考試科目 Calculus 所列 Public Finance 考試時間 千月20日展午第2節

- 1. Consider the demand function F(p,q) = p + pq + q = 0. Find $\frac{dq}{dp}$. (5 points)
- 2. Consider the linear demand curve Q = a bP. Show that the elasticity of demand is equal to -1 at the midpoint of the demand curve. (5 points)
- 3. $y = \frac{e^{ax} e^{-ax}}{e^{ax} + e^{-ax}}$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$. (10 points)
- 4. Given the production function Q = f(L,K), the elasticity of substitution of K for L is defined as: $E = \frac{dr}{dp} \frac{p}{r}$, where $r = \frac{K}{L}$, and $p = \frac{\partial Q/\partial L}{\partial Q/\partial K}$. Further assume you are given the following production function: $Q = 20(\frac{1}{4}L^{-1/4} + \frac{3}{4}K^{-1/4})^4$, show that $E = \frac{4}{5}$. (10 points)
- 5. Find the extremal, if any, of the functional $V[y] = \int_1^5 [3t + (y')^{1/2}] dt$ with boundary conditions y(1) = 3 and y(5) = 7. (10 points)
- 6. Assume that A and r are positive constants in the function $V = Ae^{rt}$, so that in general form we can write V = f(t). What can be said about the curvature of this function? (10 points)

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- 7. Suppose the supply function for a particular good is given (in NT dollars) by $S(q) = q^2 + 10q$, and the demand function is given by $D(q) = 900 20q q^2$. Find the consumer's surplus and the producer's surplus. (10 points)
- 8. Evaluate $\int_1^2 \int_4^9 \frac{3+5y}{\sqrt{x}} dx dy$. (10 points)
- 9. Find the solution of the first-order differential equation $y' = \frac{xy}{x^2 + 1}$ that satisfies the condition y(0) = 1. (15 points)
- 10. A certain country's income distribution is described by the function $f(x) = \frac{15}{16}x^2 + \frac{1}{16}x$. (a) Sketch the Lorenz curve for this function. (5 points) (b) Compute the coefficient of inequality for the Lorenz curve. (10 points)

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