

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. Solve  $4y'' + 4(e^x - 1)y' + e^{2x}y = 0$  (15%)

2. Prove the integral as following

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-ax^2} dx = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}}, a > 0 \quad (15\%)$$

3. (a) Find the eigenvalues ( $\lambda_1 \geq \lambda_2 \geq \lambda_3$ ) of the matrix  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$  (10%)

(b) Obtain an orthogonal matrix  $P$  which gives  $P^T A P = \text{diag}(\lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3)$  (10%)

4. Find the eigenvalues and eigenfunctions of the following problem. (20%)

$$y'' + \lambda y = 0; y'(0) = y'(L) = 0$$

5. Determine the inverse Laplace transform of the function  $F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2 + 16} e^{-2s}$ . (15%)

6. Let vector field  $\mathbf{F} = 2yzi - 4xzj + xyk$ . Evaluate the value of the surface integral  $\iint_{\Sigma} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} d\sigma$ , where

$\Sigma$  is the sphere of radius 5 about  $(-1, 3, 1)$ . (15%)