



國立雲林科技大學 112 學年度  
碩士班招生考試試題

系所：電子系  
科目：電子學

本試題共 5 題，每題得分如各題中所示，共計 100 分，請依題號作答並將答案寫在答案卷上，違者不予計分。

1. Assuming that diodes  $D_1$  and  $D_2$  are ideal, find the following  $V_{out}$  of the circuit shown in Fig. P1 for different  $V_{in}$  ranges.

- (a) (4 分) for  $-1 \text{ V} \leq V_{in} \leq 1 \text{ V}$
- (b) (3 分) for  $V_{in} \leq -1 \text{ V}$
- (c) (3 分) for  $V_{in} \geq 1 \text{ V}$

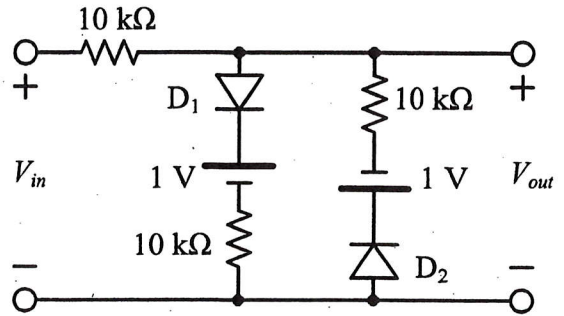


Fig. P1

2. The circuit in Fig. P2(a)(b) utilizes an ideal operational amplifier A. Derive the following corresponding voltage gain  $A_V$  formulas.

- (a) (10 分) for Fig. P2(a).
- (b) (10 分) for Fig. P2(b).

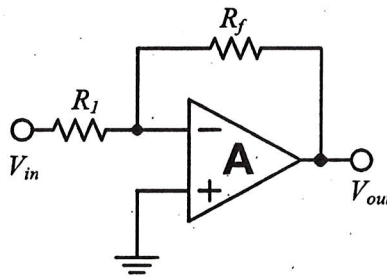


Fig. P2(a)

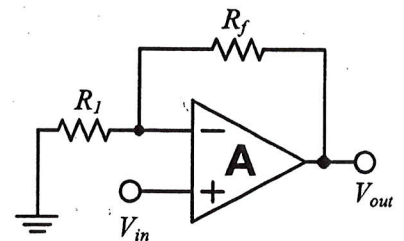


Fig. P2(b)

3. The NMOS transistors in the circuit of Fig. P3 have  $V_t = 1 \text{ V}$ ,  $\mu_n C_{ox} = 100 \mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ ,  $\lambda = 0$ , and channel length  $L_1 = L_2 = L_3 = 1 \mu\text{m}$ .

- (a) (10 分) Find the required values of channel width for each of  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ , and  $M_3$  to obtain the voltage and current values indicated in Fig. P3.
- (b) (10 分) Shows which regions the transistors  $M_1$ ,  $M_2$ , and  $M_3$  work in, respectively.

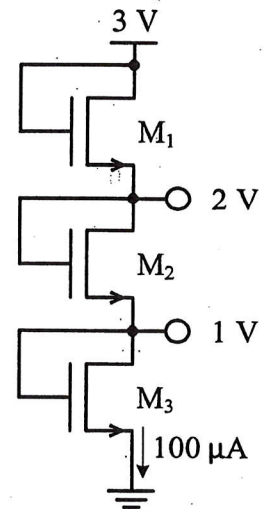


Fig. P3



4. (40 分) The transistors operate in the saturation region. Calculate (a)  $g_{M1}$ , (b)  $R_{op}$ , (c) the low-frequency small-signal voltage gain, and (d) the output resistance of the amplifier. Some related parameters are:  $\mu_n C_{ox} = 100 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A/V}^2$ ,  $(\frac{W}{L})_{M1,M2} = 40$ ,  $\lambda_n = 0.1 \text{ V}^{-1}$ ,  $\mu_p C_{ox} = 50 \times 10^{-6} \text{ A/V}^2$ ,  $(\frac{W}{L})_{M3,M4} = 50$ ,  $\lambda_p = 0.14 \text{ V}^{-1}$ , and  $I_{D1,2,3,4} = 0.6 \text{ mA}$ . Neglect the Body effect of MOS transistors.

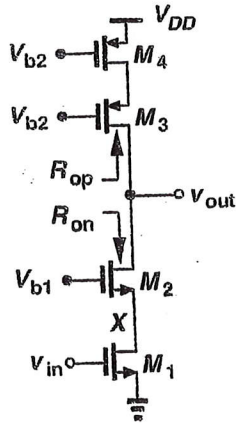


Fig. P4

5. (10 分) These MOS transistors operate in the saturation region. Neglect the Body effect of MOS transistors. Calculate  $R_{out}$ . Some related parameter values are:  $g_{M1,3} = 1.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A/V}$ ,  $g_{M2} = \sqrt{2} \times 10^{-3} \text{ A/V}$ ,  $r_{o1,3} = 20 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $r_{o2} = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ , and the aspect ratio of all transistors is 10.

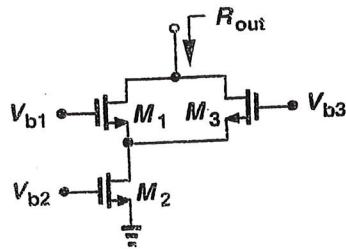


Fig. P5