國立中山大學 109 學年度 碩士暨碩士專班招生考試試題

科目名稱:工程數學【資工系碩士班乙組】

一作答注意事項-

考試時間:100分鐘

- 考試開始鈴響前不得翻閱試題,並不得書寫、劃記、作答。請先檢查答案卷(卡)之應考證號碼、桌角號碼、應試科目是否正確,如有不同立即請監試人員處理。
- 答案卷限用藍、黑色筆(含鉛筆)書寫、繪圖或標示,可攜帶橡皮擦、無色透明無文字墊板、尺規、修正液(帶)、手錶(未附計算器者)。每人每節限使用一份答案卷,不得另攜帶紙張,請衡酌作答。
- 答案卡請以2B鉛筆劃記,不可使用修正液(帶)塗改,未使用2B鉛筆、劃記太輕或污損致光學閱讀機無法辨識答案者,其後果由考生自行負擔。
- 答案卷(卡)應保持清潔完整,不得折疊、破壞或塗改應考證號碼及條碼,亦不得書寫考生姓名、應考證號碼或與答案無關之任何文字或符號。
- 可否使用計算機請依試題資訊內標註為準,如「可以」使用,廠牌、功能不拘,唯不得攜帶具有通訊、記憶或收發等功能或其他有礙試場安寧、考試公平之各類器材、物品(如鬧鈴、行動電話、電子字典等)入場。
- 試題及答案卷(卡)請務必繳回,未繳回者該科成績以零分計算。
- 試題採雙面列印,考生應注意試題頁數確實作答。
- 違規者依本校招生考試試場規則及違規處理辦法處理。

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※本科目依簡章規定「不可以」使用計算機(選擇題)

題號:434002

共2頁第1頁

*All the following questions are True/False questions. Please select "A" for "True" and "B" for "False."

- I. (10%) Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) is a widely used transformation method in signal processing. According to DFT matrix, please determine the correctness of the following descriptions.
- 1. (2%) All circulant matrices are made diagonal by the Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), regardless of the generating vector x.
- 2. (2%) DFT matrix is not a kind of symmetric matrix.
- 3. (2%) DFT matrix is an unitary matrix.
- 4. (2%) The DFT is a linear transform.
- 5. (2%) The orthogonality is not the property of the DFT matrix.
- II. (10%) The four eigenvalue of a 4×4 matrix A are 1, 1, 2, and 3. Please determine the correctness of the following descriptions.
- 6. (2%) The determinant of A is 6.
- 7. (2%) The trace of A is 7.
- 8. (2%) The rank(A-I)=3, where I is the 4x4 identity matrix.
- 9. (2%) The determinant of the adjoint matrix A^+ is 6.
- 10. (2%) The matrix A is a simple matrix.
- III. (10%) If matrix A and matrix B are row equivalent. Please determine the correctness of the following descriptions.
- 11. (2%) The row space of A is equal to the row space of B.
- 12. (2%) The column space of A is equal to the column space of B.
- 13. (2%) The null space of A is equal to the null space of B.
- 14. (2%) The rank(A) is equal to the rank(B).
- 15. (2%) The determinant of A is equal to the determinant of B.
- IV. (20%) Please read the following True/False questions and determine the correctness of each description.
- 16. (2%) If A and B are invertible 2×2 matrices, then (AB)⁻¹=A⁻¹B⁻¹.
- 17. (2%) If A is a 3×3 matrix such that the system Ax = 0 has only the trivial solution, then the equation Ax = b is consistent for every b in \mathbb{R}^3 .
- 18. (2%) If P and D are $n \times n$ matrices, then $\det(PDP^{-1}) = \det(D)$.

19. (2%) If
$$T\begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
, then $Null(T) = span \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \right\}$.

- 20. (2%) If A and B are any 2×2 matrices, then AB = BA.
- 21. (2%) The matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ is not invertible.
- 22. (2%) The matrix of the linear transformation T which reflects points about the x-axis and then about the y-axis is the same as the matrix of the linear transformation S which rotates points about the origin by 180 degrees counterclockwise.
- 23. (2%) If V is a set that contains the 0-vector, and such that whenever u and v are in V, then u + v is in V, then V is a vector space.
- 24. (2%) If A and B are square matrices, then $(A + B)^{-1} = A^{-1} + B^{-1}$.
- 25. (2%) If A and B are square matrices, then det(A + B) = det(A) + det(B).

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共2頁第2頁

(50%) Let $f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ be the 20-periodic function such that

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} -1, & \text{if } -10 < t \le -3 \\ t^{50}, & \text{if } 3 < t \le 10 \end{cases}$$

and let

$$f(t) \approx \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{\pi nt}{10} + b_n \sin \frac{\pi nt}{10} \right)$$

be the general Fourier Series of f. Please determine the correctness of the following descriptions.

26. (10%) For every $t \in (-20,55)$, the following series can be converged.

$$\frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{\pi nt}{10} + b_n \sin \frac{\pi nt}{10} \right)$$

27. (10%) For every integer $n \ge 1$, we have

$$b_n = \frac{1}{10} \int_{77}^{97} f(t) \sin \frac{\pi nt}{10} dt$$

28. (10%) For every integer $n \ge 1$, we have

$$b_n = \frac{2}{10} \int_0^{10} f(t) \sin \frac{\pi nt}{10} dt$$

29. (10%) For every $t \in (-2,3)$, we have

$$0 = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{\pi n}{10} \left(-a_n \sin \frac{\pi nt}{10} + b_n \cos \frac{\pi nt}{10} \right)$$

30. (10%) We have

$$-1 = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(a_n \cos \frac{42\pi n}{10} + b_n \cos \frac{42\pi n}{10} \right)$$