

※ 考生請注意：本試題不可使用計算機。請於答案卷(卡)作答，於本試題紙上作答者，不予計分。

1. (25%) Evaluate the following limits:

$$(a) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2+t}}-\sqrt{3}}{t-2}.$$

$$(b) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+1} - \sqrt{x^2-x}).$$

$$(c) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1 - \frac{2}{x})^x.$$

$$(d) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x^3} \int_0^x \frac{t^2}{t^4+1} dt.$$

$$(e) \text{ Does } \lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} \frac{(x+y)^3}{x^3+y^3} \text{ exist? why?}$$

2. (20%) Find the following integrals:

$$(a) \int_{-3}^3 (|x| - 1) dx.$$

$$(b) \int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{x^2} dx.$$

$$(c) \int \frac{1}{1+e^x} dx.$$

$$(d) \int x \ln x dx.$$

3. (10%) Using $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)^2} dx = 1$, find $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu)^2} dx$.

4. (18%) Find the following derivatives:

(a) Assume that the equation $xz + y \ln x - x^2 + 4 = 0$ defines x as a differentiable function of two independent variables y and z . Find $\frac{\partial x}{\partial z}$.

(b) Assume that $\int_{y^2}^0 t^2 dt + \int_0^x \cos t dt = 0$ and y is a differentiable function of x . Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

(c) $y = (\sin x)^{4x^2}$, $\sin x > 0$. Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$.

5. Let $f(x, y) = e^{x^2+2y^2}$, $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$.

(i) (6%) Find the critical points of f .

(ii) (6%) Use the Second Derivative test to classify the nature of the critical points.

(iii) (5%) Find the relative extremum of f if it exists.

6. (10%) Evaluate the iterated integral $\int_0^2 \int_{2y}^4 e^{x^2} dx dy$.