113 CC04

國立臺北科技大學 113 學年度碩士班招生考試

系所組別:2240 電子工程系碩士班丁組 第一節 電子學 試題

第1頁 共1頁

注意事項:

- 1. 本試題共四題,共100分。
- 2. 不必抄題,作答時請將試題題號及答案依照順序寫在答案卷上。
- 3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答,否則不予計分。
- 4. 每題需詳列解題過程,僅寫答案不予計分。
- -(30%) Fig. 1 shows an ideal voltage amplifier having a gain of -200V/V with an impedance Z connect between its output and input terminals. The frequency of V_{sig} is 1 MHz, and PI=3.1415. (註:各小題答案需四捨五入到小數第一位)
- 1. Consider the Miller equivalent circuit for Fig. 1 when Z is a 500-k Ω resister. Find the corresponding impedance (Z₁) at port 1, corresponding impedance (Z₂) at port 2, and gain V_0/V_{sig} . (15%)
- 2. Consider the Miller equivalent circuit of Fig. 1 when Z is a 5-pF capacitor. Find the corresponding impedance (Z_1) at port 1, corresponding impedance (Z_2) at port 2, and gain V_0/V_{sig} . (15%)

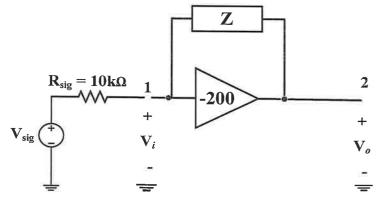


Fig. 1

- 二、(30%) Fig. 2 shows a common-source amplifier, and all the transistors are in saturation regions. W/L = 1.8 μ m/90 nm for all transistors, k_n' = 35 μ A/V², k_p' = 20 μ A/V², I_{REF} = 10 μ A, V'_{An} = 5 V/ μ m, and V'_{Ap} = 8 V/ μ m. (註:各小題答案需四捨五入到小數第一位)
- 1. Find the overdrive voltage of transistor Q₁. (5%)
- 2. Find the g_m of transistor Q₁. (5%)
- 3. Find the r_{01} of transistor Q_1 . (5%)
- 4. Find the r_{02} of transistor Q_2 . (5%)
- 5. Find the output resistance of the amplifier. (5%)
- 6. Find the voltage gain (v_0/v_i) of the amplifier. (5%)

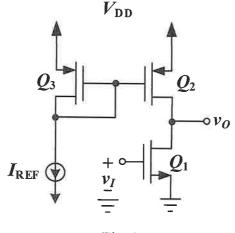


Fig. 2

三、(30%) Follow the above questions and analyze the amplifier in Fig. 2. For Q_1 , C_{gs} =30fF, C_{gd} =10fF, C_L =20fF, and R_{sig} = 10k Ω , Assume the C_L includes all the capacitance introduced by Q_2 at the output node. (註:各小題答案需四捨五入到小數第一位)

- 1. Find the overall input capacitance C_{in} by using Miller theorem. (5%)
- 2. Find the 3-dB frequency f_H of the amplifier by using Miller's theorem. (5%)
- 3. Find the time constant τ_{gs} . (5%)
- 4. Find the time constant τ_{gd} . (5%)
- 5. Find the time constant τ_{C_L} . (5%)
- 6. Find the 3-dB frequency f_H of the amplifier by the using open-circuit time constants method. (5%)

四、(10%) For a junction diode, the relationship of diode current i and diode voltage v is given in equation (1).

$$i = I_S e^{v/V_T} \tag{1}$$

where V_T =25.3 mV, I_s =6.9 x 10⁻¹³ A. For a decade change in current, find the voltage change. (註:答案需四捨五入到小數第一位)