# 學系:化粧品科學系

科目:有機化學

### Part I (50%)

- **、 單選題** (30 pts, 3 pts/ each)

- 1. What is the ground state electron configuration of chloride ion?
  - (A)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^4$  (B)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^5$  (C)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^13p^6$  (D)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^23p^6$

- 2. Which element has the highest electronegativity?
  - (A) O
- **(B)** C
- (C) N
- **(D)** B
- 3. Which molecules are polar?

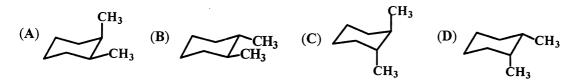
 $CH_4(I)$ ,  $NH_3(II)$ ,  $H_2O(III)$ ,  $CO_2(IV)$ 

- (A) I, III (B) II, III (C) I, IV (D) II, III, IV

- 4. Which substance is the strongest base?
  - $(A) Br^{-}$
- $(\mathbf{B}) \mathrm{NH}_3$
- (**C**) H<sub>2</sub>O
- (**D**)  $CH_3CH_2O^-$
- 5. Which substances are Lewis acids?

 $F^{-}(I)$ , AlCl<sub>3</sub> (II), H<sub>2</sub>O (III), (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>C<sup>+</sup> (IV)

- (A) I, III (B) I, IV (C) II, III, IV (D) II, IV
- 6. Which structure represents the most stable conformation of trans-1,2-dimethylcyclohexane?



- 7. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?
  - (A) cyclohexenol
- (B) 1-cyclohexen-4-ol
- (C) 3-cyclohexen-1-ol
- (D) 4-cyclohexenol
- 8. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?

CH<sub>3</sub>CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>COH

- (A) N-methyl-tert-butylamine
- **(B)** *tert*-butyl methylamine
- (C) N-methyl-2-methyl-2-propanamine (D) N-methyl-1,1-dimethyl ethylamine
- 9. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?
  - (A) 2-oxohexanoic acid
- (B) 5-oxohexanoic acid
- (C) methyl butyroxo ketone
- (D) 4-ketopentanoic acid
- 10. Which is the IUPAC name for the following structure?
  - (A) (E)-3-phenylpropenoic acid
- **(B)** (Z)-benzylacrylic acid
- (C) (E)-1-phenylpropenoic acid
- (**D**) (Z)-3-carboxy-1-phenylethene

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#### Part I

## 二、非選擇題

1. Please write the structural formula for the **major product** in each of the following reactions. ( **Note**: Please give the correct stereochemistry, if necessary.) (20 pts, 5pts/each)

1) 
$$OH \xrightarrow{H_2SO_4} A \xrightarrow{OsO_4} B$$

2) 
$$H_2C=CHCH_3$$
  $\xrightarrow{CH_3COOH}$   $C$   $\xrightarrow{Na^+SH^-}$   $D$ 

3) 
$$CH_3 CCI$$
  $E$   $+$   $F$ 

4) 
$$CH_3 + HI \longrightarrow G + H$$

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## Part II (50%) 問答題

1. Both carbon dioxide  $(CO_2)$  and sulfur dioxide  $(SO_2)$  are triatomic molecules. Account for the fact that carbon dioxide is a nonpolar molecule, whereas sulfur dioxide is a polar molecule? (4%, 4%)

2. Calculate the number of sigma (σ) bond and pi (p) bond in CH<sub>3</sub>COOH?

(4%, 4%)

3. Calculate the number of primary carbon, secondary carbon, tertiary carbon and quaternary carbon of the following compound? (8%, each 2%)

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \operatorname{CH}_3 & \operatorname{CH}_2\operatorname{CH}_3 \\ | & | \\ \operatorname{CH}_3 - \operatorname{C} - \operatorname{CH}_2\operatorname{CH}_2\operatorname{CHCH}_3 \\ | & | \\ \operatorname{CH}_3 \end{array}$$

4. Write the line-bond structures for the two primary amines with the molecular formula C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>9</sub>N? (4%, 4%)

5. Write the IUPAC name for the following compound?

(12%, 4% each)

(i)

(ii)

(iii)

6. Assign absolute configurations (R or S) for the following compound which has three stereocenters? (6%, 2% each)