

※請在答案卷內作答

1. (5%)

The output $y(t)$ of a continuous-time system is related to its input $x(t)$ as $y(t) = e^{-t}x(t-2)$, $t > 0$. Determine whether the system is (a) stable (2%), (b) causal (1%), (c) linear (1%), and (d) time invariant (1%).

2. (15%)

Determine the output of the continuous- (discrete-) time systems described by the following differential (difference) equations with the given input and initial conditions.

(a) (8%) $\frac{d^2}{dt^2} y(t) + 5\frac{d}{dt} y(t) + 6y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} x(t)$, $x(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$, $y(0^-) = 0$, $\frac{d}{dt} y(t)|_{t=0^-} = 1$

(b) (7%) $y[n] + 0.4y[n-1] = 0.6x[n]$, $x[n] = (0.5)^n u[n]$, $y[-1] = 2$

3. (10%)

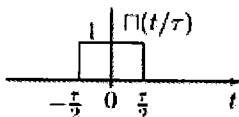
Given the impulse response of an LTI DT system, $h[n] = (0.5)^n u[n] + 2(-0.25)^n u[n]$. Determine

(a) the frequency response (5%) and

(b) the linear, constant-coefficient difference equation (5%) of the system.

4. (18%)

(a) (6%) Find the Fourier transform of rectangular function $\Pi\left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right)$



(b) (6%) Find the time-domain signal corresponding to the following Fourier representation

$$X(j\omega) = \frac{2\sin(\omega - 2)}{\omega - 2} * \frac{e^{-j2\omega} \sin(2\omega)}{\omega}$$

(c) (6%) Use Parseval's theorem to evaluate the following quantities:

$$x_1 = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{4}{\pi t^2} \sin^2(2t) dt$$

5. (12%)

Let $f(t)$ be a periodic signal of period "1" and define the moving-average operator depending on a parameter $h > 0$ by

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{2h} \int_{t-h}^{t+h} f(u) du$$

(a) (6%) show that $y(t)$ is also a periodic function of period "1" i.e.,

$$y(t) = y(t - 1)$$

(b) (6%) Find the Fourier series for $y(t)$ in terms of the Fourier series for $f(t)$

$$f(t) = \sum_k X_k e^{jk(2\pi)t}$$

Hint: $y(t) = f(t) * h(t)$, $h(t)$: the impulse response of $\delta(t)$

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6. (6%)

Find the Laplace transforms of the following functions.

(1) $h(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$

(2) $h(t) = te^{-t}u(t)$

7. (6%)

Find the z transforms of the following functions.

(1) $h[n] = 0.5^n u[n]$

(2) $h[n] = (n + 1)0.5^n u[n]$

8. (6%)

Find the locations of poles and zeros and discuss the causality and stability of the following s-domain transfer function.

$$H(s) = \frac{2s + 3}{s^2 + 3s + 2}$$

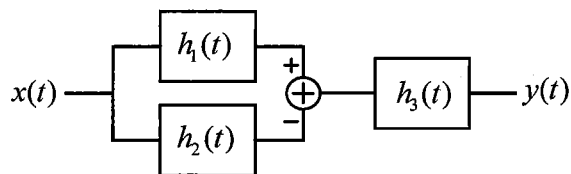
9. (6%)

Find the locations of poles and zeros and discuss the causality and stability of the following z-domain transfer function.

$$H(z) = \frac{2 - 2z^{-1}}{1 - 2z^{-1} + 0.75z^{-2}}$$

10. (8%)

Find the impulse response (i.e., $h(t)$) and the transfer function (i.e., $H(s)$) of the following CT LTI system. The input signal is $x(t)$ and the output signal is $y(t)$.



$h_1(t) = \delta(t)$, $h_2(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$, and $h_3(t) = e^{-t}u(t)$.

注意:背面有試題

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11. (8%)

Find the impulse response (i.e., $h[n]$) and the transfer function (i.e., $H(z)$) of the following CT LTI system. The input signal is $x[n]$ and the output signal is $y[n]$.

