## (114)輔仁大學碩士班招生考試試題

考試日期:114年2月21日第二節

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科目	•	經濟學
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系所組:企業管理學系管理學碩士班乙組

一、單選題 5\*10=50%

1. Mary used to consume 100 units of X and 50 units of Y when the price of X was 2 and the price of Y was 4. If the price of X rose to 6 and the price of Y rose to 8, how much would Mary's income have to rise so that he could still afford his original bundle?

(A)800

- (B) 600
- (C)400
- (D) 1200

2. If there are only two goods, if more of good 1 is always preferred to less, and if less of good 2 is always preferred to more, then:

(A) IC slope downwards.

(B) IC slope upwards.

(C) IC may cross.

- (D) IC could take the form of ellipses.
- 3. If a price ceiling is not binding, then
- (A) there will be a surplus in the market
- (B) there will be a shortage in the market.
- (C) there will be no effect on the market price or quantity sold.
- (D) the market will be less efficient than it would be without the price ceiling.

4. Mary's utility function is  $U(x, y) = x + 63y - 3y^2$ . Her income is 184. If the price of x is 1 and the price of y is 33, how many units of good x will Wanda demand?

(A) 17.

- (B)22.
- (C) 24.
- (D) 19

5. If a profit-maximizing firm in a competitive market discovers that, at its current level of production, price is greater than marginal cost, it should

(A) shut down

- (B) continue to produce at the current levels
- (C) increase its output.
- (D) reduce its output but continue operating

6. Unlike the GDP deflator, the CPI includes the prices of:

(A)goods purchased by firms

(B)goods purchased by governments

(C)exported goods

(D)imported goods

7. The right of seigniorage is the right to:

(A) levy taxes on the public.

- (B) borrow money from the public.
- (C) draft citizens into the armed forces.
- (D) print money.

8. Efficiency-wage theories suggest that a firm may pay workers more than the market-clearing wage for all of the following reasons except to:

(A) reduce labor turnover

- (B) improve the quality of the firm's labor force
- (C) increase worker effort
- (D) reduce the firm's wage bill

9. Suppose the U.S. dollar appreciates against the Japanese yen by 150%. How much did the yen depreciate against the dollar?

(A) 150%

- (B) 100%
- (C)67%
- (D)60%

※ 注意:1.考生須在「彌封答案卷」上作答。

2.本試題紙空白部份可當稿紙使用,試題須隨答案卷繳回。

3.考生於作答時可否使用計算機、法典、字典或其他資料或工具,以簡章之規定為準。

## (114)輔仁大學碩士班招生考試試題

考試日期:114年2月21日第二節

本試題共 二 頁 (本頁為第 2 頁)

科目:經濟學

系所組:企業管理學系管理學碩士班乙組

- 10. If a great wave of immigration increased employment in the United States, this wave would:
- (A) increase the marginal productivity of capital in the United States.
- (B) decrease the marginal productivity of capital in the United States.
- (C) leave the marginal productivity of capital in the United States unchanged.
- (D) increase the marginal productivity of capital in the country from which the immigrants came.
- You and Tom are assigned a project on which you will receive one combined grade. You each want to receive a good grade, but you also want to avoid hard work. In particular, here is the situation:
  - If both of you work hard, you both get an A, which gives you 40 units of happiness but give Tom 80 units of happiness.
  - If only one of you works hard, you both get a B, which gives you 30 units of happiness but give Tom 50 units of happiness..
  - If neither of you work hard, you both get a D, which gives each of you 10 units of happiness.
  - Working hard costs 25 units of happiness.

What is likely outcome? Explain your answer. (20%)

三、請問何謂貨幣政策?何謂財政政策?若要提升國家所得、降低失業,政府應該採取甚麼政策? 這些政策在促進經濟成長之餘,有甚麼副作用嗎? 10%

如果你是中國執政當局,針對近況,你會建議採取甚麼政策?為什麼? 10% 如果你是日本執政當局,針對近況,你會建議採取甚麼政策?為什麼? 10%

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