Key}) = \text{Key} \% 19$ . To address overflow concerns, please insert pairs with keys "6, 12, 34, 29, 28, 11, 23, 7, 0, 33, 30, 49, 45" using linear probing. (7%) continue with this inquiry, if "12" is deleted, how does the content of `LinerProbingHash[]` change? (3%) If we found the average success search performance is about  $\frac{1}{2}(1 + 1/(1 - \alpha))$  and unsuccessful search is about  $\frac{1}{2}(1 + 1/(1 - \alpha)^2)$  where  $\alpha$  is the loading density. Please clarify the average number of accesses required for a successful retrieval of a number. (3%)

A2. (11%) Please use the diagram below to answer the questions:

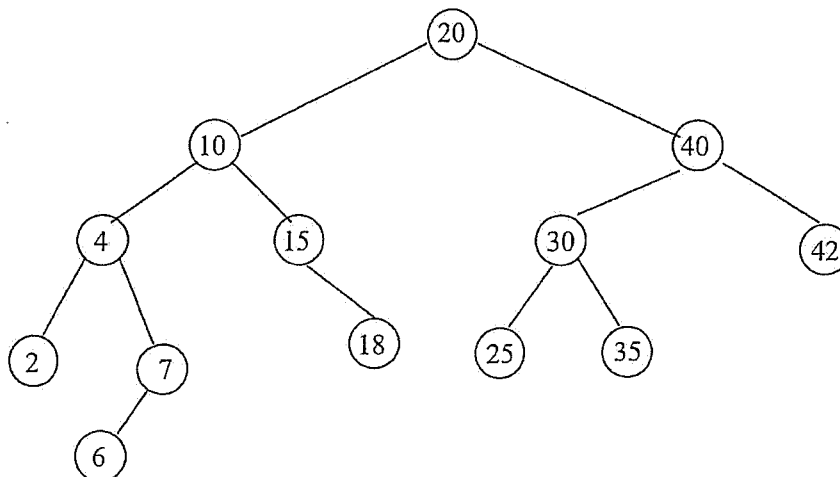
甲、Please explain what a "component" is in a graph? (3%)

乙、Please explain in detail how to use Sollin's Method to construct a Minimum-Cost Spanning Tree. (8%)



A3. (14%) If a number list {10, 15, 8, 3, 13, 6, 2, 14, 5, 9, 10, 1, 7, 12, 4} needed to be sorted in descending order, please explain step by step how to complete the process by heap sort (7%) and natural merge sort (7%) respectively.

A4. (12%) Please define AVL search tree and use the figure below to evaluate if it fulfill the requirements of an AVL search tree. (5%) Please explain if a node "5" is added into this tree, how does it change in detail? (7%)



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B1. [8 points]

(a) [3%] Define the big-O notation:  $f(n) = O(g(n))$

(b) [5%] Prove that  $\sum_{i=0}^n i^3 = O(n^4)$  and  $\sum_{i=0}^n i^3 \neq O(n^3)$

B2. [8 points]

A tridiagonal matrix is a kind of sparse matrix that arises often in numerical analysis. In a tridiagonal matrix  $A = (a_{ij})_{1 \leq i, j \leq n}$  of size  $n \times n$ , the  $(i, j)$  component  $a_{ij} = 0$  if the absolute value of  $i - j$  is greater than 1. Answer the following questions:

(a) [3%] What is the maximum number of nonzero elements in  $A$ ?

(b) [5%] Suppose that an array  $B = (b_k)$  is used to store  $a_{ij}$  if the absolute value of  $i - j$  is equal to or less than 1. Find a simple method to calculate the location of  $B$  storing  $a_{ij}$ .

B3. [11 points]

(a) [3%] Give a definition for Stack.

(b) [3%] Convert the following expression to postfix:

$$(b \times b - 4 \times a \times c) / (2 \times a)$$

(c) [5%] Describing the process of getting an infix expression from a postfix expression actually involves scanning the postfix expression and using Stack to keep track of the operands.

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B4. [10 points]

Try to use a generalized list to represent the following polynomial:

$$f(x, y, z) = 3x^8y^4x^2 + 5x^6y^4z^2 + 4x^6y^2z^2 + x^4y^2z$$

You need to point out the data structure of the data node and use it to represent the polynomial.

B5. [13 points]

- (a) [3%] Give a definition for a binary search tree.
- (b) [3%] Given the following two tree traversal sequences, determine the corresponding binary tree

preorder sequence: 17, 8, 4, 11, 26, 31, 27

inorder sequence: 4, 8, 11, 17, 26, 27, 31

- (c) [7%] Design a new linked list to represent the binary tree in (b) and organize a pseudo code to search the binary search for the  $k_{th}$  smallest element.