

國立高雄大學 109 學年度研究所碩士班招生考試試題

系所：應用數學系

科目：微積分

身份別：一般生應用數學組、在

是否使用計算機：否

考試時間：100 分鐘

職生應用數學組

本科原始成績：100 分

1. (10 %) Determine whether the statement is True or False.

- (a) If  $f(x) < g(x)$  for all  $x \neq a$ , then  $\lim_{x \rightarrow a} f(x) < \lim_{x \rightarrow a} g(x)$ .
- (b) The graph of every cubic polynomial has precisely one point of inflection.
- (c) It is possible to find a power series whose interval of convergence is  $[0, \infty)$ .
- (d) The polar equations  $r = \sin 2\theta$ ,  $r = -\sin 2\theta$ , and  $r = \sin(-2\theta)$  all have the same graph.
- (e) Two different level curves of the graph of  $z = f(x, y)$  can intersect.

2. (5 %) Find the derivative of  $g(x) = \int_{\tan x}^{x^2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2+t^4}} dt$

3. (5 %) Determine whether  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (2\sqrt[n]{n} + 1)^n$  converges or diverges. Identify the test used.

4. (10 %) Let  $f(x) = \frac{x+6}{x-2}$ ,  $x > 2$ . Verify that  $f$  has an inverse function and find  $(f^{-1})'(3)$ .

5. (10 %) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (e^x + x)^{2/x}$

6. (10 %) Find the unit tangent vector and the principal unit normal vector to the curve  $\mathbf{r}(t) = t\mathbf{i} + \frac{1}{2}t^2\mathbf{j}$  at  $t = 2$ .

7. (10 %) Show that  $f_x(0, 0)$  and  $f_y(0, 0)$  both exist but that  $f$  is not differentiable at  $(0, 0)$ .

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{3x^2y}{x^4 + y^2}, & (x, y) \neq (0, 0) \\ 0, & (x, y) = (0, 0) \end{cases}$$

8. Find or evaluate the integral.

(a) (10 %)  $\int \frac{x}{\sqrt{4x-x^2}} dx$

(b) (10 %)  $\int_0^1 x \ln x dx$

(c) (10 %)  $\int_0^1 \int_{y/2}^{1/2} e^{-x^2} dx dy$

(d) (10 %)  $\int_{-1}^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \cos(x^2 + y^2) dy dx$