

國立高雄第一科技大學 100 學年度 碩士班 招生考試 試題紙

系所別：資訊管理系

組別：技術組

考科代碼：2322

考科：資料結構

注意事項：

- 1、本科目得使用本校提供之電子計算器。
- 2、請於答案卷上規定之範圍作答，違者該題不計分。

(一)(14%) Determine whether the following statements are correct or not:

(a)  $n^2 + n^3 \log n = \Omega(n^3)$  (b)  $n^n = O(n!)$ .

(二)(13%) Consider the following algorithm to compute the  $n$ th Fibonacci number.

(a) Compute 10<sup>th</sup> Fibonacci number. (b) Analyze the time and space requirements of this algorithm.

```
Fibo(n) {  
    if n < 2 return n;  
    else return Fibo(n-1)+Fibo(n-2);  
}
```

(三)(14%) (a) Write the definition of a binary search tree. (Hint: you can assume all keys are distinct.) (b) Determine whether we can get increasing key sequences by traversing binary search trees in inorder.

(四)(9%) Figure 1 is a tree representation of disjoint sets. Finish the following array representation for these disjoint sets.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
									-1

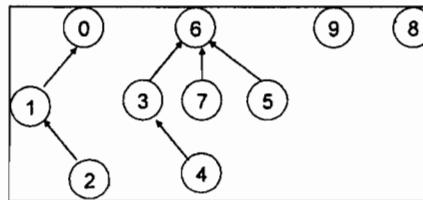
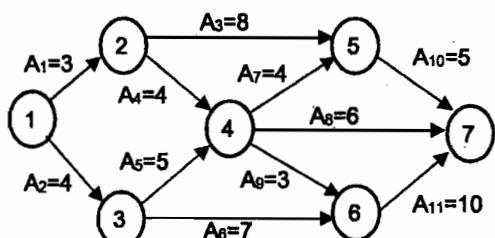


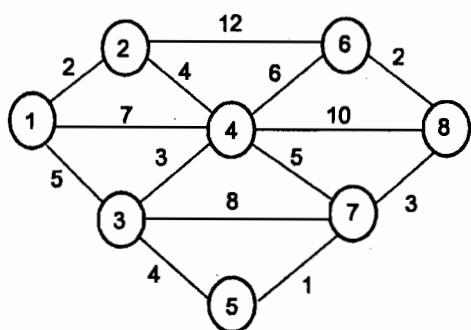
Figure 1

- (五) For an AOE network with the time required to complete each activity is shown in the following figure. (e.g.  $A_1=3$  means activity 1 takes 3 units of time to complete)
- List the activities on the critical path(s) for the AOE network.
  - Construct a table to show the earliest and latest start times for each activity.



(六) An undirected graph G is shown below.

- Draw the adjacent list for it.
- List the shortest path from vertex 1 to vertex 8 using Dijkstra's algorithm.



(七) 資料 123, 208, 306, 893, 859, 984, 55, 59, 271, 33 利用下列不同方法排序

- Bubble Sort(由右向左推，遞增排列)，第一回合輸出如下  
33,123, 208, 306, 893, 859, 984, 55, 59, 271  
請接續寫出後 2 個回合執行的結果。
- LSD 基數排序 (LSD Radix sort)，基底為 10，寫出排序的過程。
- MSD 基數排序(MSD Radix sort)，基底為 10，寫出排序的過程。
- Quick Sort 以 123 當作 pivot，寫出執行第一回合後的結果。

(八) 一棵 binary tree 共有 100 個節點，

- 此棵數第 7 level 的節點數最多有幾個？
- 假設此棵樹 leaf node 個數是 40，則 degree=1 的節點數為何？