

國立臺北科技大學 100 學年度碩士班招生考試

系所組別：4300 資訊與運籌管理研究所

第一節 計算機概論 試題

第一頁 共二頁

注意事項：

1. 本試題共八題，配分共 100 分。
2. 請標明大題、子題編號作答，不必抄題。
3. 全部答案均須在答案卷之答案欄內作答，否則不予計分。

一、What does the following program print? (10%)

```
class Counter
{
    private static int count1;
    private int count2;
    public Counter()
    {
        count1++; count2++;
    }
    public void display()
    {
        System.out.println("count1 = " + count1);
        System.out.println("count2 = " + count2);
    }
}
public class Ex1
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int i = 1;
        Counter r = new Counter();
        while (i++ <= 100)
            r = new Counter();
        r.display();
    }
}
```

二、What does the following program print? (10%)

```
class A
{
    private int x;
    public A()
    { x = 1; }
    public void xDisplay()
    { System.out.println("x = " + x); }
}
class B extends A
{
    private int y;
    public B()
    { y = 2; }
    public B(int yy)
    { super(); y = yy; }
    public void xyDisplay()
    { xDisplay();
      System.out.println("y = " + y);
    }
}
class C extends B
{
    private int z = 4;
    public void xyzDisplay()
    { xyDisplay();
      System.out.println("z = " + z);
    }
}
class Ex2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        B b = new B(3);
        b.xyDisplay();
        C c = new C();
        c.xyzDisplay();
    }
}
```

注意：背面尚有試題

三、Write an algorithm that reads the number of terms to sum and then sums that number of terms in the series

$$4 - 4/3 + 4/5 - 4/7 + 4/9 - 4/11 + \dots$$

For example, if the user enters 100, then your algorithm should sum the first 100 terms of the series. (10%)

四、Consider the multiplication of the following four matrices:

$$\begin{array}{cccc} A & \times & B & \times & C & \times & D \\ 20 \times 2 & & 2 \times 30 & & 30 \times 12 & & 12 \times 8 \end{array}$$

In this case, we have the following number of elementary multiplications for each order.

$$A(B(CD)) \quad 30 \times 12 \times 8 + 2 \times 30 \times 8 + 20 \times 2 \times 8 = 3680$$

$$(AB)(CD) \quad 20 \times 2 \times 30 + 30 \times 12 \times 8 + 20 \times 30 \times 8 = 8880$$

$$A((BC)D) \quad 2 \times 30 \times 12 + 2 \times 12 \times 8 + 20 \times 2 \times 8 = 1232$$

$$((AB)C)D \quad 20 \times 2 \times 30 + 20 \times 30 \times 12 + 20 \times 12 \times 8 = 10320$$

$$(A(BC))D \quad 2 \times 30 \times 12 + 20 \times 2 \times 12 + 20 \times 12 \times 8 = 3120$$

The third order is the optimal order for multiplying the four matrices. Write an algorithm that determines the optimal order for multiplying n matrices. (20%)

五、Describe how Flash works. (10%)

六、Let T be an empty AVL tree. Twelve months are inserted into the AVL tree T in the order, March, May, November, August, April, January, December, July, February, June, October, and September. Draw the AVL tree T . (10%)

七、Declare a data structure to implement a "priority queue." Design an algorithm which performs an insertion into the priority queue. (10%)

八、Explain the four terms: virtual machine, infrastructure as a service (IaaS), platform as a service (PaaS), and software as a service (SaaS). Please give examples to explain each term. (20%)