編號: 188、199、204)

國立成功大學 107 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系 所:電機工程學系、電腦與通信工程研究所、電和資訊、學院一個種、奈米聯邦

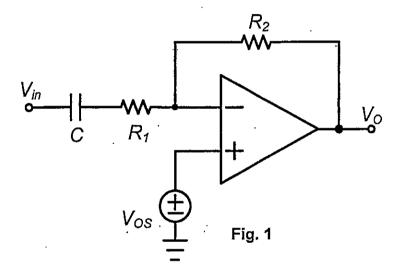
考試科目:電子學 考試日期:0205,節次:1

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※ 考生請注意:本試題可使用計算機。 請於答案卷(卡)作答,於本試題紙上作答者,不予計分。

- 1. Consider an inverting amplifier with a nominal gain of 1000 constructed from an op amp with an input offset voltage of 4 mV and with output saturation levels of ± 12 V which is shown in Fig. 1.
 - (a) What is the dc offset voltage at the output? (4%)
 - (b) What (approximately) is the peak sine-wave signal that can be applied at the input without output clipping ? (4%)
 - (c) If $R_1 = 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ and $R_2 = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$, find the value of the coupling capacitor C that will ensure that the gain will be greater than 57 dB down to 100 Hz ? (4%)



- 2. For the bridge-rectifier circuit of Fig. 2, use the constant-voltage-drop diode model with V_D =0.7 V. Consider V_S =12-V (rms) sinusoid and R=100 Ω .
 - (a) Find the average (or dc component) of the output voltage? (4%)
 - (b) Find the peak diode current ? (4%)
 - (c) Find the peak inverse voltage (PIV) of diode D₃ ?(4%)

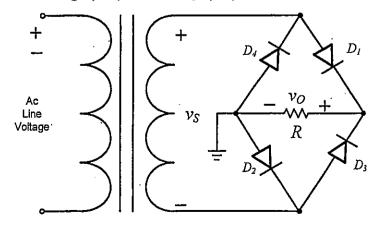


Fig. 2

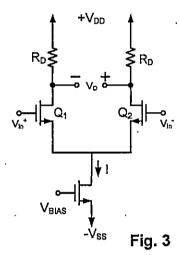
編號: 188、199、204 國立成功大學 107 學年度碩士班招生考試試題

系 所:電機工程學系、電腦與動作工程研究的、電機資訊學院一微電、茶米斯的

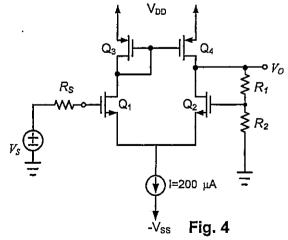
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- 3. A MOSFET differential amplifier shown in Fig. 3 is biased with a current source I=400 μ A. The transistors have W/L=16, k_n =400 μ A/V², V_A =20 V. C_{gs} =40 fF, C_{gd} =5 fF, and C_{db} =5 fF. The drain resistors are 10 $k\Omega$ each. Also, there is a 100-fF capacitive load between each drain and ground.
 - (a) Find the transconductance, gm (4%)
 - (b) Find the differential gain, A_d (4%)
 - (c) If the input signal source has a small resistance R_{sig} and thus the frequency response is determined primarily by the output pole, estimate the 3-dB frequency f_H . (4%)
 - (d) If, in a different situation, the amplifier is fed symmetrically with a signal source of 40 k Ω resistance (i.e., 20 k Ω in series with each gate terminal), use the open-circuit time-constants method to estimate f_H (4%)



- 4. The current-mirror-loaded differential amplifier in Fig. 4 has a feedback network consisting of the voltage divider (R_1 and R_2), with $R_1+R_2=1$ M Ω and the bias current of I=200 μ A. The devices are sized to operate at $|V_{OV}|=|V_{GS}-V_{TH}|=0.2$ V. For all devices, $|V_A|=10$ V. The input signal source has a zero dc component.
 - (a) Find the open-loop gain of A (3%) according to the loop gain $A\beta$
 - (b) Find the feedback factor β (3%), the values of R₁ and R₂ that result in a closed-loop gain of exactly 5 V/V (4%)



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系 所:電機工程學系、電腦板面信工程不同的「、色和瓷」以答的一份色、茶米粉包

考試科目:電子學 考試日期:0205,節次:1

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- 5. For the circuit shown in Fig. 5, assuming the operational amplifier is ideal with +12V and -12V output saturation levels.
 - (a) What are the name and function of this circuit? (4%)
 - (b) Sketch and label the Vo-Vitransfer characteristic of this circuit. (3%)
 - (c) For a 200mV-amplitude sine-wave input with zero average, draw and label the waveform of V_0 ? (3%)

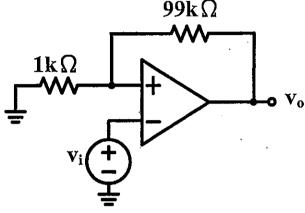


Fig. 5

- 6. For the circuit schematic of a 2-stage CMOS operational amplifier shown in Fig. 6, assuming V_{DD} =1.5V, $-V_{SS}$ =-1.5V, V_{tn} = $|V_{tp}|$ =0.5V, and all transistors are operated with overdrive voltage of 0.2V magnitude.
 - (a) Find its input common-mode range. (3%)
 - (b) Find its allowed range for Vo. (3%)
 - (c) What is the function of capacitor C_C? (4%)

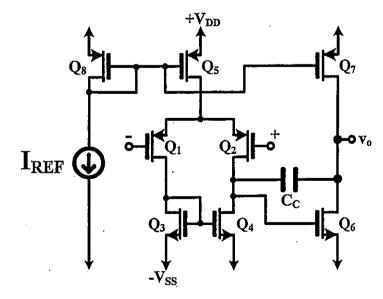


Fig. 6

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系 所:電機工程學系、電腦和電腦工程。研究所、電机資訊等限一份後、茶米斯招

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7. An amplifier has the following voltage transfer function:

$$A(s) = \frac{10000}{(1 + \frac{s}{10^2})(1 + \frac{s}{10^6})}$$

- (a) Draw the asymptotic Bode plots of A (magnitude and phase). (6%)
- (b) If this amplifier is connected with unity negative feedback (i.e., β =1), find the resulted phase margin. (4%)
- 8. For the circuit shown in Fig. 7, assuming the diodes (D_1 and D_2) have the same junction area as the transistors (Q_N and Q_P), V_{CC} =12V, I_{BIAS} =1 mA, R_L =100 Ω , β_N =50, and $|V_{CEsat}|$ =0.2V.
 - (a) What are the name and function of this circuit? (4%)
 - (b) What is the quiescent current (i.e, at V₀ =0V) of Q_N and Q_P? (4%)
 - (c) What are the largest possible positive and negative output signal levels? (4%)
 - (d) To achieve a positive peak output level equals to the negative peak level, what value of IBIAS is required? (4%)
 - (e) For the IBIAS value found in (d), what does the quiescent current become? (4%)

