國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別:工業管理系碩士班乙組

科 目:生產管理

(總分為 100 分)

1. (15%) Determine the minimum number of workstations needed for this situation:

Operating time: 459 min/day
Desired output: 80 units/day
Sum of task time is 56 minutes

2. (20%) A firm is considering three capacity alternatives

alternative	annual fixed cost	variable cost per unit
Α	100000	22
В	120000	20
С	80000	30

Revenue is expected to be \$50/unit

- A. (6%) Which alternative has the lowest break-even quantity?
- B. (7%) Which alternative will produce the highest profit for an annual output of 10000 units?
- C. (7%) Which alternative would require the lowest volume of output to generate an annual profit of 50000?
- 3. (15%) Giving the data below, develop a forecast for the following period using a three-period weighted moving average and weight of 0.5, 0.3 and 0.2.

period	demand
1	19
2	20
3	18
4	19
5	17



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- 4. (30%) Suppose that a pharmacy applies Kanban system for their services.
 - (1) Define the types of Kanban required in a pharmacy and depict all the Kanban flows in the pharmacy layout. (10%)
 - (2) Design an end-to-end, value-added process for the pharmacy by using service blue printing. (10%)
 - (3) Depict a value stream map for the same process. (10%)
- 5. (20%) 某公司銷售三種高精度 3D 偵攝機(型號分別為 A、B、C),需使用 D、E、F和 G 元件來組裝,其中 D 元件自行生產,E、F和 G 元件則向歐洲供應商購買。A 型偵攝機係由 D、E 各一件所組裝,B 型偵攝機係由兩件 D 與一件 F 所組裝,C 型偵攝機係由 4 件 D 與一件 G 所組裝。A、B 型偵攝機的組裝前置時間為 1 週,C 型偵攝機的組裝前置時間為 2 週。E、F和 G 元件現有庫存量充分,另還有 10 套 B 型號、10 套 C 型號和 25 件 D 元件的庫存。D 元件採以 100 單位的倍數逐批訂購。在第 1 週預定接收 100 件 D 元件。主生產計畫要求在第 4 週產出 40 套 A,第 5 週產出 60 套 B,在第 6 週產出 30 套 C,請求出 A、B、C、D 的物料需求計劃,需詳列計算過程。

