

國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：機械工程系碩士班丁組

科目：系統控制

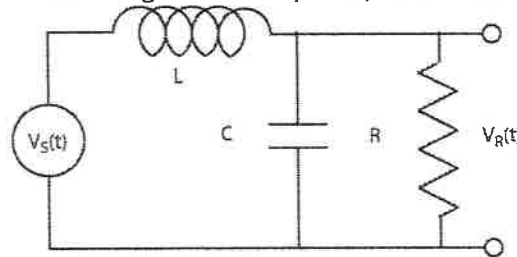
(總分為 100 分)

Problem 1. (10%) For the following characteristic equation of a closed-loop system:

$$s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + K(s + \alpha) = 0$$

please use root locus to find the range of α so that the closed-loop system is stable for all the gain $K > 0$. No credits will be given without proper explanation.

Problem 2. (16%) Given the following electrical system, answer the following:



2.1 What is the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{V_R(s)}{V_S(s)}$, given C (faraday), L (henry), and R (ohm)? (4%)

- (a) $\frac{Cs}{RLs^2 + Ls + R}$ (b) $\frac{R}{RLCs^2 + Ls + R}$ (c) $\frac{Ls}{RLCs^2 + Ls + R}$ (d) $\frac{s}{RCs^2 + Ls + R}$

2.2 If $C = 1$ faraday, $L = 1$ henry, and $R = 1$ ohm, what is the system's natural frequency ω_n ? (4%)

- (a) 0.1 rad/sec (b) 1 rad/sec (c) 0.1 Hz (d) 1 Hz (e) none of the above

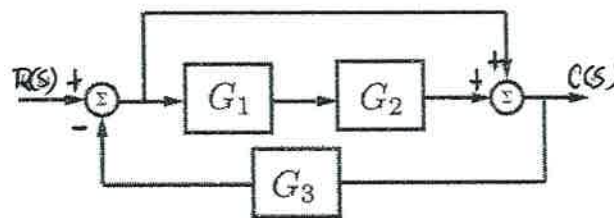
2.3 If given a unit step input for source $V_S(s)$, and $C = 1$ faraday, $L = 1$ henry, and $R = 1$ ohm, what is true for the system's transient response? (4%)

- (a) peak time $T_p \cong 3.63$ sec (b) settling time $T_s \cong 14$ sec (c) over shoot percentage is about 25% (d) all of the above

2.4 For this open loop transfer function, what is its system type? (4%)

- (a) Type 0 (b) Type 1 (c) Type 2 (d) Type D

Problem 3. (16%) Given the following block diagram, answer the following SINGLE choice problem set:

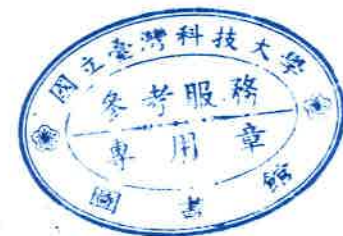


3.1 What is the equivalent transfer function $G(s)$? (4%)

- (a) $\frac{G_1 G_2}{1 + G_1 G_2 G_3}$ (b) $\frac{1 + G_1 G_2}{1 + G_1 G_2 G_3}$ (c) $\frac{1 + G_1 G_2}{1 + G_1 G_2 + G_3}$ (d) $\frac{1 + G_1 G_2}{1 + G_3 + G_1 G_2 G_3}$

3.2 If $G_1(s) = \frac{1}{s}$ and $G_2(s) = \frac{1}{(s-a)}$ and $G_3(s) = \frac{1}{(s-b)}$ That is the system type of $G(s)$? (4%)

- (a) Type 0 (b) Type 1 (c) Type 2 (d) Type D



國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：機械工程系碩士班丁組

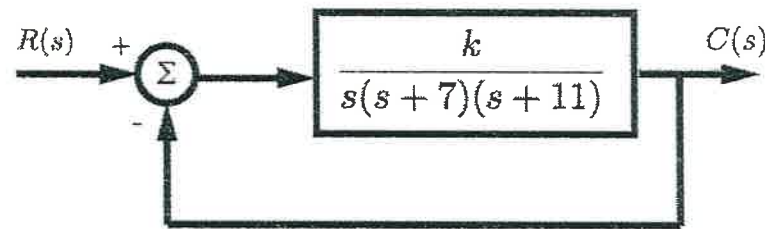
科目：系統控制

(總分為 100 分)

3.3 If $G_1(s) = \frac{1}{s+1}$ and $G_2(s) = \frac{1}{s+2}$ and $G_3(s) = \frac{1}{s-3}$ How many poles are located at the Right Half Plane of S-plane, for the equivalent system $G(s)$? (4%)
 (a) 0 pole (b) 1 pole (c) 2 poles (d) none of the above

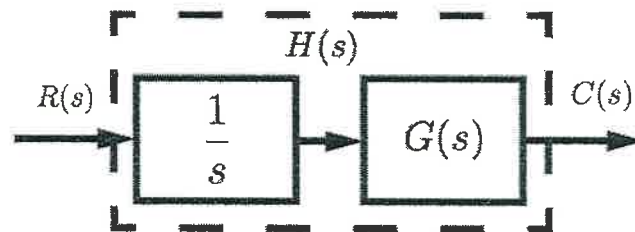
3.4 From the above analysis, is the system stable? (4%)
 (a) Yes (b) No (c) Maybe (d) I don't know

Problem 4.(18%) Given the following unit feedback system, answer the following SINGLE choice problems:



4.1 What is the range of k that stabilizes the feedback system $G(s)$? (4%)
 (a) $k < 0$ (b) $0 < k < 77$ (c) $0 < k < 1386$ (d) none of the above

4.2 If the feedback system is modified with an integrator, and cascaded to call system $H(s)$, like the following diagram. What is the steady state error for this system if given a ramp function as the reference signal $R(s)$? (4%)



(a) -1 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) none of the above

4.3 Now given $k = 1000$, and we remove the integrator to its original $G(s)$, what can we say about the system $G(s)$? (6%)

(a) The gain margin is about -8db (b) gain margin is located at 100 rad/s
 (c) there is no phase margin (d) all of the above

4.4 If $k = 1$, and we remove the integrator to its original $G(s)$, what is likely the proper Bode diagram for this system, shown in the next page? (4%)

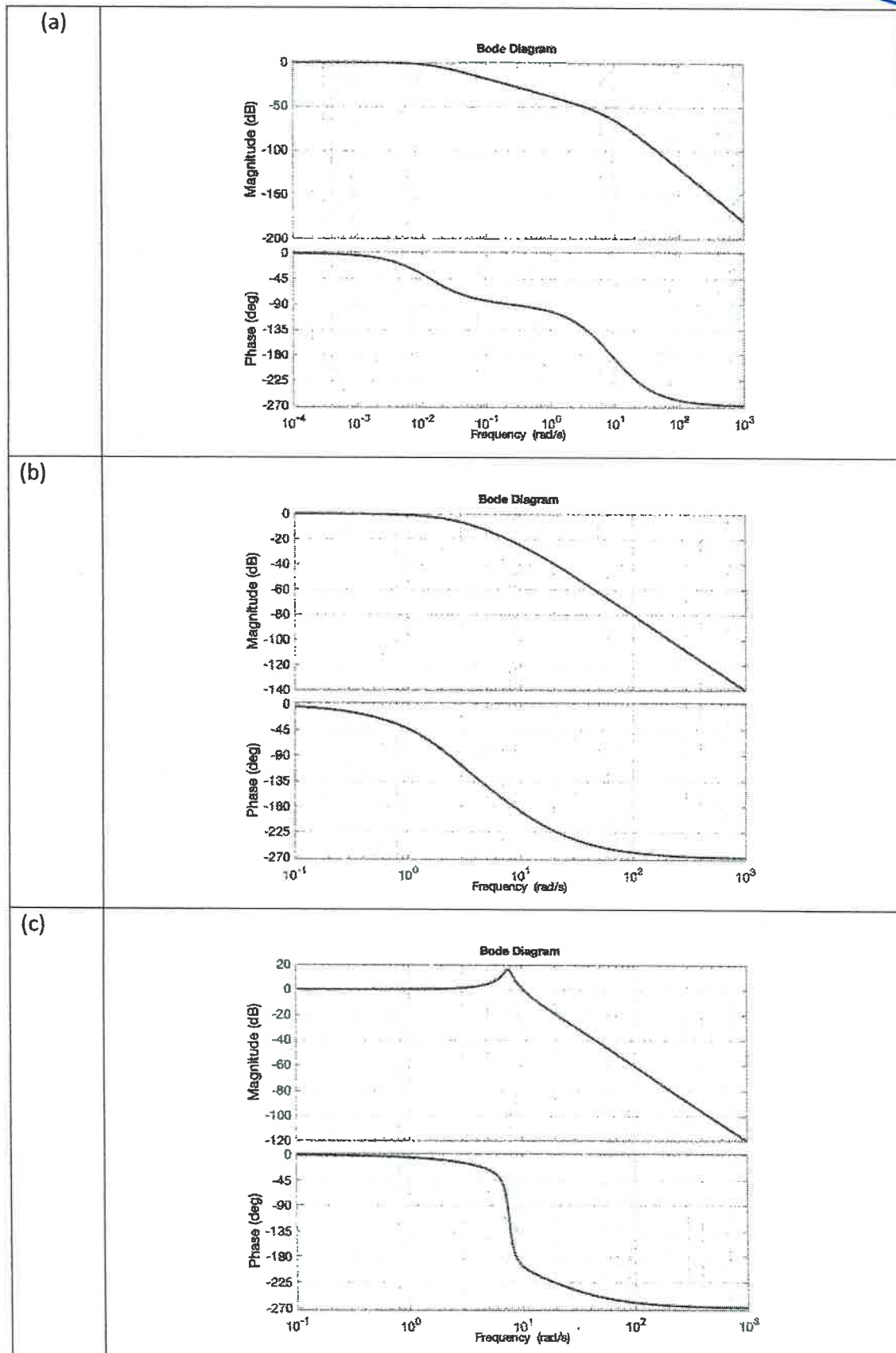
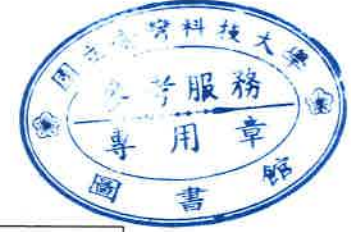


國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：機械工程系碩士班丁組

科目：系統控制

(總分為 100 分)



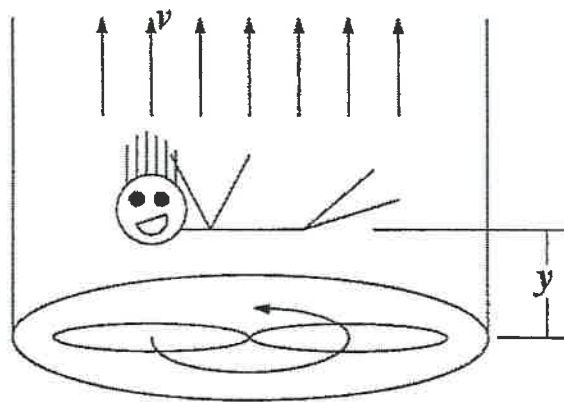
國立臺灣科技大學 108 學年度碩士班招生試題

系所組別：機械工程系碩士班丁組

科目：系統控制

(總分為 100 分)

Problem 5.(40%) In a sky-diving free-fall simulator, a large fan below the floor blows air upwards to suspend a sky-diver in the air flow. The simulator controls the height (y) of the sky-diver above the floor by varying the upward velocity (v) of the air flow. In this problem, you will come up with a linearized model of this system and design a controller.

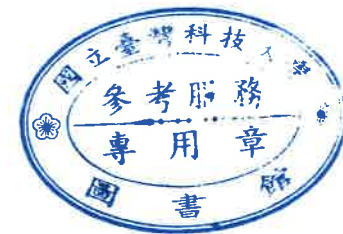
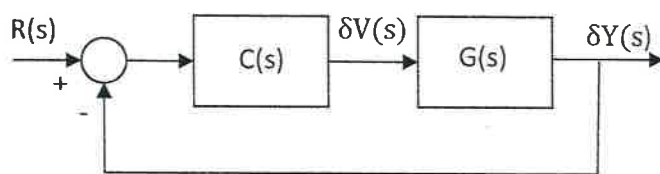


- (a) Suppose the mass of the sky-diver is m and the acceleration of gravity is g . The upward drag force on the sky-diver is $C(v - \dot{y})^2$ where C is the coefficient of drag. Please draw a free body diagram (FBD) and derive the equation of motion for the vertical motion of the sky-diver (10%).
- (b) Find the equilibrium (the sky-diver stays at a constant height) and linearize the nonlinear model in (a). The transfer function from air-speed deviation to the height change of the sky-diver is in the form of

$$G(s) = \frac{\delta Y(s)}{\delta V(s)} = \frac{a}{s(s+a)}$$

Find the parameter a as a function of g , C and m (10%).

If we assume $a = 4$ and a unity feedback configuration is used, answer the following questions.



- (c) Please design a proportional feedback controller $C(s)$ such that the closed-loop system achieves (i) stability, (ii) zero steady state error to a step input, (iii) less than 5% overshoot, and (iv) a $\pm 5\%$ settling time of no more than 1 second (10%).
- (d) Please check whether a PI or a PD controller can satisfy all the closed-loop requirements specified in (c) (10%).

Note: $\pm 5\%$ settling time $t_s = \frac{3}{\zeta \omega_n}$
 peak time $t_p = \frac{\pi}{\omega_n \sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}$
 over shoot% $os = e^{-\frac{\zeta \pi}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}}$

