

國立高雄第一科技大學 101 學年度 碩士班 招生考試 試題紙

系所別：運籌管理系

組別：一般管理組、工業管理組

運輸管理組

考科代碼：1311、1313、1315

考科：統計學

注意事項：

- 1、本科目得使用本校提供之電子計算器。
- 2、請於答案卷上規定之範圍作答，違者該題不予計分。

1. A recent survey in Taiwan revealed that 20% of the vehicles traveling on Formosa highway (National Highway No. 3), where speed limits are posted at 110 kilometers per hour, were exceeding the limit. Suppose you randomly record the speeds of ten vehicles traveling on Formosa Highway where the speed limit is 110 kilometers per hour, and let  $X$  denote the number of vehicles that were exceeding the limit.

- (1) What is the distribution of  $X$ ? (5 points)
- (2) Find  $P(X = 2)$ . (5 points)
- (3) Find  $P(4 < X < 9)$ . (5 points)
- (4) Find the expected and standard deviation of number of vehicles that are traveling on Formosa highway and exceeding the speed limit. (5 points)

2. The recent average starting salary for new college graduates in Logistics is \$25,000. Assume salaries are normally distributed with a standard deviation of \$2,000,

- (1) What is the probability of a new graduate receiving a salary between \$20,000 and \$30,000? (5 points)
- (2) What is the probability of a new graduate getting a starting salary in excess of \$40,000? (5 points)
- (3) What is the cutoff salary for the bottom 5%? (5 points)

3. Suppose that the amount of time college students spend on the internet per day is normally distributed with a standard deviation of 1.5 hours. A sample of 100 college students is selected at random, and the sample mean computed is 2.5 hours.

- (1) Determine the 95% confidence interval estimate of the population mean. (5 points)
- (2) Interpret the 95% confidence interval for this situation. (5 points)
- (3) What happens to the width of a confidence interval in each of the following situations? (5 points)
  - a. Confidence level increases

- b. Sample size decreases
  - c. Population standard deviation increases
  - d. Sample mean increases
4. Please compute the mean, median, and mode of the following distribution:
- (1) Exponential distribution with parameter  $\lambda$ . (5 points)
  - (2) Uniform distribution on (a, b). (5 points)

5. In order to test the equality of lifetime for two brands of electronic component, A and B, a statistical experiment has been performed by an association for protecting the consumers' right. Assume that the lifetime of the component follows a normal distribution. Two samples, each of which contains 36 observations, have been randomly drawn from the two brands' components, and the related statistical information is summarized as follows:

	Mean (thousand hours)	Standard deviation (thousand hours)
Brand A	10	4
Brand B	15	5

- (1) Please find the variance of lifetime for brand A's component with 90% confidence interval. (5 points)
- (2) If the variances for the two brands' components are 9 and 16, respectively, please perform a statistically hypothesis test to verify the equality of lifetime for the two brands of components with a significant level of 0.1. (5 points)
- (3) Assume the variances for the two brands' components are unknown, then how do you perform a hypothesis test to verify the equality of lifetime for the two brands of components? And, what are the statistics and the decision for the hypothesis test with a significant level of 0.1? (10 points)

Note that, no statistical table for the probability distribution, except normal distribution, is provided here. Please discretionarily set the critical value to be "CV", and compare it with the derived statistics, if you have to make a decision for your statistical hypothesis

6. A soda vendor at local baseball games observes that the more soda are sold the warmer the temperature at game time is. Based on 50 games during the game season in 2010, the vendor estimates the relationship between soda sales and temperature to be:

$$\hat{Y} = -120 + 4X, \quad \begin{matrix} (102.5) \\ (1.8) \end{matrix}$$

where Y is the number of sodas sold in a game, and X is the temperature in degrees Fahrenheit. The figures shown in the parenthesis represent the corresponding standard deviations of the estimated coefficients.

- (1) Please interpret the estimated intercept and slope. Do the estimates make sense or not, why?  
(5 points)
- (2) According to the estimated standard deviations of the coefficients, what is your comment for the result of the regression model? (5 points)
- (3) On a day when temperature at a game is forecast to be  $80^{\circ}\text{F}$ , please predict how many sodas the vendor will sell in the game? (5 points)
- (4) Based on a 95% confidence interval for the estimated coefficients, what are the maximum and minimum predicted sales for a ball game in a temperature with  $80^{\circ}\text{F}$ ? (5 points)

**TABLE**

**Cumulative Areas under the Standard Normal Distribution**

<b><i>z</i></b>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>
-3.0	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013	0.0012	0.0012	0.0011	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0010
-2.9	0.0019	0.0018	0.0018	0.0017	0.0016	0.0016	0.0015	0.0015	0.0014	0.0014
-2.8	0.0026	0.0025	0.0024	0.0023	0.0023	0.0022	0.0021	0.0021	0.0020	0.0019
-2.7	0.0035	0.0034	0.0033	0.0032	0.0031	0.0030	0.0029	0.0028	0.0027	0.0026
-2.6	0.0047	0.0045	0.0044	0.0043	0.0041	0.0040	0.0039	0.0038	0.0037	0.0036
-2.5	0.0062	0.0060	0.0059	0.0057	0.0055	0.0054	0.0052	0.0051	0.0049	0.0048
-2.4	0.0082	0.0080	0.0078	0.0075	0.0073	0.0071	0.0069	0.0068	0.0066	0.0064
-2.3	0.0107	0.0104	0.0102	0.0099	0.0096	0.0094	0.0091	0.0089	0.0087	0.0084
-2.2	0.0139	0.0136	0.0132	0.0129	0.0125	0.0122	0.0119	0.0116	0.0113	0.0110
-2.1	0.0179	0.0174	0.0170	0.0166	0.0162	0.0158	0.0154	0.0150	0.0146	0.0143
-2.0	0.0228	0.0222	0.0217	0.0212	0.0207	0.0202	0.0197	0.0192	0.0188	0.0183
-1.9	0.0287	0.0281	0.0274	0.0268	0.0262	0.0256	0.0250	0.0244	0.0239	0.0233
-1.8	0.0359	0.0351	0.0344	0.0336	0.0329	0.0322	0.0314	0.0307	0.0301	0.0294
-1.7	0.0446	0.0436	0.0427	0.0418	0.0409	0.0401	0.0392	0.0384	0.0375	0.0367
-1.6	0.0548	0.0537	0.0526	0.0516	0.0505	0.0495	0.0485	0.0475	0.0465	0.0455
-1.5	0.0668	0.0655	0.0643	0.0630	0.0618	0.0606	0.0594	0.0582	0.0571	0.0559
-1.4	0.0808	0.0793	0.0778	0.0764	0.0749	0.0735	0.0721	0.0708	0.0694	0.0681
-1.3	0.0968	0.0951	0.0934	0.0918	0.0901	0.0885	0.0869	0.0853	0.0838	0.0823
-1.2	0.1151	0.1131	0.1112	0.1093	0.1075	0.1056	0.1038	0.1020	0.1003	0.0985
-1.1	0.1357	0.1335	0.1314	0.1292	0.1271	0.1251	0.1230	0.1210	0.1190	0.1170
-1.0	0.1587	0.1562	0.1539	0.1515	0.1492	0.1469	0.1446	0.1423	0.1401	0.1379
-0.9	0.1841	0.1814	0.1788	0.1762	0.1736	0.1711	0.1685	0.1660	0.1635	0.1611
-0.8	0.2119	0.2090	0.2061	0.2033	0.2005	0.1977	0.1949	0.1922	0.1894	0.1867
-0.7	0.2420	0.2389	0.2358	0.2327	0.2296	0.2266	0.2236	0.2206	0.2177	0.2148
-0.6	0.2743	0.2709	0.2676	0.2643	0.2611	0.2578	0.2546	0.2514	0.2483	0.2451
-0.5	0.3085	0.3050	0.3015	0.2981	0.2946	0.2912	0.2877	0.2843	0.2810	0.2776
-0.4	0.3446	0.3409	0.3372	0.3336	0.3300	0.3264	0.3228	0.3192	0.3156	0.3121
-0.3	0.3821	0.3783	0.3745	0.3707	0.3669	0.3632	0.3594	0.3557	0.3520	0.3483

(continued)

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<i>Z</i>	<b>0</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>
-0.2	0.4207	0.4168	0.4129	0.4090	0.4052	0.4013	0.3974	0.3936	0.3897	0.3859
-0.1	0.4602	0.4562	0.4522	0.4483	0.4443	0.4404	0.4364	0.4325	0.4286	0.4247
-0.0	0.5000	0.4960	0.4920	0.4880	0.4840	0.4801	0.4761	0.4721	0.4681	0.4641
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990

*Examples:* If  $Z \sim \text{Normal}(0,1)$ , then  $P(Z \leq -1.32) = .0934$  and  $P(Z \leq 1.84) = .9671$ .

*Source:* This table was generated using the Stata® function normprob.