connecting the point (0,0,0), (a,0,0), (a,b,0), (0,b,0), and (0,0,0), in

1. (15%) Find the induced emf around the rectangular closed path C

$$\vec{B} = \sin(\frac{\pi x}{2a})\cos\omega t\vec{a}$$
 Wb/m²

that order, for the magnetic field given by

2. (15%) A current density due to flow of charges is given by

$$\vec{J} = -(x\vec{a}_x + y\vec{a}_y + z^2\vec{a}_z) A/m^2$$

Find the displacement current emanating from the surface of the cylindrical box bounded by the surfaces r = 1, z = 0, and z = 2.

- 3. (15%) Charge is distributed with density $\rho = \rho_0(r/a) \text{ C/m}^3$ in the cylindrical region r < a. Find \bar{D} everywhere.
- 4. (15%) Let us consider the current distribution given by $\vec{J} = J_0 \vec{a}_x$ for -a < z < a, where J_0 is a constant. Find the magnetic field everywhere.
- 5. (20%) The magnetic field of a uniform plane wave propagating in free space is given by

$$\vec{H} = \cos(3 \times 10^7 t + 0.1 y) \vec{a}_x \quad A/m$$

- (a) Find the associated electric field \vec{E} .
- (b) Find the instantaneous Poynting vector.
- (c) Find the direction of propagation of the wave.
- (d) Find the instantaneous power flow across a surface of area 2m² in the y=0 plane at t=0.

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6. (20%) The rectangular cavity resonator is a box consisting of the region 0 < x < a, 0 < y < b, and 0 < z < d, and bounded by perfectly conducting walls on all of its six sides. The time-varying electric and magnetic fields inside the resonator are given by

$$\vec{E} = E_0 \sin(\frac{\pi x}{a}) \sin(\frac{\pi z}{d}) \cos \omega t \vec{a}_y \quad V/m$$

$$\vec{H} = H_{01} \sin(\frac{\pi x}{a}) \cos(\frac{\pi z}{d}) \cos \omega t \vec{a}_x - H_{02} \cos(\frac{\pi x}{a}) \sin(\frac{\pi z}{d}) \cos \omega t \vec{a}_z \quad A/m$$

where $E_0,\,H_{01},$ and H_{02} are constants. The medium inside the box is a perfect dielectric of $\,\varepsilon=4\varepsilon_0\,$.

- (a) Find the charge density and current density on the wall of x = 0
- (b) Find the charge density and current density on the wall of y = 0

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